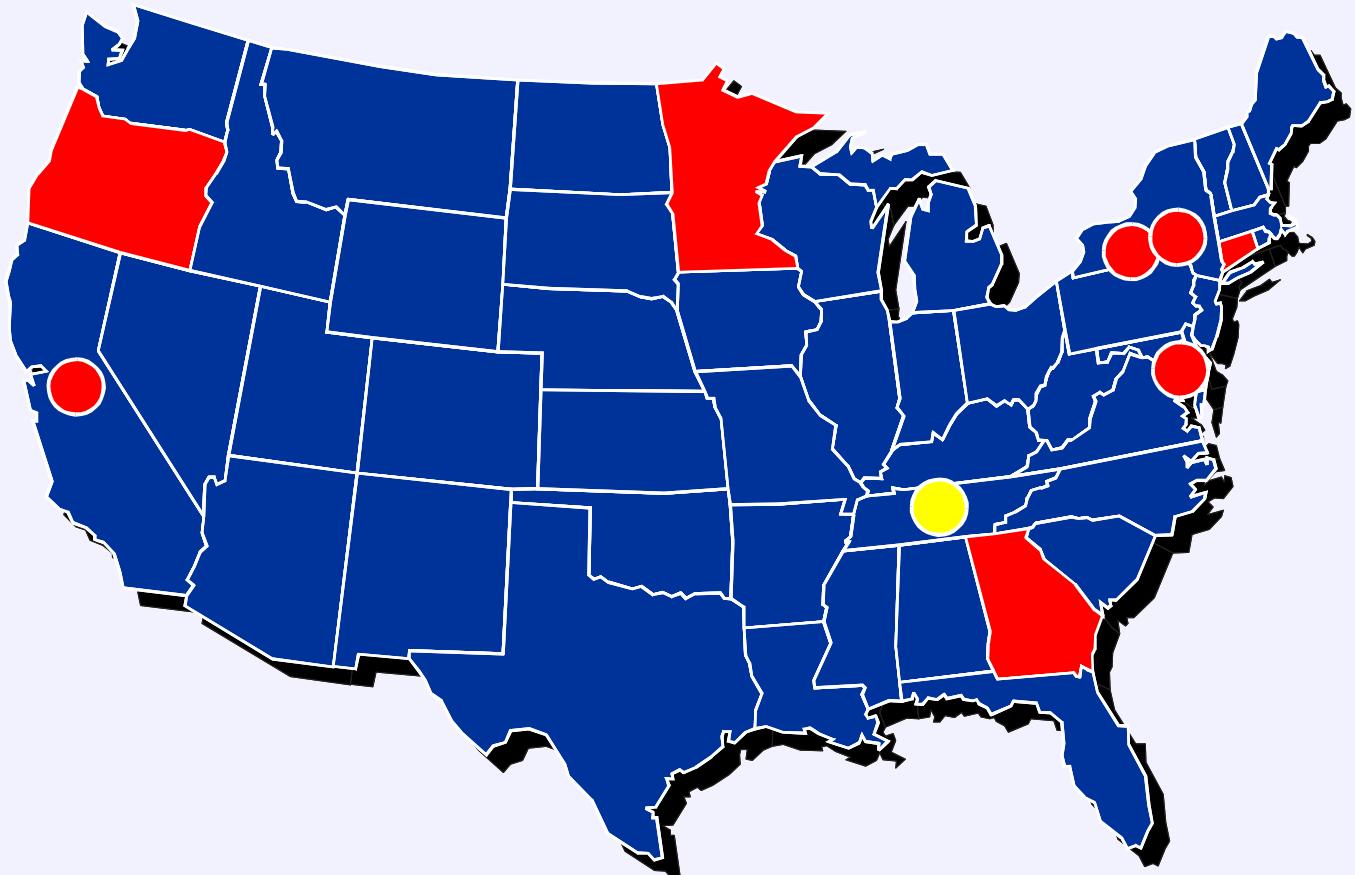


FoodNet Surveillance Report for 1999 (Final Report)



FoodNet

Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network
CDC's Emerging Infections Program

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
Division of Bacterial and Mycotic Diseases
Foodborne and Diarrheal Diseases Branch
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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
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Prologue

The FoodNet Surveillance Report for 1999 (Final Report) summarizes the data collected through FoodNet's active surveillance sites during 1999. It represents the continued efforts of numerous individuals, and the collaboration of multiple federal, state, and local public health agencies. The FoodNet Surveillance Report for 1999 (Final Report) consists of two parts: Part I, Narrative Report, and Part II, Summary Tables and Graphs. The FoodNet Surveillance Report for 1999 (Final Report) includes two main revisions to the FoodNet 1999 Preliminary Report, which was published in March 2000. First, the Final Report uses the 1999 postcensus population estimates, which became available in August 2000, as the denominator. Second, the Final Report includes a small number of additional cases reported since the publication of the preliminary report. Therefore, Tables 1A and 1B found in Part II, Summary Tables and Graphs of the Final Report are updated, with recalculated incidence rates. Furthermore, revised surveillance data for hemolytic uremic syndrome for 1997 and 1998 are provided in the Final Report.

Further information concerning FoodNet, including previous surveillance reports, MMWR articles, and other FoodNet publications, can be obtained by contacting the Foodborne and Diarrheal Diseases Branch at telephone number 404.371.5465 or via the Internet at <http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dbmd/foodnet>.

Part I

Narrative Report

Executive summary

Foodborne infections are an important public health challenge. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) is actively involved in preventing foodborne disease. CDC's principal role in the interagency national Food Safety Initiative has been to enhance surveillance for and investigation of infections that are often foodborne. These efforts will provide crucial data to identify control points, focus future prevention strategies and decision making within food safety regulatory agencies, measure changes in the burden of disease, and track trends in specific infections over time as prevention measures are implemented.

The Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) is the principal foodborne-disease component of the CDC's Emerging Infections Program (EIP). FoodNet is a collaborative project among CDC, the eight EIP state health department sites, the Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). FoodNet augments, but does not replace, longstanding activities at CDC, FSIS, FDA, and in states to identify, control, and prevent foodborne disease hazards.

FoodNet is a sentinel network that is producing more stable and accurate national estimates of the burden and sources of specific foodborne diseases in the United States through active surveillance and additional studies. Enhanced surveillance and investigation are integral parts of developing and evaluating new prevention and control strategies that can improve the safety of our food and the public's health. Ongoing FoodNet surveillance is being used to document the effectiveness of new food safety control measures, such as the USDA Pathogen Reduction and Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP) Rule, in decreasing the number of cases of foodborne diseases in the United States each year.

The following are key findings of FoodNet surveillance activities during 1999:

- Since 1998, the overall incidence of bacterial foodborne infections has declined in the original five sites by 15%. Although this decline might reflect simple annual fluctuations in foodborne illness, it was also concurrent with several interventions, including the implementation of mandated changes in meat and poultry processing plants, increased attention to "good agricultural practices" on farms, and increased consumer awareness. The President's Food Safety Initiative has supported much of this work.
- *Campylobacter* infections continued to decline to an incidence now lower than that of *Salmonella* for

the first time since FoodNet began. In the original five sites in 1999, incidence decreased 18% from 1998 and 26% from 1996. As poultry is the most common source of *Campylobacter* infections, this decline is likely related to changes in poultry processing plants instituted by industry and encouraged by the Pathogen Reduction and Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP) rule of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

- *Shigella* incidence demonstrated a 41% decline in the original five sites from 1998 to 1999, and a 44% decline from 1996 to 1999. This decline follows a large outbreak of shigellosis in 1998 traced to imported parsley, which focused attention on the problems of produce-associated shigellosis and the need for improving basic sanitation on produce farms throughout the continent. This outbreak highlighted the global nature of foodborne illness. The response to the 1998 outbreak suggests that international collaboration may lead to effective interventions.
- The rate of *Salmonella* infections increased 11% from 1998 to 1999 in the original five sites and caused nearly one-third of reported deaths. Infections due to the most common serotypes, Typhimurium, (3.7/100,000 persons in 1998, and 3.5 in 1999), and Enteritidis, (1.4 in 1998 and 1999) remained constant. Increases in other *Salmonella* serotypes may be related to large outbreaks in 1999 associated with unpasteurized orange juice, raw sprouts, and mangos.
- The rate of *Escherichia coli* O157 infections in the original five sites decreased 25% from 1998 to 1999. This decline occurred during a period of improved sanitation and hygiene in slaughter and processing plants and closer attention to hamburger cooking temperature. Further surveillance is needed to clarify whether this decline is the beginning of a trend.
- *Listeria* infections were associated with higher hospitalization rates than any other pathogen and caused over a quarter of reported deaths. FoodNet is conducting additional studies of *Listeria* infections to identify food sources and potential control points.
- In 1999, FoodNet completed the data collection phase of a case-control study of risk factors for *Campylobacter* infections. Preliminary analysis indicates that foreign travel is a risk factor. Among persons who had no foreign travel, the following exposures were associated with infection: eating undercooked poultry, eating chicken or turkey cooked outside the home, eating non-poultry meat cooked outside the home, eating raw seafood, drinking raw milk, living on or visiting a farm, and having contact with farm animals or puppies.

Background

Foodborne infections are an important public health challenge. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) estimates that in 1997, foodborne infections caused 76 million illnesses, 325,000 hospitalizations, and 5,000 deaths. CDC, the Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), and the eight Emerging Infections Program (EIP) sites are actively involved in preventing foodborne diseases. In 1997, the President's interagency national Food Safety Initiative was launched to meet the public health challenge of foodborne diseases. CDC's principal role in the Food Safety Initiative has been to enhance surveillance and investigation of infections that are usually foodborne. FoodNet has been instrumental in accomplishing this mission.

Objectives

FoodNet's objectives are to determine the frequency and severity of foodborne diseases, to determine the proportion of common foodborne diseases that result from eating specific foods, to describe the epidemiology of new and emerging bacterial, parasitic, and viral foodborne pathogens and to follow trends in these infections over time. To address these objectives, FoodNet actively surveys laboratories and conducts related epidemiologic studies. By monitoring the trends in foodborne diseases over time, FoodNet can document the effectiveness of new food safety initiatives, such as the USDA HACCP Rule, in decreasing the rate of foodborne diseases in the United States each year.

Methods

In 1999, FoodNet conducted population-based active surveillance for confirmed cases of *Campylobacter*, *Cryptosporidium*, *Cyclospora*, Shiga toxin-producing *Escherichia coli* (including *E. coli* O157), *Listeria*, *Salmonella*, *Shigella*, *Vibrio*, and *Yersinia* infections in seven sites: Connecticut, Georgia, Minnesota, and Oregon and selected counties in California, Maryland, and New York (total population in bacterial surveillance catchment areas is 25.8 million, total population in parasitic surveillance catchment areas is 30.2 million).¹ To identify cases, FoodNet personnel contact each of the more than 300 clinical laboratories within the catchment areas either weekly or monthly, depending on the size of the clinical laboratory. FoodNet also conducts surveillance for Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS) through pediatric nephrologists as well as surveillance for foodborne disease outbreaks.

1. Tennessee joined FoodNet in 1999 and will contribute active surveillance data on January 1, 2000.

Results

Cases reported

In 1999, a total of 10,717 confirmed infections caused by the pathogens under

surveillance were identified in the seven sites. Of these, 10,248 were bacterial, including 3884 *Campylobacter* infections, 4488 *Salmonella* infections, 1040 *Shigella* infections, 510 *E. coli* O157 infections, 164 *Yersinia* infections, 114 *Listeria* infections, and 48 *Vibrio* infections (Table 1A). Among the 3917 serotyped *Salmonella* isolates, the most commonly identified serotypes were Typhimurium (992 cases), Enteritidis (437), Newport (355), Heidelberg (285), and Muenchen (224). Of the 1040 *Shigella* infections reported, 61% were *Shigella sonnei* and 29% were *Shigella flexneri*. In addition, 469 cases of parasitic diseases were reported, including 457 cases of *Cryptosporidium* infection and 12 cases of *Cyclospora* infection (Table 1B).

Table 1A. Infections caused by specific bacterial pathogens, reported by FoodNet sites, 1999

Pathogen	CA	CT	GA	MD	MN	NY	OR	Total
<i>Campylobacter</i>	696	564	722	166	785	358	593	3884
<i>E. coli</i> O157	23	94	44	16	175	94	64	510
<i>Listeria</i>	15	27	20	12	18	6	16	114
<i>Salmonella</i>	318	533	1889	433	628	265	422	4488
<i>Shigella</i>	210	73	315	58	254	37	93	1040
<i>Vibrio</i>	10	5	17	8	4	1	3	48
<i>Yersinia</i>	17	13	61	9	37	8	19	164
Total	1289	1309	3068	702	1901	769	1210	10248

Table 1B. Infections caused by specific parasitic pathogens, reported by FoodNet sites, 1999

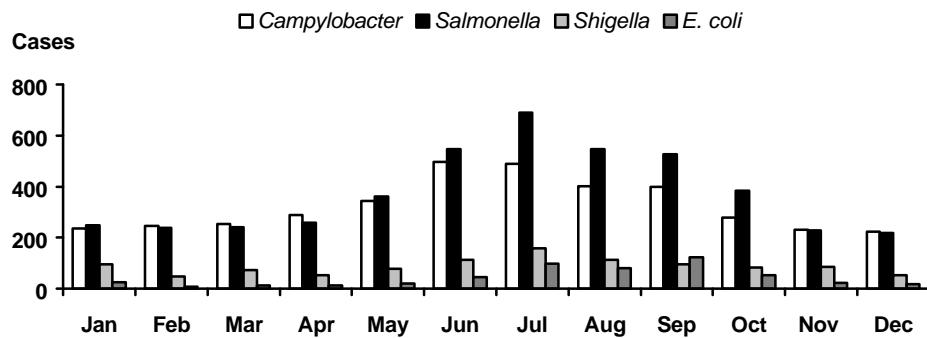
Pathogen	CA	CT	GA	MD	MN	NY	OR	Total
<i>Cryptosporidium</i>	104	23	163	8	92	32	35	457
<i>Cyclospora</i>	2	4	6	0	0	0	0	12
Total	106	31	169	8	92	32	35	469

Seasonality

Isolation rates for several pathogens showed wide seasonal variation; 50% of *Vibrio*, 43% of *E. coli* O157, 40% of *Salmonella*, 37% of *Shigella*, and 36% of *Campylobacter* were isolated during June through August (Figure 1). Fifty percent of

cyclosporiasis cases and 31% of cryptosporidiosis cases were identified during the summer months. *Yersinia* infections were more likely to have occurred in winter months with 35% of cases being reported during January, February, or December.

Figure 1. Cases of foodborne disease caused by specific pathogens, by month, FoodNet sites, 1999



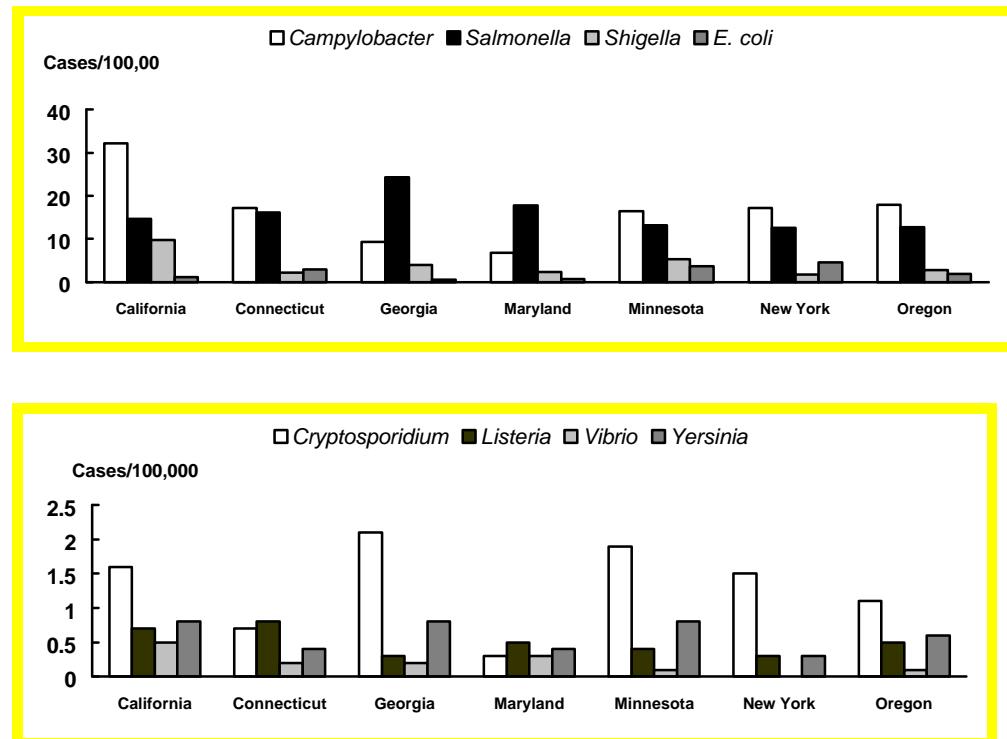
1999 Rates

Annual incidence rates were calculated to compare the number of cases among sites with different populations. Incidence is the number of cases divided by the population. All 1999 rates reported here were calculated with 1999 Census population estimates. Overall incidence rates were highest for infections with *Salmonella* (17.4/100,000 population), *Campylobacter* (15.0/100,000), and *Shigella* (4.0/100,000). Lower overall incidence rates were reported for *E. coli* O157 (2.0/100,000), *Cryptosporidium* (1.5/100,000), *Yersinia* (0.6/100,000), *Listeria* (0.4/100,000), *Vibrio* (0.2/100,000), and *Cyclospora* (0.04/100,000).

Rates by site

Incidence rates per 100,000 population for many of these pathogens varied substantially among the sites (Figure 2). The incidence rates for *Campylobacter* infection varied from 6.8 in Maryland to 32.2 in California, and for *Shigella* infections, from 1.8 in New York to 9.7 in California. Incidence rates for aggregate *Salmonella* infections also varied among sites, from 12.7 in New York and Oregon to 24.3 in Georgia. Among the two most common serotypes of *Salmonella*, *S. Typhimurium* incidence ranged from 2.4 in New York to 4.9 in Connecticut and *S. Enteriditis* ranged from 0.9 in New York to 4.2 in Maryland. Incidence rates for *E. coli* O157 infection varied from 0.6 in Georgia to 4.5 in New York. Some of the New York cases were related to a large waterborne outbreak of *E. coli* O157 in 1999. Infections caused by *Yersinia* varied from 0.4 in Connecticut, Maryland, and New York to 0.8 in California, Georgia, and Minnesota. Incidence rates of *Cryptosporidium* cases ranged from 0.3 in Maryland to 2.1 in Georgia. Reasons for these regional differences in incidence rates are being investigated; many of these differences may be due to variations in testing practices.

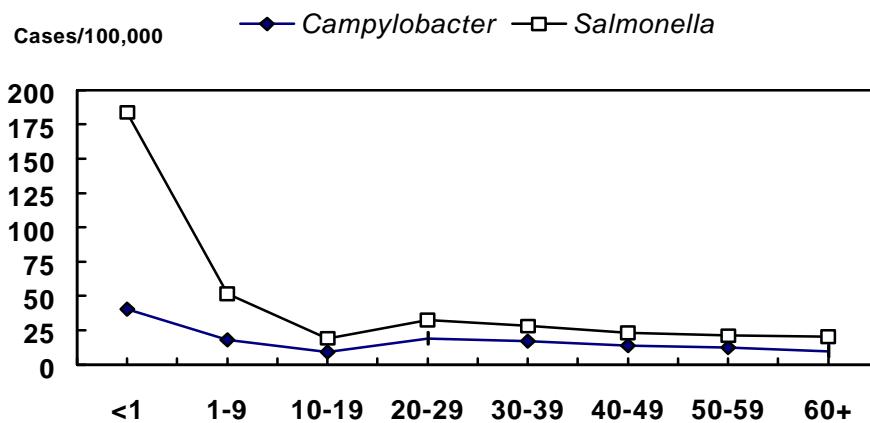
Figure 2. Cases per 100,000 population of foodborne disease caused by specific pathogens, FoodNet sites, 1999



Rates by age

Annual incidence rates of foodborne illness varied by age, especially for *Campylobacter* and *Salmonella* infections (Figure 3). For children <1 year of age, the rate of *Salmonella* infection was 143.2/100,000, and the rate of *Campylobacter* infection was 40.5/100,000, rates substantially higher than for other age groups.

Figure 3. Incidence of *Campylobacter* and *Salmonella* infections by age group, FoodNet sites, 1999



Rates by sex

Incidence rates varied by sex (Table 2). Overall, males were more likely than females to be infected with one of these pathogens under surveillance. In particular, rates of *Campylobacter* infection were 27% higher among males than among females.

Table 2. Sex-specific incidence rates per 100,000 population, by pathogen, FoodNet sites, 1999

Pathogen	Male	Female	Overall
<i>Campylobacter</i>	16.6	13.1	15.0
<i>Cryptosporidium</i>	2.2	0.9	1.5
<i>Cyclospora</i>	0.0	0.1	0.1
<i>E. coli</i> O157	1.9	2.0	2.0
<i>Listeria</i>	0.4	0.5	0.4
<i>Salmonella</i>	16.8	16.3	17.4
<i>Shigella</i>	4.2	3.8	4.0
<i>Vibrio</i>	0.2	0.1	0.2
<i>Yersinia</i>	0.6	0.6	0.6
Total	37.3	43.0	41.2

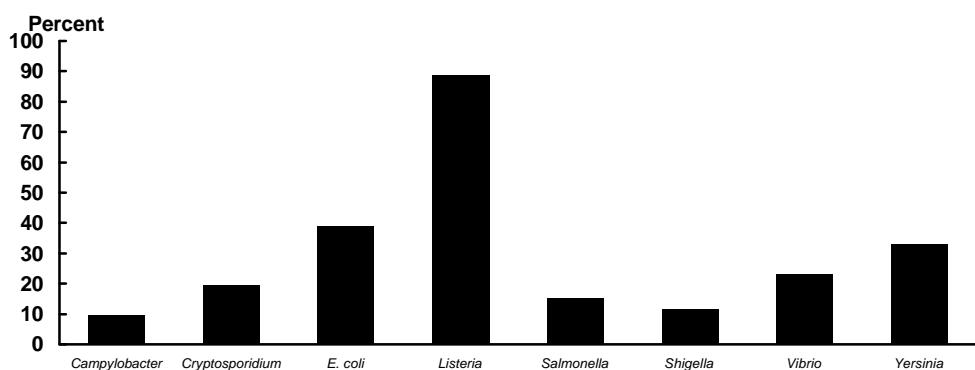
Rates by age and**sex**

The incidence rate of *Campylobacter* infection was higher for males than for females in all age groups. Rates of *Salmonella* and *E. coli* O157 infection were higher for male persons aged 1-19 years, and *Salmonella* rates were also higher for male persons aged 40-49 years; rates were higher among females for all other age groups.

Hospitalizations

Overall, 15% of patients with culture-confirmed illness were hospitalized; hospitalization rates differed markedly by pathogen (Figure 4). The percentage of hospitalizations was highest for persons infected with *Listeria* (89%) followed by those infected with *E. coli* O157 (39%), *Yersinia* (34%), *Vibrio* (23%), *Cryptosporidium* (20%), *Salmonella* (15%), *Shigella* (12%), and *Campylobacter* (10%).

Figure 4. Percentage of persons hospitalized with infections caused by specific pathogens, FoodNet sites, 1999



Deaths

Fifty-nine persons died; of those, 19 were infected with *Salmonella*, 17 with *Listeria*, seven with *E. coli* O157, five with *Campylobacter*, five with *Cryptosporidium*, two with *Yersinia*, and one with *Vibrio*. The pathogen with the highest case-fatality rate was *Listeria*; 15% of persons infected with *Listeria* died.

HUS

Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS) is a life-threatening illness characterized by hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and acute renal failure. Most cases of HUS in the United States are preceded by diarrhea caused by infection with Shiga toxin-producing *Escherichia coli* (STEC). *E. coli* O157:H7 is the most easily and frequently isolated STEC, but many other serotypes can also cause HUS.

Active surveillance for pediatric HUS cases was established in 1997 in five FoodNet sites (California, Connecticut, Georgia, Minnesota, and Oregon). Surveillance was expanded to include areas of Maryland and New York in 1999. Active surveillance is accomplished through pediatric nephrologists, who report all cases of HUS, including those from outside the FoodNet catchment area. Data on HUS cases in adults are also collected, but surveillance is passive and often incomplete. The primary objectives of HUS surveillance are to 1) determine the incidence of HUS, 2) monitor long-term trends in STEC infection using HUS as a marker, and 3) identify and monitor STEC strains causing HUS over time. A total of 146 cases of HUS were reported between 1997 and 1999 (Table 3A). Sixty-one percent of reported cases occurred in females. The median age was 4 years and the median length of hospitalization was 11 days. In 1999, 60 HUS cases were reported, and deaths occurred in eight (13%) of these cases. Consistent with the temporal distribution of 1999 *E. coli* O157:H7 infections, 24 (40%) of the 1999 HUS cases were diagnosed between June and August (Figure 4). A peak in the number of HUS cases occurred in September 1999 following an *E. coli* O157:H7 outbreak in New York.

The overall rate of HUS among children under 15 years of age in the seven sites between 1997 and 1999 was 0.7/100,000, and among children under 5 years of age was 1.4/100,000 (Table 3B). *E. coli* O157:H7 was isolated from 62% of stools that were specifically tested for this pathogen (Table 3C). Four patients had stool samples that tested positive for Shiga toxin, but stool cultures did not yield *E. coli* O157:H7. No other STEC were identified, but it is unclear how rigorously they were sought.

Table 3A. HUS cases by site* and year, 1997-1999

State	1997		1998		1999	
	Age <15 years	Age ≥15 years	Age <15 years	Age ≥15 years	Age <15 years	Age ≥15 years
California	10	0	8	0	5	0
Connecticut	1	0	0	0	8	2
Georgia	6	0	13	0	4	0
Maryland	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2	0
Minnesota	9	3	17	3	9	4
New York	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	15	5
Oregon	6	3	6	1	3	3
Total	32	6	44	4	46	14

*Includes cases among persons residing outside the formal catchment area.

Table 3B. Pediatric HUS cases, by site† and age, 1997-1999

State	Age < 5 years		Age < 15 years	
	Cases	Rate per 100,000	Cases	Rate per 100,000
California	4	1.0	5	0.4
Connecticut	5	0.9	8	0.4
Georgia	11	1.0	14	0.4
Maryland**	0	0.0	1	0.2
Minnesota	25	2.6	35	1.1
New York**	8	5.6	11	2.5
Oregon	11	1.7	13	0.6
Total	64	1.4	87	0.7

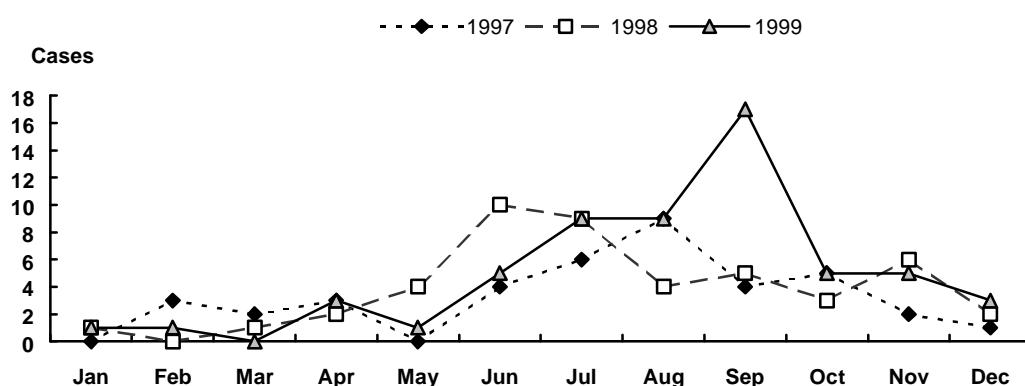
†Includes cases among persons residing within catchment area only

**Based only on 1999 data

Table 3C. Results of microbiologic testing for STEC infection among HUS cases, 1997-1999

Diarrhea in 3 weeks before HUS diagnosis/ Total patients	139/146 (95%)
Stool specimen obtained/ Total patients with information available	136/145 (94%)
Stool cultured for <i>E. coli</i> O157:H7/ Patients with stool specimen obtained	133/136 (98%)
<i>E. coli</i> O157:H7 isolated from stool/ Patients with stool cultured for <i>E. coli</i> O157:H7	82/133 (62%)
Stool tested for Shiga toxin/ Patients with stool obtained and information available	31/131 (24%)
Stool Shiga toxin positive/ Patients with stool tested for Shiga toxin and information available	22/29 (76%)
Stool yielding <i>E. coli</i> O157:H7 and/or Shiga toxin/ total patients with information available	86/136 (63%)

Figure 4. Total Cases of HUS, by year and month, 1997-1999



Outbreaks

A foodborne disease outbreak is defined as an incident in which two or more persons experience an illness resulting from the ingestion of a common food. The overall rate of foodborne disease outbreaks reported in FoodNet sites in which 10 or more persons became ill was 3.2 outbreaks per million people, ranging from 0.9 outbreaks per million in California to 6 outbreaks per million in Oregon (Table 4).

Table 4: Summary of foodborne outbreaks among outbreaks with 10 or more persons ill, by FoodNet site, 1999

Site	Outbreaks reported	1999 population	Rate/1,000,000 population	Median no. ill	Known etiology No. (%)	Likely vehicle No. (%)	Restaurant-associated No. (%)*
CA	2	2,162,359	0.9	24	1 (50)	2 (100)	2 (100)
CT	5	3,282,031	1.5	17	4 (80)	1 (20)	3 (60)
GA	13	7,788,240	1.7	41	10 (77)	8 (62)	4 (36)
MD	13	2,450,566	5.3	28	5 (39)	4 (31)	7 (54)
MN	24	4,775,508	5.0	17	8 (33)	19 (79)	9 (38)
NY	6	2,084,453	2.9	21	1 (17)	4 (67)	5 (100)
OR	20	3,316,154	6.0	31	10 (50)	10 (50)	2 (20)
Total	83	25,859,311	3.2	21	39 (47)	48 (58)	32 (46)

*Among outbreaks with known location

1996-1999 Rates

To avoid confusion created by an expanding FoodNet catchment area, we compared the incidence rates in the five original sites to determine the trends from 1996 to 1999. Overall incidence rates of illness caused by bacterial pathogens under surveillance declined in the five original sites from 1996 to 1999 (Table 5a). Infections caused by *Salmonella* decreased from 14.5/100,000 in 1996 to 13.6/100,000 in 1999. This decrease was particularly pronounced for serotype Enteritidis, which dropped from 2.5/100,000 to 1.4/100,000. However, *S. Typhimurium* remained similar, 3.9 in 1996 and 3.5 in 1999. The continued decline of *Salmonella* Enteritidis, an egg-associated serotype, occurred in the setting of increased farm-to-table control measures.

Campylobacter rates declined 18% from 21.4/100,000 in 1998 to 17.5/100,000 in 1999, continuing the substantial decline noted from 1997 to 1998 (25.3/100,000 to 21.4/100,000). Although *E. coli* O157 rates increased from 1997 to 1998 (2.3/100,000 to 2.8/100,000), *E. coli* O157 infections decreased in 1999 to 2.1/100,000. The incidence of *Vibrio* infections decreased for the first time in 4 years to 0.2/100,000. *Shigella* rates dropped dramatically (44%) from 8.9/100,000 in 1996 to 5/100,000 in 1999. Incidence rates for *Yersinia* infections declined 18% from 1998 to 1999 and 21% from 1996 to 1999.

Table 5a. Cases per 100,000 of specific bacterial foodborne pathogens for the five original FoodNet sites, 1996-1999*

Pathogen	1996	1997	1998	1999	% change	
					1996-1999	1998-1999
<i>Campylobacter</i>	23.5	25.3	21.4	17.5	-25.6	-18.2
<i>E. coli</i> O157	2.7	2.3	2.8	2.1	-23.3	-25.3
<i>Listeria</i>	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	+15.6	-5.9
<i>Salmonella</i>	14.5	13.6	12.3	13.6	-5.9	+11.3
<i>Shigella</i>	8.9	7.5	8.5	5.0	-44.2	-41.3
<i>Vibrio</i>	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	+33.4	-22.5
<i>Yersinia</i>	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.8	-20.9	-18.4
Total	51.3	50.3	46.8	39.8	-22.4	-14.9

*Urine isolates were collected in 1999 but were excluded from this table.

Overall incidence rates of illness caused by parasitic pathogens under surveillance declined in the five original sites from 1997 to 1999 (Table 5b). The incidence of illness caused by *Cryptosporidium* dropped from 3.0/100,000 in 1997 to 2.4/100,000 in 1999, and *Cyclospora* incidence decreased from 0.3/100,000 in 1997 to 0.04/100,000 in 1999.

Table 5b. Cases per 100,000 of specific parasitic foodborne pathogens for the five original FoodNet sites, 1997-1999

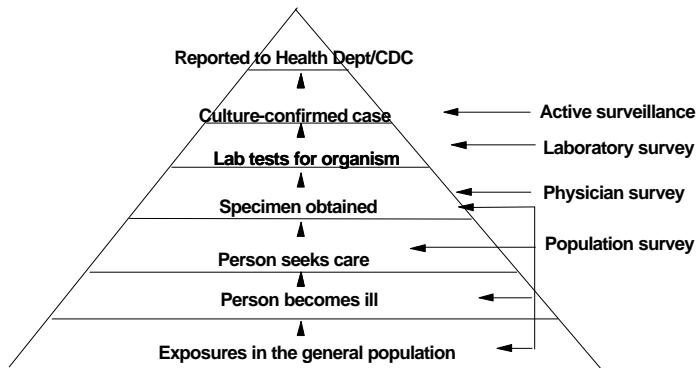
Pathogen	1997	1998	1999	% change	
				1997-1999	1998-1999
<i>Cryptosporidium</i>	3.04	3.4	2.4	-22.4	-30.9
<i>Cyclospora</i>	0.3	.06	.04	-86.7	-33.3
Total	3.34	3.46	2.44	-26.9	-29.5

Compared with 1997, Georgia reported an overall increase in the incidence of illnesses caused by the pathogens under surveillance while California, Connecticut, Minnesota, and Oregon reported decreases.

Additional Studies

Burden of illness Cases reported through active surveillance represent only a fraction of the number of cases in the community. To estimate better the number of cases of foodborne disease in the community, FoodNet conducts surveys of laboratories, physicians, and the general population in the participating EIP sites (Figure 5). Using these data, one can determine the proportion of persons in the general population with a diarrheal illness and from among those, the numbers who seek medical care for the illness. We can estimate the proportion of physicians who ordered a bacterial stool culture for patients with diarrhea, and we can evaluate how variations in laboratory testing for bacterial pathogens influence the number of culture-confirmed cases. Using FoodNet and other data, CDC estimates that there were 76 million illnesses, 325,000 hospitalizations, and 5,000 deaths in 1997 in the United States.¹

Figure 5. Burden of Illness Pyramid



This model can be used for developing estimates of the burden of illness caused by each foodborne pathogen. For example, data from this model suggest that in 1997 there were 1,400,000 *Salmonella* infections, resulting in 113,000 physician office visits, and 37,200 culture-confirmed cases in this country. Culture-confirmed cases alone resulted in an estimated 8500 hospitalizations and 300 deaths; additional hospitalizations and deaths occur among persons whose illness is not culture-confirmed.

1. Mead P, Slutsker L, Dietz V, McCaig L, Bresee J, Shapiro C, Griffin P, and Tauxe R. Food-related illness and death in the United States. Emerging Infectious Diseases, Vol 5 (5). P. 607-625.

Causes of Foodborne Diseases

As part of FoodNet, case-control studies are conducted to determine the proportion of foodborne diseases that are caused by specific foods or food preparation and handling practices. By determining this proportion, prevention efforts can become more specific and their effectiveness can be documented.

- ***E. coli O157 case-control studies***

A 1997 FoodNet case-control study of *E. coli* O157:H7 found undercooked ground beef was the principal food source associated with these infections. In spring 1999, FoodNet began data collection for a follow-up *E. coli* O157 case-control study that will more precisely determine risk and prevention factors for *E. coli* O157 infections.

- ***Salmonella case-control studies***

Eating chicken and undercooked eggs was associated with sporadic *Salmonella* Enteritidis and *Salmonella* Heidelberg infections. Antimicrobial use in the month before illness was associated with multiresistant *Salmonella* Typhimurium DT104 infections. Breast-feeding was protective against infant salmonellosis. Reptile contact was associated with salmonellosis.

- ***Campylobacter case-control study***

In 1999, FoodNet completed data collection for the *Campylobacter* case-control study to determine risk and prevention factors for *Campylobacter* infection. More than 1200 case-patients and 1200 controls were enrolled in the study. Preliminary analysis indicates that foreign travel is a risk factor. Among persons who had no foreign travel, the following exposures were associated with infection: eating undercooked poultry, eating chicken or turkey cooked outside the home, eating non-poultry meat cooked outside the home, eating raw seafood, drinking raw milk, living on or visiting a farm, and having contact with farm animals or puppies.

- ***Listeria* case-control study**

To determine sources and risk factors for listeriosis, a FoodNet case-control will begin in February 2000 and will be administered for 2 years.
- ***Cryptosporidium* case-control study**

A FoodNet case-control study to determine sources and risk factors for *Cryptosporidium* infection began in Spring 1999 and will continue for 2 years.

Future activities

- Continue population-based surveillance for *Campylobacter*, *Cryptosporidium*, *Cyclospora*, *Salmonella*, *Shigella*, Shiga toxin-producing *Escherichia coli*, *Listeria*, *Yersinia*, and *Vibrio* infections and for hemolytic uremic syndrome.
- Conduct the third cycle of the FoodNet population survey. Scheduled to begin in February 2000 in the 8 FoodNet sites, it will run for 12 months. The purpose of the survey is to estimate more precisely the burden of acute diarrheal illness in the United States. FoodNet population survey data help determine the prevalence and severity of self-reported diarrheal illness, common symptoms associated with diarrhea, the proportion of persons with diarrhea who seek care, and exposures that may be associated with foodborne illness.
- Conduct surveillance for foodborne disease outbreaks of any cause that occur within the FoodNet sites and pilot electronic reporting of outbreaks.
- Expand the population under active surveillance by including additional counties in Tennessee in 2000 and preparing Colorado for participation starting 2001. In 2000, the population within the catchment areas will include 32.6 million persons or 12% of the U.S. population.
- Continue the *E. coli* O157 case-control study.
- Continue the *Cryptosporidium* case-control study.
- Conduct a *Listeria* case-control study.
- Conduct a physician survey on food safety education practices.
- Conduct the third survey of clinical laboratories in FoodNet sites to determine changes in laboratory practices.
- Collaborate with environmental health specialists to form a network (EHS-Net) to strengthen relationships between epidemiology, laboratory and food protection programs and to better identify factors contributing to foodborne illness and foodborne disease outbreaks, particularly in retail establishments.
- Conduct pilot surveillance of reactive arthritis and pilot case-control studies to estimate the proportion of inflammatory arthritis cases attributable to enteric infections.

The following reports are available at the FoodNet web site:

<http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dbmd/foodnet>

CDC. 1996 Final FoodNet Surveillance Report. Atlanta: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; 1998.

CDC. 1997 Final FoodNet Surveillance Report. Atlanta: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; 1998.

CDC. FoodNet Surveillance Report for 1998: Final Report. Atlanta: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; 1998.

The following MMWR articles about FoodNet are available at this web site:

<http://www.cdc.gov/epo/mmwr/mmwr.html>

CDC. The Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network, 1996. Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report. 1997; 46:258-61.

CDC. Incidence of foodborne illness-FoodNet, 1997. Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report. 1998; 47:782-86.

CDC. Incidence of foodborne illness: Preliminary data from the Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) – United States, 1998. Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report. 1999; 48(9):189-94.

The following FoodNet News newsletters are available at this web site:

<http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dbmd/foodnet/news.htm>

FoodNet News. Volume 3, No. 1, Spring 2000

FoodNet News. Volume 1, No. 3, Fall 1999

FoodNet News. Volume 1, No. 2, Winter 1999

FoodNet News. Volume 1, No. 1, Fall 1998

Additional information about the pathogens under FoodNet surveillance is available at the following web sites:

http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dbmd/diseaseinfo/foodborneinfections_g.htm

<http://www.cdc.gov/health/diseases.htm>

1999 FoodNet Publications / Presentations

The following is a list of FoodNet manuscripts and abstracts published in 1999. A complete listing of all FoodNet manuscripts and abstracts is available at the FoodNet website:

<http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dbmd/foodnet>

Manuscripts

Frenzen P, Riggs T, Buzby J, Breuer T, Roberts T, Voetsch D, Reddy S, and the FoodNet Working Group. *Salmonella* cost estimate update using FoodNet data. *Food Review* 1999; 22 (2): 10-15.

Mead P, Slutsker L, Dietz A, McCaig L, Bresee J, Shapiro C, Griffin P, Tauxe R. Food-related illness and death in the United States. *Emerging Infectious Diseases* 1999; 5: 607-625.

Abstracts

Angulo F, Marano N, Mackinson C, Wang Y, Sokolow R, DeBess E, Koehler J, Benson J, Hill B, McDonald C. Isolation of quinupristin-dalfopristin-resistant *Enterococcus faecium* from human stool specimens and retail chicken products in the United States. 39th Interscience Conference on Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy. San Francisco, CA, September 1999.

Fiorentino T, Howard R, Kinney A, Marcus R, Mshar P, Marano N, Westerman J, Reddy S, Angulo F. Routine Subtyping of *Salmonella* serotype typhimurium by PFGE facilitates focused epidemiological investigations in Connecticut. 39th Interscience Conference on Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy. San Francisco, CA, September 1999.

Marano N, Benson J, Koehler J, Mackinson C, Wang Y, Madden J, Debess E, Hill B, Archbald L, Boel J, Wegener H, Angulo F. Presence of high-level gentamicin-resistant (HLGR) enterococci in humans and retail chicken products in the US, but not Denmark. 39th Interscience Conference on Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy. San Francisco, CA, September 1999.

Van Gilder T, Christensen D, Shallow S, Fiorentino T, Desai S, Pass M, Wicklund J, Stone C, Cassidy M. Variations in stool handling and culturing practices among clinical microbiology laboratories within the Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance network (FoodNet): Do we

need practice guidelines? 99th General Meeting of the American Society for Microbiology.
Chicago, IL, June 1999.

Van Gilder T, Vugia D, Fiorentino T, Segler S, Carter M, Smith K, Morse D, Cassidy M,
Angulo F. Decline in *Salmonella* and *Campylobacter* but not *E. coli* O157 isolation rates in
FoodNet sites: Farm, food, or fluctuation? 37th Annual Meeting of the Infectious Disease
Society of America, Philadelphia, PA, November 1999.

Wicklund J, Nadle J, Nelson R, Soderlund D, Dietz V, and the FoodNet Working Group.
Survey of *Cryptosporidium* testing practices among FoodNet laboratories, 1997. 37th Annual
Meeting of the Infectious Disease Society of America, Philadelphia, PA, November 1999.

1999 FoodNet Working Group

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Chris Biggs

Maureen Cassidy

Paul Cieslak

Emilio DeBess

David Fleming

Bill Keene

Lore Lee

Eileen Lorber

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Part II
Summary Tables and Graphs

Part II:

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Graphs

Rates per 100,000 by pathogen per month

Campylobacter
Cryptosporidium
Cyclospora
Escherichia coli O157
Listeria
Salmonella
Salmonella Enteritidis
Salmonella Typhimurium
Salmonella Heidelberg
Salmonella Newport
Salmonella Montevideo
Salmonella Agona
Shigella
Shigella sonnei
Shigella flexneri
Shigella dysentariae
Vibrio
Yersinia

Age-specific rates per 100,000 distribution by pathogen for all sites

Campylobacter
Cryptosporidium
Cyclospora
Escherichia coli O157
Listeria
Salmonella
Shigella
Vibrio
Yersinia

CDC's EMERGING INFECTIONS PROGRAM

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)
FoodNet 1999 Final Report

	Population in Bacterial Catchment Areas:	Percent
California*	2,162,359	8.4%
Connecticut	3,282,031	12.7%
Georgia*	7,788,240	30.1%
Maryland*	2,450,566	9.5%
Minnesota	4,775,508	18.5%
New York*	2,084,453	8.1%
Oregon	3,316,154	12.8%
Total	25,859,311	100.0%

	Population in Parasitic Catchment Areas:	Percent
California*	6,507,482	21.5%
Connecticut	3,282,031	10.9%
Georgia*	7,788,240	25.8%
Maryland*	2,450,566	8.1%
Minnesota	4,775,508	15.8%
New York*	2,084,453	6.9%
Oregon	3,316,154	11.0%
Total	30,204,434	100.0%

United States Population.....270,298,524

* Selected Counties

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Table 1a - Percent Site by Pathogen

		Site							Total
		Ca.	Ct.	Ga.	Md.	Mn.	NY.	Or.	
Pathogen									
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	696	564	722	166	785	358	593	3884
	Percent	17.9	14.5	18.6	4.3	20.2	9.2	15.3	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	104	23	163	8	92	32	35	457
	Percent	22.8	5.0	35.7	1.8	20.1	7.0	7.7	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	2	4	6	-	-	-	-	12
	Percent	16.7	33.3	50.0	-	-	-	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	23	94	44	16	175	94	64	510
	Percent	4.5	18.4	8.6	3.1	34.3	18.4	12.5	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	15	27	20	12	18	6	16	114
	Percent	13.2	23.7	17.5	10.5	15.8	5.3	14.0	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	318	533	1889	433	628	265	422	4488
	Percent	7.1	11.9	42.1	9.6	14.0	5.9	9.4	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	210	73	315	58	254	37	93	1040
	Percent	20.2	7.0	30.3	5.6	24.4	3.6	8.9	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	10	5	17	8	4	1	3	48
	Percent	20.8	10.4	35.4	16.7	8.3	2.1	6.3	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	17	13	61	9	37	8	19	164
	Percent	10.4	7.9	37.2	5.5	22.6	4.9	11.6	100.0
Total	Cases	1395	1336	3237	710	1993	801	1245	10717
	Percent	13.0	12.5	30.2	6.6	18.6	7.5	11.6	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Table 1b - Percent Pathogen by Site

		Pathogen									Total
		CAMPY-LOBAC-TER	CRYPT-OSPOR-IDIUM	CYCLO-SPORA	E. COLI 0157	LISTERIA	SALMO-NELLA	SHIGE-LLA	VIBRIO	YERSI-NIA	
Site											
Ca.	Cases	696	104	2	23	15	318	210	10	17	1395
	Percent	49.9	7.5	0.1	1.6	1.1	22.8	15.1	0.7	1.2	100.0
Ct.	Cases	564	23	4	94	27	533	73	5	13	1336
	Percent	42.2	1.7	0.3	7.0	2.0	39.9	5.5	0.4	1.0	100.0
Ga.	Cases	722	163	6	44	20	1889	315	17	61	3237
	Percent	22.3	5.0	0.2	1.4	0.6	58.4	9.7	0.5	1.9	100.0
Md.	Cases	166	8	-	16	12	433	58	8	9	710
	Percent	23.4	1.1	-	2.3	1.7	61.0	8.2	1.1	1.3	100.0
Mn.	Cases	785	92	-	175	18	628	254	4	37	1993
	Percent	39.4	4.6	-	8.8	0.9	31.5	12.7	0.2	1.9	100.0
NY.	Cases	358	32	-	94	6	265	37	1	8	801
	Percent	44.7	4.0	-	11.7	0.7	33.1	4.6	0.1	1.0	100.0
Or.	Cases	593	35	-	64	16	422	93	3	19	1245
	Percent	47.6	2.8	-	5.1	1.3	33.9	7.5	0.2	1.5	100.0
Total	Cases	3884	457	12	510	114	4488	1040	48	164	10717
	Percent	36.2	4.3	0.1	4.8	1.1	41.9	9.7	0.4	1.5	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
FoodNet 1999 Final Report
Table 2a - Cases per 100,000 by Pathogen for All Sites

	Cases per 100,000	Total Cases
Pathogen		
CAMPYLOBACTER	15.0	3884
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	1.5	457
CYCLOSPORA	0.0	12
E. COLI O157	2.0	510
LISTERIA	0.4	114
SALMONELLA	17.4	4488
SHIGELLA	4.0	1040
VIBRIO	0.2	48
YERSINIA	0.6	164
Total	41.2	10717

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Table 2b - Cases per 100,000 by Pathogen by Site

	Cases per 100,000						
	Ca.	Ct.	Ga.	Md.	Mn.	NY.	Or.
Pathogen							
CAMPYLOBACTER	32.2	17.2	9.3	6.8	16.4	17.2	17.9
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	1.6	0.7	2.1	0.3	1.9	1.5	1.1
CYCLOSPORA	0.0	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	1.1	2.9	0.6	0.7	3.7	4.5	1.9
LISTERIA	0.7	0.8	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.5
SALMONELLA	14.7	16.2	24.3	17.7	13.2	12.7	12.7
SHIGELLA	9.7	2.2	4.0	2.4	5.3	1.8	2.8
VIBRIO	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.1
YERSINIA	0.8	0.4	0.8	0.4	0.8	0.4	0.6
Total	61.2	40.7	41.6	29.0	41.7	38.4	37.5

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Table 3 - Cases per 100,000 by Month by Pathogen for All Sites

Cases per 100,000	Month											
	JAN99	FEB99	MAR99	APR99	MAY99	JUN99	JUL99	AUG99	SEP99	OCT99	NOV99	DEC99
Pathogen												
CAMPYLOBACTER	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.9
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
CYCLOSPORA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
E. COLI O157	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1
LISTERIA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
SALMONELLA	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.4	2.1	2.7	2.1	2.0	1.5	0.9	0.8
SHIGELLA	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2
VIBRIO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
YERSINIA	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Table 3a: Site = California

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Table 3b: Site = Connecticut

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Table 3c: Site = Georgia

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Table 3d: Site = Maryland

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Table 3e: Site = Minnesota

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Table 3f: Site = New York

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Table 3g: Site = Oregon

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Table 4 - Pathogen by Month Collected for All Sites

Cases	Month												Total
	JAN99	FEB99	MAR99	APR99	MAY99	JUN99	JUL99	AUG99	SEP99	OCT99	NOV99	DEC99	
Pathogen													
CAMPYLOBACTER	236	245	252	289	343	497	489	402	399	277	231	224	3884
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	35	34	52	29	12	33	50	60	55	43	31	23	457
CYCLOSPORA	0	0	1	4	1	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	12
E. COLI O157	25	8	11	13	19	44	97	79	122	51	23	18	510
LISTERIA	6	4	6	9	9	7	11	16	15	16	7	8	114
SALMONELLA	249	239	241	257	362	548	689	548	528	383	227	217	4488
SHIGELLA	95	46	73	53	76	113	157	113	96	83	84	51	1040
VIBRIO	0	1	1	4	3	4	8	12	9	3	2	1	48
YERSINIA	29	15	21	12	15	13	8	11	9	7	10	14	164
Total	675	592	658	670	840	1261	1513	1241	1233	863	615	556	10717

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 4a through 4g - Pathogen by Month Collected by Site

Table 4a: Site = California

Cases	Month												Total
	JAN99	FEB99	MAR99	APR99	MAY99	JUN99	JUL99	AUG99	SEP99	OCT99	NOV99	DEC99	
Pathogen													
CAMPYLOBACTER	46	59	44	58	48	59	69	82	65	68	50	48	696
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	7	5	9	3	5	12	15	7	12	13	9	7	104
CYCLOSPORA	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
E. COLI O157	2	-	1	-	1	4	4	1	2	3	4	1	23
LISTERIA	-	-	1	-	2	-	1	7	1	1	1	1	15
SALMONELLA	17	20	19	20	28	47	33	28	30	23	27	26	318
SHIGELLA	11	7	5	9	13	20	23	35	23	25	27	12	210
VIBRIO	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	6	2	-	-	-	10
YERSINIA	1	1	4	2	1	2	2	2	1	-	-	1	17
Total	84	92	83	92	99	145	149	168	136	133	118	96	1395

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 4a through 4g - Pathogen by Month Collected by Site

Table 4b: Site = Connecticut

Cases	Month												Total
	JAN99	FEB99	MAR99	APR99	MAY99	JUN99	JUL99	AUG99	SEP99	OCT99	NOV99	DEC99	
Pathogen													
CAMPYLOBACTER	32	18	27	41	53	91	72	50	63	36	38	43	564
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	1	1	2	-	-	-	3	5	9	1	1	-	23
CYCLOSPORA	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	4
E. COLI O157	5	4	3	3	6	1	27	19	11	9	3	3	94
LISTERIA	1	2	-	1	1	3	6	3	2	5	-	3	27
SALMONELLA	24	24	34	23	35	65	91	59	63	43	41	31	533
SHIGELLA	3	2	4	7	11	6	10	7	5	7	6	5	73
VIBRIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	-	1	5
YERSINIA	2	4	1	-	2	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	13
Total	68	55	71	75	108	167	213	144	156	103	90	86	1336

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 4a through 4g - Pathogen by Month Collected by Site

Table 4c: Site = Georgia

Cases	Month												Total
	JAN99	FEB99	MAR99	APR99	MAY99	JUN99	JUL99	AUG99	SEP99	OCT99	NOV99	DEC99	
Pathogen													
CAMPYLOBACTER	41	77	66	66	75	99	69	50	76	49	29	25	722
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	15	17	30	17	3	10	10	16	9	19	8	9	163
CYCLOSPORA	-	-	1	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
E. COLI O157	1	-	-	3	2	4	10	6	4	5	4	5	44
LISTERIA	2	-	3	1	3	1	3	1	-	4	-	2	20
SALMONELLA	106	87	90	101	147	232	278	254	284	187	64	59	1889
SHIGELLA	47	28	41	17	17	33	33	28	34	22	8	7	315
VIBRIO	-	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	4	1	2	-	17
YERSINIA	18	6	4	4	1	4	2	3	2	2	2	13	61
Total	230	216	236	215	250	385	406	360	413	289	117	120	3237

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 4a through 4g - Pathogen by Month Collected by Site

Table 4d: Site = Maryland

Cases	Month												Total
	JAN99	FEB99	MAR99	APR99	MAY99	JUN99	JUL99	AUG99	SEP99	OCT99	NOV99	DEC99	
Pathogen													
CAMPYLOBACTER	15	8	12	3	21	22	22	16	12	12	12	11	166
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	1	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	2	1	-	-	8
CYCLOSPORA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	7	1	1	1	16
LISTERIA	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	3	1	-	2	12
SALMONELLA	28	15	18	26	50	41	67	61	39	37	25	26	433
SHIGELLA	2	2	5	4	4	5	10	3	8	8	5	2	58
VIBRIO	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	2	-	1	-	-	8
YERSINIA	2	1	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Total	50	27	39	36	78	73	105	85	71	61	43	42	710

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 4a through 4g - Pathogen by Month Collected by Site

Table 4e: Site = Minnesota

Cases	Month												Total
	JAN99	FEB99	MAR99	APR99	MAY99	JUN99	JUL99	AUG99	SEP99	OCT99	NOV99	DEC99	
Pathogen													
CAMPYLOBACTER	39	40	45	56	66	96	118	107	79	52	48	39	785
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	6	6	7	5	1	3	14	27	12	5	4	2	92
CYCLOSPORA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	8	2	4	6	5	23	41	37	15	22	8	4	175
LISTERIA	1	-	-	2	-	3	-	1	3	4	4	-	18
SALMONELLA	36	41	40	53	39	47	129	82	57	39	33	32	628
SHIGELLA	11	7	9	9	19	41	73	20	11	16	21	17	254
VIBRIO	-	-	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
YERSINIA	5	2	4	2	6	3	2	4	2	2	5	-	37
Total	106	98	109	135	137	217	377	278	179	140	123	94	1993

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 4a through 4g - Pathogen by Month Collected by Site

Table 4f: Site = New York

Cases	Month												Total
	JAN99	FEB99	MAR99	APR99	MAY99	JUN99	JUL99	AUG99	SEP99	OCT99	NOV99	DEC99	
Pathogen													
CAMPYLOBACTER	20	17	18	17	23	41	63	28	59	29	18	25	358
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	1	4	2	1	1	4	4	2	7	-	5	1	32
CYCLOSPORA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	1	-	1	1	-	6	3	4	69	4	2	3	94
LISTERIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	1	-	6
SALMONELLA	8	11	17	16	30	30	33	31	26	29	15	19	265
SHIGELLA	11	-	-	4	4	4	2	3	2	2	2	3	37
VIBRIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
YERSINIA	-	1	1	-	1	2	-	-	-	1	2	-	8
Total	41	33	39	39	59	87	105	71	166	65	45	51	801

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 4a through 4g - Pathogen by Month Collected by Site

Table 4g: Site = Oregon

Cases	Month												Total
	JAN99	FEB99	MAR99	APR99	MAY99	JUN99	JUL99	AUG99	SEP99	OCT99	NOV99	DEC99	
Pathogen													
CAMPYLOBACTER	43	26	40	48	57	89	76	69	45	31	36	33	593
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	4	1	2	3	2	2	3	2	4	4	4	4	35
CYCLOSPORA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	7	2	2	-	4	5	11	10	14	7	1	1	64
LISTERIA	1	1	1	3	2	-	1	1	4	1	1	-	16
SALMONELLA	30	41	23	18	33	86	58	33	29	25	22	24	422
SHIGELLA	10	-	9	3	8	4	6	17	13	3	15	5	93
VIBRIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	3
YERSINIA	1	-	4	3	3	1	2	1	3	1	-	-	19
Total	96	71	81	78	109	187	158	135	112	72	79	67	1245

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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Table 5 - Age Distribution by Pathogen for All Sites

		Age Specific Strata									Total
		UNKNWN	0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	
Pathogen											
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	125	144	591	337	651	723	569	351	393	3884
	Percent	3.2	3.7	15.2	8.7	16.8	18.6	14.6	9.0	10.1	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	9	14	92	32	56	140	72	21	21	457
	Percent	2.0	3.1	20.1	7.0	12.3	30.6	15.8	4.6	4.6	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	3	13	180	90	56	23	36	37	72	510
	Percent	0.6	2.5	35.3	17.6	11.0	4.5	7.1	7.3	14.1	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	14	12	3	1	5	7	8	16	48	114
	Percent	12.3	10.5	2.6	0.9	4.4	6.1	7.0	14.0	42.1	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	553	509	1092	372	452	463	371	240	436	4488
	Percent	12.3	11.3	24.3	8.3	10.1	10.3	8.3	5.3	9.7	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	55	26	423	64	135	150	89	46	52	1040
	Percent	5.3	2.5	40.7	6.2	13.0	14.4	8.6	4.4	5.0	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	3	3	2	5	2	10	12	5	6	48
	Percent	6.3	6.3	4.2	10.4	4.2	20.8	25.0	10.4	12.5	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	4	52	27	13	9	10	14	8	27	164
	Percent	2.4	31.7	16.5	7.9	5.5	6.1	8.5	4.9	16.5	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	0	0	0	0	4	4	0	1	3	12
	Percent	0	0	0	0	33.3	33.3	0	8.3	25.0	100.0
Total	Cases	766	773	2410	914	1370	1530	1171	725	1058	10717
	Percent	7.1	7.2	22.5	8.5	12.8	14.3	10.9	6.8	9.9	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 5a through 5g - Age Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 5a: Site = California		Age Specific Strata									Total
		0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	UNKNWN	
Pathogen											
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	27	101	52	149	144	91	53	79	-	696
	Percent	3.9	14.5	7.5	21.4	20.7	13.1	7.6	11.4	-	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	1	6	4	16	37	29	10	1	-	104
	Percent	1.0	5.8	3.8	15.4	35.6	27.9	9.6	1.0	-	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
	Percent	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	-	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	1	12	5	1	1	-	-	3	-	23
	Percent	4.3	52.2	21.7	4.3	4.3	-	-	13.0	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	13	15
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	6.7	-	6.7	86.7	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	34	76	23	39	46	32	29	39	-	318
	Percent	10.7	23.9	7.2	12.3	14.5	10.1	9.1	12.3	-	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	4	80	11	31	32	29	13	10	-	210
	Percent	1.9	38.1	5.2	14.8	15.2	13.8	6.2	4.8	-	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	1	1	4	2	-	2	-	10
	Percent	-	-	10.0	10.0	40.0	20.0	-	20.0	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	5	4	-	1	1	4	2	-	-	17
	Percent	29.4	23.5	-	5.9	5.9	23.5	11.8	-	-	100.0
Total	Cases	72	279	96	238	267	188	107	135	13	1395
	Percent	5.2	20.0	6.9	17.1	19.1	13.5	7.7	9.7	0.9	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 5a through 5g - Age Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 5b: Site = Connecticut		Age Specific Strata									Total
		0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	UNKNWN	
Pathogen											
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	16	75	53	95	127	71	63	64	-	564
	Percent	2.8	13.3	9.4	16.8	22.5	12.6	11.2	11.3	-	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	-	6	3	1	8	4	-	1	-	23
	Percent	-	26.1	13.0	4.3	34.8	17.4	-	4.3	-	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	4
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.0	75.0	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	1	33	18	9	4	6	7	16	-	94
	Percent	1.1	35.1	19.1	9.6	4.3	6.4	7.4	17.0	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	1	-	-	-	3	3	3	17	-	27
	Percent	3.7	-	-	-	11.1	11.1	11.1	63.0	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	33	137	60	75	72	65	34	57	-	533
	Percent	6.2	25.7	11.3	14.1	13.5	12.2	6.4	10.7	-	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	1	20	5	7	16	11	8	5	-	73
	Percent	1.4	27.4	6.8	9.6	21.9	15.1	11.0	6.8	-	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	5
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	40.0	60.0	-	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	2	3	-	1	2	-	1	4	-	13
	Percent	15.4	23.1	-	7.7	15.4	-	7.7	30.8	-	100.0
Total	Cases	54	274	139	188	232	162	120	167	-	1336
	Percent	4.0	20.5	10.4	14.1	17.4	12.1	9.0	12.5	-	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 5a through 5g - Age Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 5c: Site = Georgia		Age Specific Strata									Total
		0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	UNKNWN	
Pathogen											
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	26	105	43	132	127	88	48	47	106	722
	Percent	3.6	14.5	6.0	18.3	17.6	12.2	6.6	6.5	14.7	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	5	17	8	18	69	28	3	8	7	163
	Percent	3.1	10.4	4.9	11.0	42.3	17.2	1.8	4.9	4.3	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	4	2	-	-	-	-	6
	Percent	-	-	-	66.7	33.3	-	-	-	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	1	15	8	5	-	4	2	6	3	44
	Percent	2.3	34.1	18.2	11.4	-	9.1	4.5	13.6	6.8	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	8	1	1	1	2	2	1	3	1	20
	Percent	40.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	10.0	10.0	5.0	15.0	5.0	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	283	464	92	97	127	86	61	130	549	1889
	Percent	15.0	24.6	4.9	5.1	6.7	4.6	3.2	6.9	29.1	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	8	114	20	41	45	16	7	10	54	315
	Percent	2.5	36.2	6.3	13.0	14.3	5.1	2.2	3.2	17.1	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	1	1	2	1	4	4	-	1	3	17
	Percent	5.9	5.9	11.8	5.9	23.5	23.5	-	5.9	17.6	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	39	9	3	-	1	3	1	2	3	61
	Percent	63.9	14.8	4.9	-	1.6	4.9	1.6	3.3	4.9	100.0
Total	Cases	371	726	177	299	377	231	123	207	726	3237
	Percent	11.5	22.4	5.5	9.2	11.6	7.1	3.8	6.4	22.4	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 5a through 5g - Age Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 5d: Site = Maryland		Age Specific Strata									Total
		0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	UNKNWN	
Pathogen											
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	6	20	14	20	21	26	17	26	16	166
	Percent	3.6	12.0	8.4	12.0	12.7	15.7	10.2	15.7	9.6	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	-	4	1	-	1	1	-	-	1	8
	Percent	-	50.0	12.5	-	12.5	12.5	-	-	12.5	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	5	2	2	-	2	2	3	-	16
	Percent	-	31.3	12.5	12.5	-	12.5	12.5	18.8	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	7	-	12
	Percent	-	-	-	16.7	-	8.3	16.7	58.3	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	51	117	38	50	50	56	22	47	2	433
	Percent	11.8	27.0	8.8	11.5	11.5	12.9	5.1	10.9	0.5	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	2	10	1	17	13	8	3	3	1	58
	Percent	3.4	17.2	1.7	29.3	22.4	13.8	5.2	5.2	1.7	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	1	1	2	-	-	1	-	3	-	8
	Percent	12.5	12.5	25.0	-	-	12.5	-	37.5	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	9
	Percent	33.3	33.3	-	-	-	-	-	22.2	11.1	100.0
Total	Cases	63	160	58	91	85	95	46	91	21	710
	Percent	8.9	22.5	8.2	12.8	12.0	13.4	6.5	12.8	3.0	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 5a through 5g - Age Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 5e: Site = Minnesota		Age Specific Strata									Total
		0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	UNKNWN	
Pathogen											
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	34	121	81	127	138	131	75	78	-	785
	Percent	4.3	15.4	10.3	16.2	17.6	16.7	9.6	9.9	-	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	4	44	12	11	7	4	4	6	-	92
	Percent	4.3	47.8	13.0	12.0	7.6	4.3	4.3	6.5	-	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI 0157	Cases	5	56	36	25	11	12	14	16	-	175
	Percent	2.9	32.0	20.6	14.3	6.3	6.9	8.0	9.1	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	1	1	-	1	-	-	4	11	-	18
	Percent	5.6	5.6	-	5.6	-	-	22.2	61.1	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	55	138	82	89	89	69	43	63	-	628
	Percent	8.8	22.0	13.1	14.2	14.2	11.0	6.8	10.0	-	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	9	136	19	21	32	19	9	9	-	254
	Percent	3.5	53.5	7.5	8.3	12.6	7.5	3.5	3.5	-	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	1	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	4
	Percent	25.0	-	-	-	25.0	50.0	-	-	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	2	5	5	4	2	5	3	11	-	37
	Percent	5.4	13.5	13.5	10.8	5.4	13.5	8.1	29.7	-	100.0
Total	Cases	111	501	235	278	280	242	152	194	-	1993
	Percent	5.6	25.1	11.8	13.9	14.0	12.1	7.6	9.7	-	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 5a through 5g - Age Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 5f: Site = New York		Age Specific Strata									Total
		0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	UNKNWN	
Pathogen											
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	11	53	42	46	69	66	25	46	-	358
	Percent	3.1	14.8	11.7	12.8	19.3	18.4	7.0	12.8	-	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	2	7	3	5	6	3	3	2	1	32
	Percent	6.3	21.9	9.4	15.6	18.8	9.4	9.4	6.3	3.1	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI 0157	Cases	3	38	9	8	7	4	7	18	-	94
	Percent	3.2	40.4	9.6	8.5	7.4	4.3	7.4	19.1	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	4	-	6
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.3	66.7	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	32	78	31	29	24	21	17	33	-	265
	Percent	12.1	29.4	11.7	10.9	9.1	7.9	6.4	12.5	-	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	19	1	5	3	2	1	6	-	37
	Percent	-	51.4	2.7	13.5	8.1	5.4	2.7	16.2	-	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	5	-	8
	Percent	12.5	12.5	-	-	12.5	-	-	62.5	-	100.0
Total	Cases	49	196	86	93	110	96	56	114	1	801
	Percent	6.1	24.5	10.7	11.6	13.7	12.0	7.0	14.2	0.1	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 5a through 5g - Age Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 5g: Site = Oregon		Age Specific Strata									Total
		0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	UNKNWN	
Pathogen											
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	24	116	52	82	97	96	70	53	3	593
	Percent	4.0	19.6	8.8	13.8	16.4	16.2	11.8	8.9	0.5	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	2	8	1	5	12	3	1	3	-	35
	Percent	5.7	22.9	2.9	14.3	34.3	8.6	2.9	8.6	-	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI 0157	Cases	2	21	12	6	-	8	5	10	-	64
	Percent	3.1	32.8	18.8	9.4	-	12.5	7.8	15.6	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	2	1	-	1	2	1	4	5	-	16
	Percent	12.5	6.3	-	6.3	12.5	6.3	25.0	31.3	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	21	82	46	73	55	42	34	67	2	422
	Percent	5.0	19.4	10.9	17.3	13.0	10.0	8.1	15.9	0.5	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	2	44	7	13	9	4	5	9	-	93
	Percent	2.2	47.3	7.5	14.0	9.7	4.3	5.4	9.7	-	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	3
	Percent	-	-	-	-	33.3	33.3	33.3	-	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	-	2	5	3	3	2	1	3	-	19
	Percent	-	10.5	26.3	15.8	15.8	10.5	5.3	15.8	-	100.0
Total	Cases	53	274	123	183	179	157	121	150	5	1245
	Percent	4.3	22.0	9.9	14.7	14.4	12.6	9.7	12.0	0.4	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
FoodNet 1999 Final Report
Table 6 - Cases per 100,000 by Age Distribution by Pathogen for All Sites

Cases per 100,000	Age Specific Strata							
	0 - <1 YR	1 - <10 YRS	10 - <20 YRS	20 - <30 YRS	30 - <40 YRS	40 - <50 YRS	50 - <60 YRS	60+ YRS
Pathogen								
CAMPYLOBACTER	40.5	18.1	9.1	19.2	17.1	14.0	12.5	9.7
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	3.4	2.4	0.8	1.4	2.8	1.5	0.6	0.4
CYCLOSPORA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
E. COLI O157	3.7	5.5	2.4	1.6	0.5	0.9	1.3	1.8
LISTERIA	3.4	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.6	1.2
SALMONELLA	143.2	33.4	10.1	13.3	11.0	9.1	8.6	10.8
SHIGELLA	7.3	12.9	1.7	4.0	3.6	2.2	1.6	1.3
VIBRIO	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1
YERSINIA	14.6	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.7

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 6a through 6g - Cases per 100,000 by Age Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 6a: Site = California

Cases per 100,000	Age Specific Strata							
	0 - <1 YR	1 - <10 YRS	10 - <20 YRS	20 - <30 YRS	30 - <40 YRS	40 - <50 YRS	50 - <60 YRS	60+ YRS
Pathogen								
CAMPYLOBACTER	103.4	41.9	20.0	46.7	36.9	25.4	23.6	23.1
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	1.2	0.8	0.5	1.8	3.2	2.6	1.4	0.1
CYCLOSPORA	-	-	-	-	0.2	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	3.8	5.0	1.9	0.3	0.3	-	-	0.9
LISTERIA	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	-	0.3
SALMONELLA	130.2	31.5	8.8	12.2	11.8	8.9	12.9	11.4
SHIGELLA	15.3	33.2	4.2	9.7	8.2	8.1	5.8	2.9
VIBRIO	-	-	0.4	0.3	1.0	0.6	-	0.6
YERSINIA	19.1	1.7	-	0.3	0.3	1.1	0.9	-

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 6a through 6g - Cases per 100,000 by Age Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 6b: Site = Connecticut

Cases per 100,000	Age Specific Strata							
	0 - <1 YR	1 - <10 YRS	10 - <20 YRS	20 - <30 YRS	30 - <40 YRS	40 - <50 YRS	50 - <60 YRS	60+ YRS
Pathogen								
CAMPYLOBACTER	37.5	18.1	11.8	25.3	23.7	14.0	17.2	10.8
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	-	1.5	0.7	0.3	1.5	0.8	-	0.2
CYCLOSPORA	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.5
E. COLI O157	2.3	8.0	4.0	2.4	0.7	1.2	1.9	2.7
LISTERIA	2.3	-	-	-	0.6	0.6	0.8	2.9
SALMONELLA	77.3	33.1	13.3	20.0	13.5	12.8	9.3	9.6
SHIGELLA	2.3	4.8	1.1	1.9	3.0	2.2	2.2	0.8
VIBRIO	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	0.8	-
YERSINIA	4.7	0.7	-	0.3	0.4	-	0.3	0.7

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 6a through 6g - Cases per 100,000 by Age Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 6c: Site = Georgia

Cases per 100,000	Age Specific Strata							
	0 - <1 YR	1 - <10 YRS	10 - <20 YRS	20 - <30 YRS	30 - <40 YRS	40 - <50 YRS	50 - <60 YRS	60+ YRS
Pathogen								
CAMPYLOBACTER	21.8	10.1	3.8	11.8	9.6	7.3	5.8	4.5
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	4.2	1.6	0.7	1.6	5.2	2.3	0.4	0.8
CYCLOSPORA	-	-	-	0.4	0.2	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	0.8	1.4	0.7	0.4	-	0.3	0.2	0.6
LISTERIA	6.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3
SALMONELLA	237.7	44.7	8.1	8.7	9.6	7.2	7.4	12.6
SHIGELLA	6.7	11.0	1.8	3.7	3.4	1.3	0.8	1.0
VIBRIO	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.3	-	0.1
YERSINIA	32.8	0.9	0.3	-	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 6a through 6g - Cases per 100,000 by Age Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 6d: Site = Maryland

Cases per 100,000	Age Specific Strata							
	0 - <1 YR	1 - <10 YRS	10 - <20 YRS	20 - <30 YRS	30 - <40 YRS	40 - <50 YRS	50 - <60 YRS	60+ YRS
Pathogen								
CAMPYLOBACTER	18.4	6.5	4.2	6.7	4.9	6.7	6.3	6.6
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	-	1.3	0.3	-	0.2	0.3	-	-
CYCLOSPORA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	-	1.6	0.6	0.7	-	0.5	0.7	0.8
LISTERIA	-	-	-	0.7	-	0.3	0.7	1.8
SALMONELLA	156.7	37.9	11.3	16.8	11.8	14.4	8.1	12.0
SHIGELLA	6.1	3.2	0.3	5.7	3.1	2.1	1.1	0.8
VIBRIO	3.1	0.3	0.6	-	-	0.3	-	0.8
YERSINIA	9.2	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	0.5

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 6a through 6g - Cases per 100,000 by Age Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 6e: Site = Minnesota

Cases per 100,000	Age Specific Strata							
	0 - <1 YR	1 - <10 YRS	10 - <20 YRS	20 - <30 YRS	30 - <40 YRS	40 - <50 YRS	50 - <60 YRS	60+ YRS
Pathogen								
CAMPYLOBACTER	53.2	20.1	10.8	21.1	18.5	17.5	15.0	10.3
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	6.3	7.3	1.6	1.8	0.9	0.5	0.8	0.8
CYCLOSPORA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	7.8	9.3	4.8	4.1	1.5	1.6	2.8	2.1
LISTERIA	1.6	0.2	-	0.2	-	-	0.8	1.4
SALMONELLA	86.0	23.0	10.9	14.8	11.9	9.2	8.6	8.3
SHIGELLA	14.1	22.6	2.5	3.5	4.3	2.5	1.8	1.2
VIBRIO	1.6	-	-	-	0.1	0.3	-	-
YERSINIA	3.1	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.7	0.6	1.4

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 6a through 6g - Cases per 100,000 by Age Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 6f: Site = New York

Cases per 100,000	Age Specific Strata							
	0 - <1 YR	1 - <10 YRS	10 - <20 YRS	20 - <30 YRS	30 - <40 YRS	40 - <50 YRS	50 - <60 YRS	60+ YRS
Pathogen								
CAMPYLOBACTER	41.0	19.7	14.9	17.5	20.6	20.4	11.2	12.7
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	7.5	2.6	1.1	1.9	1.8	0.9	1.3	0.6
CYCLOSPORA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	11.2	14.1	3.2	3.0	2.1	1.2	3.1	5.0
LISTERIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9	1.1
SALMONELLA	119.2	29.0	11.0	11.0	7.2	6.5	7.6	9.1
SHIGELLA	-	7.1	0.4	1.9	0.9	0.6	0.4	1.7
VIBRIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	-
YERSINIA	3.7	0.4	-	-	0.3	-	-	1.4

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 6a through 6g - Cases per 100,000 by Age Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 6g: Site = Oregon

Cases per 100,000	Age Specific Strata							
	0 - <1 YR	1 - <10 YRS	10 - <20 YRS	20 - <30 YRS	30 - <40 YRS	40 - <50 YRS	50 - <60 YRS	60+ YRS
Pathogen								
CAMPYLOBACTER	54.2	29.0	10.8	19.6	20.4	17.9	17.9	9.3
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	4.5	2.0	0.2	1.2	2.5	0.6	0.3	0.5
CYCLOSPORA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	4.5	5.2	2.5	1.4	-	1.5	1.3	1.8
LISTERIA	4.5	0.2	-	0.2	0.4	0.2	1.0	0.9
SALMONELLA	47.5	20.5	9.6	17.4	11.6	7.8	8.7	11.8
SHIGELLA	4.5	11.0	1.5	3.1	1.9	0.7	1.3	1.6
VIBRIO	-	-	-	-	0.2	0.2	0.3	-
YERSINIA	-	0.5	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.5

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
FoodNet 1999 Final Report
Table 7 - Sex Distribution by Pathogen for All Sites

		Sex		Total
		M	F	
Pathogen				
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	2102	1726	3828
	Percent	54.9	45.1	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	320	132	452
	Percent	70.8	29.2	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	5	7	12
	Percent	41.7	58.3	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	238	270	508
	Percent	46.9	53.1	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	54	60	114
	Percent	47.4	52.6	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	2120	2156	4276
	Percent	49.6	50.4	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	531	495	1026
	Percent	51.8	48.2	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	29	18	47
	Percent	61.7	38.3	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	81	81	162
	Percent	50.0	50.0	100.0
Total	Cases	5480	4945	10425
	Percent	52.6	47.4	100.0

There are 292 cases where sex is unknown.
 CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 7a through 7g - Sex Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 7a: Site = California		Sex		Total
		M	F	
Pathogen				
	CAMPYLOBACTER	399	291	690
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Percent	57.8	42.2	100.0
	Cases	94	10	104
CYCLOSPORA	Percent	90.4	9.6	100.0
	Cases	1	1	2
E. COLI 0157	Percent	50.0	50.0	100.0
	Cases	11	12	23
LISTERIA	Percent	47.8	52.2	100.0
	Cases	10	5	15
SALMONELLA	Percent	66.7	33.3	100.0
	Cases	175	140	315
SHIGELLA	Percent	55.6	44.4	100.0
	Cases	126	82	208
VIBRIO	Percent	60.6	39.4	100.0
	Cases	7	3	10
YERSINIA	Percent	70.0	30.0	100.0
	Cases	10	7	17
Total	Percent	58.8	41.2	100.0
	Cases	833	551	1384
		Percent	60.2	39.8
				100.0

There are 11 cases where sex is unknown.
 CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 7a through 7g - Sex Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 7b: Site = Connecticut		Sex		Total
		M	F	
Pathogen				
	CAMPYLOBACTER	305	256	561
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Percent	54.4	45.6	100.0
	Cases	11	12	23
CYCLOSPORA	Percent	47.8	52.2	100.0
	Cases	1	3	4
E. COLI O157	Percent	25.0	75.0	100.0
	Cases	38	56	94
LISTERIA	Percent	40.4	59.6	100.0
	Cases	14	13	27
SALMONELLA	Percent	51.9	48.1	100.0
	Cases	244	288	532
SHIGELLA	Percent	45.9	54.1	100.0
	Cases	33	40	73
VIBRIO	Percent	45.2	54.8	100.0
	Cases	3	2	5
YERSINIA	Percent	60.0	40.0	100.0
	Cases	5	8	13
Total	Percent	38.5	61.5	100.0
	Cases	654	678	1332
		49.1	50.9	100.0

There are 4 cases where sex is unknown.
 CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 7a through 7g - Sex Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 7c: Site = Georgia		Sex		Total
		M	F	
Pathogen				
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	370	311	681
	Percent	54.3	45.7	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	125	33	158
	Percent	79.1	20.9	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	3	3	6
	Percent	50.0	50.0	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	15	28	43
	Percent	34.9	65.1	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	9	11	20
	Percent	45.0	55.0	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	878	808	1686
	Percent	52.1	47.9	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	179	124	303
	Percent	59.1	40.9	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	7	9	16
	Percent	43.8	56.3	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	33	27	60
	Percent	55.0	45.0	100.0
Total	Cases	1619	1354	2973
	Percent	54.5	45.5	100.0

There are 4 cases where sex is unknown.
 CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 7a through 7g - Sex Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 7d: Site = Maryland		Sex		Total
		M	F	
Pathogen				
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	92	73	165
	Percent	55.8	44.2	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	4	4	8
	Percent	50.0	50.0	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	8	8	16
	Percent	50.0	50.0	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	5	7	12
	Percent	41.7	58.3	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	200	230	430
	Percent	46.5	53.5	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	27	31	58
	Percent	46.6	53.4	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	6	2	8
	Percent	75.0	25.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	4	4	8
	Percent	50.0	50.0	100.0
Total	Cases	346	359	705
	Percent	49.1	50.9	100.0

There are 5 cases where sex is unknown.
 CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 7a through 7g - Sex Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 7e: Site = Minnesota		Sex		Total
		M	F	
Pathogen				
	CAMPYLOBACTER	436	347	783
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	55.7	44.3	100.0
	Percent	50	42	92
E. COLI O157	Cases	54.3	45.7	100.0
	Percent	87	87	174
LISTERIA	Cases	50.0	50.0	100.0
	Percent	6	12	18
SALMONELLA	Cases	33.3	66.7	100.0
	Percent	294	333	627
SHIGELLA	Cases	46.9	53.1	100.0
	Percent	112	142	254
VIBRIO	Cases	44.1	55.9	100.0
	Percent	2	2	4
YERSINIA	Cases	50.0	50.0	100.0
	Percent	18	19	37
Total	Cases	48.6	51.4	100.0
	Percent	1005	984	1989

There are 4 cases where sex is unknown.
 CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 7a through 7g - Sex Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 7f: Site = New York		Sex		Total
		M	F	
Pathogen				
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	182	176	358
	Percent	50.8	49.2	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	15	17	32
	Percent	46.9	53.1	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	44	50	94
	Percent	46.8	53.2	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	4	2	6
	Percent	66.7	33.3	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	127	138	265
	Percent	47.9	52.1	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	13	24	37
	Percent	35.1	64.9	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	1	0	1
	Percent	100.0	0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	2	6	8
	Percent	25.0	75.0	100.0
Total	Cases	388	413	801
	Percent	48.4	51.6	100.0

There are no cases where sex is unknown.
 CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 7a through 7g - Sex Distribution by Pathogen by Site

Table 7g: Site = Oregon		Sex		Total
		M	F	
Pathogen				
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	318	272	590
	Percent	53.9	46.1	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	21	14	35
	Percent	60.0	40.0	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	35	29	64
	Percent	54.7	45.3	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	6	10	16
	Percent	37.5	62.5	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	202	219	421
	Percent	48.0	52.0	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	41	52	93
	Percent	44.1	55.9	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	3	0	3
	Percent	100.0	0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	9	10	19
	Percent	47.4	52.6	100.0
Total	Cases	635	606	1241
	Percent	51.2	48.8	100.0

There are 4 cases where sex is unknown.
 CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Table 8 - Race by Pathogen for All Sites

		Race Category					Total
		ASIAN	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	WHITE	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen							
	CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	119	150	16	1806	1793 3884
		Percent	3.1	3.9	0.4	46.5	46.2 100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	8	75	1	243	130	457
	Percent	1.8	16.4	0.2	53.2	28.4	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	1	3	0	8	0	12
	Percent	8.3	25.0	0	66.7	0	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	6	16	2	410	76	510
	Percent	1.2	3.1	0.4	80.4	14.9	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	4	14	0	68	28	114
	Percent	3.5	12.3	0	59.6	24.6	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	132	514	18	2049	1775 4488	
	Percent	2.9	11.5	0.4	45.7	39.5	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	27	157	6	376	474	1040
	Percent	2.6	15.1	0.6	36.2	45.6	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	3	2	0	26	17	48
	Percent	6.3	4.2	0	54.2	35.4	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	10	47	0	54	53	164
	Percent	6.1	28.7	0	32.9	32.3	100.0
Total	Cases	310	978	43	5040	4346 10717	
	Percent	2.9	9.1	0.4	47.0	40.6	100.0

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 Tables 8a through 8g - Race by Pathogen by Site

Table 8a: Site = California		Race Category					Total
		ASIAN	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	WHITE	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen							
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	89	35	2	250	320	696
	Percent	12.8	5.0	0.3	35.9	46.0	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	4	9	1	74	16	104
	Percent	3.8	8.7	1.0	71.2	15.4	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	1	-	-	1	-	2
	Percent	50.0	-	-	50.0	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	3	3	-	16	1	23
	Percent	13.0	13.0	-	69.6	4.3	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	3	1	-	9	2	15
	Percent	20.0	6.7	-	60.0	13.3	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	61	37	1	111	108	318
	Percent	19.2	11.6	0.3	34.9	34.0	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	12	16	3	86	93	210
	Percent	5.7	7.6	1.4	41.0	44.3	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	1	-	-	6	3	10
	Percent	10.0	-	-	60.0	30.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	3	5	-	5	4	17
	Percent	17.6	29.4	-	29.4	23.5	100.0
Total	Cases	177	106	7	558	547	1395
	Percent	12.7	7.6	0.5	40.0	39.2	100.0

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 Tables 8a through 8g - Race by Pathogen by Site

Table 8b: Site = Connecticut		Race Category					Total
		ASIAN	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	WHITE	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen							
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	4	10	2	123	425	564
	Percent	0.7	1.8	0.4	21.8	75.4	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	-	2	-	19	2	23
	Percent	-	8.7	-	82.6	8.7	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	4	-	4
	Percent	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	1	1	-	89	3	94
	Percent	1.1	1.1	-	94.7	3.2	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	2	-	23	2	27
	Percent	-	7.4	-	85.2	7.4	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	8	26	-	146	353	533
	Percent	1.5	4.9	-	27.4	66.2	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	1	-	15	57	73
	Percent	-	1.4	-	20.5	78.1	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	3	2	5
	Percent	-	-	-	60.0	40.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	1	1	-	3	8	13
	Percent	7.7	7.7	-	23.1	61.5	100.0
Total	Cases	14	43	2	425	852	1336
	Percent	1.0	3.2	0.1	31.8	63.8	100.0

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 Tables 8a through 8g - Race by Pathogen by Site

Table 8c: Site = Georgia		Race Category					Total
		ASIAN	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	WHITE	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen							
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	6	61	-	310	345	722
	Percent	0.8	8.4	-	42.9	47.8	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	2	60	-	61	40	163
	Percent	1.2	36.8	-	37.4	24.5	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	3	-	3	-	6
	Percent	-	50.0	-	50.0	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	7	1	31	5	44
	Percent	-	15.9	2.3	70.5	11.4	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	7	-	5	8	20
	Percent	-	35.0	-	25.0	40.0	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	17	285	4	660	923	1889
	Percent	0.9	15.1	0.2	34.9	48.9	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	1	86	-	82	146	315
	Percent	0.3	27.3	-	26.0	46.3	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	1	1	-	7	8	17
	Percent	5.9	5.9	-	41.2	47.1	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	4	39	-	5	13	61
	Percent	6.6	63.9	-	8.2	21.3	100.0
Total	Cases	31	549	5	1164	1488	3237
	Percent	1.0	17.0	0.2	36.0	46.0	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 8a through 8g - Race by Pathogen by Site

Table 8d: Site = Maryland		Race Category					Total
		ASIAN	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	WHITE	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen							
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	1	20	-	62	83	166
	Percent	0.6	12.0	-	37.3	50.0	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	-	1	-	4	3	8
	Percent	-	12.5	-	50.0	37.5	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	1	-	14	1	16
	Percent	-	6.3	-	87.5	6.3	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	4	-	7	1	12
	Percent	-	33.3	-	58.3	8.3	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	5	130	-	217	81	433
	Percent	1.2	30.0	-	50.1	18.7	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	19	-	23	16	58
	Percent	-	32.8	-	39.7	27.6	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	1	-	4	3	8
	Percent	-	12.5	-	50.0	37.5	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	1	2	-	3	3	9
	Percent	11.1	22.2	-	33.3	33.3	100.0
Total	Cases	7	178	-	334	191	710
	Percent	1.0	25.1	-	47.0	26.9	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 8a through 8g - Race by Pathogen by Site

Table 8e: Site = Minnesota		Race Category					Total
		ASIAN	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	WHITE	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen							
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	10	6	7	434	328	785
	Percent	1.3	0.8	0.9	55.3	41.8	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	1	-	-	32	59	92
	Percent	1.1	-	-	34.8	64.1	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI 0157	Cases	1	2	1	116	55	175
	Percent	0.6	1.1	0.6	66.3	31.4	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	-	-	8	10	18
	Percent	-	-	-	44.4	55.6	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	24	21	10	388	185	628
	Percent	3.8	3.3	1.6	61.8	29.5	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	10	32	1	92	119	254
	Percent	3.9	12.6	0.4	36.2	46.9	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	1	-	-	2	1	4
	Percent	25.0	-	-	50.0	25.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	-	-	-	19	18	37
	Percent	-	-	-	51.4	48.6	100.0
Total	Cases	47	61	19	1091	775	1993
	Percent	2.4	3.1	1.0	54.7	38.9	100.0

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 Tables 8a through 8g - Race by Pathogen by Site

Table 8f: Site = New York		Race Category					Total
		ASIAN	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	WHITE	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen							
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	5	14	1	311	27	358
	Percent	1.4	3.9	0.3	86.9	7.5	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	1	3	-	27	1	32
	Percent	3.1	9.4	-	84.4	3.1	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	2	-	86	6	94
	Percent	-	2.1	-	91.5	6.4	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	1	-	-	5	-	6
	Percent	16.7	-	-	83.3	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	8	14	-	230	13	265
	Percent	3.0	5.3	-	86.8	4.9	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	2	-	31	4	37
	Percent	-	5.4	-	83.8	10.8	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	1	-	1
	Percent	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	-	-	-	8	-	8
	Percent	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
Total	Cases	15	35	1	699	51	801
	Percent	1.9	4.4	0.1	87.3	6.4	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 8a through 8g - Race by Pathogen by Site

Table 8g: Site = Oregon		Race Category					Total
		ASIAN	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	WHITE	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen							
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	4	4	4	316	265	593
	Percent	0.7	0.7	0.7	53.3	44.7	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	-	-	-	26	9	35
	Percent	-	-	-	74.3	25.7	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	Cases	1	-	-	58	5	64
	Percent	1.6	-	-	90.6	7.8	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	-	-	11	5	16
	Percent	-	-	-	68.8	31.3	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	9	1	3	297	112	422
	Percent	2.1	0.2	0.7	70.4	26.5	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	4	1	2	47	39	93
	Percent	4.3	1.1	2.2	50.5	41.9	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	3	-	3
	Percent	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	1	-	-	11	7	19
	Percent	5.3	-	-	57.9	36.8	100.0
Total	Cases	19	6	9	769	442	1245
	Percent	1.5	0.5	0.7	61.8	35.5	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Table 9 - Ethnicity by Pathogen for All Sites

		Ethnicity Category			Total
		HISPANIC	NON HISPANIC	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
	CAMPYLOBACTER	184	1291	2409	3884
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	4.7	33.2	62.0	100.0
	Percent	6.8	46.0	47.3	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	31	210	216	457
	Percent	0	91.7	8.3	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	23	357	130	510
	Percent	4.5	70.0	25.5	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	13	52	49	114
	Percent	11.4	45.6	43.0	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	173	1539	2776	4488
	Percent	3.9	34.3	61.9	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	149	313	578	1040
	Percent	14.3	30.1	55.6	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	3	19	26	48
	Percent	6.3	39.6	54.2	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	3	59	102	164
	Percent	1.8	36.0	62.2	100.0
Total	Cases	579	3851	6287	10717
	Percent	5.4	35.9	58.7	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 9a through 9g - Ethnicity by Pathogen by Site

Table 9a: Site = California		Ethnicity Category			Total
		HISPANIC	NON HISPANIC	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	86	247	363	696
	Percent	12.4	35.5	52.2	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	12	76	16	104
	Percent	11.5	73.1	15.4	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	2	-	2
	Percent	-	100.0	-	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	8	13	2	23
	Percent	34.8	56.5	8.7	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	4	11	-	15
	Percent	26.7	73.3	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	39	146	133	318
	Percent	12.3	45.9	41.8	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	51	74	85	210
	Percent	24.3	35.2	40.5	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	1	3	6	10
	Percent	10.0	30.0	60.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	1	10	6	17
	Percent	5.9	58.8	35.3	100.0
Total	Cases	202	582	611	1395
	Percent	14.5	41.7	43.8	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 9a through 9g - Ethnicity by Pathogen by Site

Table 9b: Site = Connecticut		Ethnicity Category			Total
		HISPANIC	NON HISPANIC	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	31	68	465	564
	Percent	5.5	12.1	82.4	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	4	19	-	23
	Percent	17.4	82.6	-	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	4	-	4
	Percent	-	100.0	-	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	6	84	4	94
	Percent	6.4	89.4	4.3	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	14	13	27
	Percent	-	51.9	48.1	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	32	107	394	533
	Percent	6.0	20.1	73.9	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	13	9	51	73
	Percent	17.8	12.3	69.9	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	2	3	5
	Percent	-	40.0	60.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	-	5	8	13
	Percent	-	38.5	61.5	100.0
Total	Cases	86	312	938	1336
	Percent	6.4	23.4	70.2	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 9a through 9g - Ethnicity by Pathogen by Site

Table 9c: Site = Georgia		Ethnicity Category			Total
		HISPANIC	NON HISPANIC	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	7	141	574	722
	Percent	1.0	19.5	79.5	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	7	47	109	163
	Percent	4.3	28.8	66.9	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	5	1	6
	Percent	-	83.3	16.7	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	1	24	19	44
	Percent	2.3	54.5	43.2	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	5	3	12	20
	Percent	25.0	15.0	60.0	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	41	263	1585	1889
	Percent	2.2	13.9	83.9	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	29	48	238	315
	Percent	9.2	15.2	75.6	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	2	5	10	17
	Percent	11.8	29.4	58.8	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	1	9	51	61
	Percent	1.6	14.8	83.6	100.0
Total	Cases	93	545	2599	3237
	Percent	2.9	16.8	80.3	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 9a through 9g - Ethnicity by Pathogen by Site

Table 9d: Site = Maryland		Ethnicity Category			Total
		HISPANIC	NON HISPANIC	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen		-	47	119	166
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	-	28.3	71.7	100.0
	Percent	-	50.0	50.0	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	-	4	4	8
	Percent	-	50.0	50.0	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	Cases	-	10	6	16
	Percent	-	62.5	37.5	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	6	6	12
	Percent	-	50.0	50.0	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	4	203	226	433
	Percent	0.9	46.9	52.2	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	3	24	31	58
	Percent	5.2	41.4	53.4	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	4	4	8
	Percent	-	50.0	50.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	-	3	6	9
	Percent	-	33.3	66.7	100.0
Total	Cases	7	301	402	710
	Percent	1.0	42.4	56.6	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 9a through 9g - Ethnicity by Pathogen by Site

Table 9e: Site = Minnesota		Ethnicity Category			Total
		HISPANIC	NON HISPANIC	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	7	310	468	785
	Percent	0.9	39.5	59.6	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	2	19	71	92
	Percent	2.2	20.7	77.2	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	Cases	3	92	80	175
	Percent	1.7	52.6	45.7	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	4	14	18
	Percent	-	22.2	77.8	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	16	346	266	628
	Percent	2.5	55.1	42.4	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	9	96	149	254
	Percent	3.5	37.8	58.7	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	3	1	4
	Percent	-	75.0	25.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	-	15	22	37
	Percent	-	40.5	59.5	100.0
Total	Cases	37	885	1071	1993
	Percent	1.9	44.4	53.7	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 9a through 9g - Ethnicity by Pathogen by Site

Table 9f: Site = New York		Ethnicity Category			Total
		HISPANIC	NON HISPANIC	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	12	296	50	358
	Percent	3.4	82.7	14.0	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	1	25	6	32
	Percent	3.1	78.1	18.8	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	Cases	1	83	10	94
	Percent	1.1	88.3	10.6	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	6	-	6
	Percent	-	100.0	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	8	229	28	265
	Percent	3.0	86.4	10.6	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	1	32	4	37
	Percent	2.7	86.5	10.8	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	1	1
	Percent	-	-	100.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	-	5	3	8
	Percent	-	62.5	37.5	100.0
Total	Cases	23	676	102	801
	Percent	2.9	84.4	12.7	100.0

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 Tables 9a through 9g - Ethnicity by Pathogen by Site

Table 9g: Site = Oregon		Ethnicity Category			Total
		HISPANIC	NON HISPANIC	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	41	182	370	593
	Percent	6.9	30.7	62.4	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	5	20	10	35
	Percent	14.3	57.1	28.6	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	Cases	4	51	9	64
	Percent	6.3	79.7	14.1	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	4	8	4	16
	Percent	25.0	50.0	25.0	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	33	245	144	422
	Percent	7.8	58.1	34.1	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	43	30	20	93
	Percent	46.2	32.3	21.5	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	2	1	3
	Percent	-	66.7	33.3	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	1	12	6	19
	Percent	5.3	63.2	31.6	100.0
Total	Cases	131	550	564	1245
	Percent	10.5	44.2	45.3	100.0

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 Table 10 - Salmonella Serotypes by Site

Cases	Site							Total
	Ca.	Ct.	Ga.	Md.	Mn.	NY.	Or.	
Serotype								
TYPHIMURIUM	53	161	337	110	177	49	105	992
ENTERITIDIS	31	108	76	103	66	18	35	437
NEWPORT	12	26	239	37	25	5	11	355
HEIDELBERG	28	30	85	13	87	20	22	285
MUENCHEN	28	8	77	11	24	3	73	224
JAVIANA	4	14	142	7	7	0	3	177
MONTEVIDEO	6	8	30	19	28	4	17	112
INFANTIS	12	16	22	2	21	0	14	87
BRAENDERUP	6	5	40	9	18	1	6	85
SCHWARZENGRUND	1	1	65	1	5	0	2	75
THOMPSON	4	17	20	2	15	4	3	65
HADAR	5	11	29	5	5	5	3	63
MBANDAKA	2	0	7	1	2	0	45	57
MISSISSIPPI	0	1	54	1	0	1	0	57
AGONA	15	9	16	1	10	2	3	56
SAINTPAUL	3	2	27	3	7	2	10	54
ORANIENBURG	1	13	8	4	8	1	7	42
JAVA	0	4	18	3	13	0	0	38
HARTFORD	1	3	16	1	4	1	0	26
TYPHI	4	7	6	0	4	0	5	26
MIAMI	0	19	5	1	0	0	0	25
BRANDENBURG	3	0	10	2	4	1	0	20
LITCHFIELD	1	4	5	1	2	3	3	19
STANLEY	4	0	4	0	5	1	5	19
DERBY	6	0	7	1	2	1	1	18
READING	1	3	8	1	3	0	2	18
ANATUM	6	2	3	1	2	0	1	15

(CONTINUED)

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 Table 10 - *Salmonella* Serotypes by Site

Cases	Site							Total
	Ca.	Ct.	Ga.	Md.	Mn.	NY.	Or.	
Serotype								
MANHATTAN	6	1	4	0	3	0	0	14
PARATYPHI B	1	2	2	0	1	1	7	14
LONDON	1	1	1	0	8	1	1	13
PARATYPHI A	5	2	1	1	3	0	1	13
POONA	2	2	6	0	0	1	2	13
GIVE	0	2	5	1	4	1	0	13
4,5,12:I:SUBSPI	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	13
RUBISLAW	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	13
BAREILLY	1	0	10	0	1	0	0	12
BERTA	0	1	7	2	0	1	1	12
PANAMA	1	1	2	0	3	2	2	11
VIRCHOW	4	1	2	0	3	0	1	11
JOHANNESBURG	0	0	10	1	0	0	0	11
DUBLIN	4	0	0	0	0	2	3	9
SANDIEGO	1	2	3	0	1	1	1	9
MUENSTER	0	2	1	0	5	1	0	9
HAVANA	4	0	0	1	0	3	0	8
BAILDON	2	0	4	0	0	1	0	7
CHOLERAESUIS	1	0	4	0	2	0	0	7
OHIO	1	2	1	0	1	0	2	7
SENFTENBERG	2	0	1	0	4	0	0	7
4,5,12:I:-	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	7
BLOCKLEY	0	0	1	1	3	2	0	7
ADELAIDE	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	6
UGANDA	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	6
KIAMBU	0	1	3	1	1	0	0	6
URBANA	0	2	1	1	0	1	1	6

(CONTINUED)

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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Table 10 - Salmonella Serotypes by Site

Cases	Site							Total
	Ca.	Ct.	Ga.	Md.	Mn.	NY.	Or.	
Serotype								
ARIZONAE	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	7
ISTANBUL	2	0	0	0	1	0	2	5
WORTHINGTON	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	5
9,12:1Z28:-	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	5
CUBANA	0	0	3	0	1	0	1	5
TENNESSEE	0	0	2	1	1	0	1	5
WELTEVREDEN	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	4
"O"4"H"1:-	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
"O"ROUGH"H"ROUGH	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
OSLO	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	4
SUBSPECIES IV	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	4
BREDENEY	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	4
HAIFA	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	4
KENTUCKY	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	3
MADELIA	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	3
4,12:I:-	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
BOVISMORBIFICANS	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	3
CARACAS	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
CHESTER	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
HVITTINGFOSS	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	3
NORWICH	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
MARINA	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	3
ALACHUA	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3
GAMINARA	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
LOMALINDA	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
LUCIANA	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
"O"4"H"-;1,2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2

(CONTINUED)

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Table 10 - *Salmonella* Serotypes by Site

Cases	Site							Total
	Ca.	Ct.	Ga.	Md.	Mn.	NY.	Or.	
Serotype								
4,5,12,27:I:-	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
4,5,12:I:MONOPHASIC	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
44:Z4Z23:-	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
CERRO	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
DAYTONA	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
IBADAN	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
INVERNESS	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
JAMAICA	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
KINTAMBO	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
MONOPHASIC	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
ROAN	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
SAPHRA	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
AFRICANA	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
MINNESOTA	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
SUBSPECIES II	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
SUBSPECIES IIIA	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
SUBSPECIES IIIB	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
-:FGS:-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
48:I:2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
50:K:Z53	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
AGAMA	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
B:--	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
B:--:1,6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
B:--:1,6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CHAMELEON	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
GRP B:B:-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ISANGI	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

(CONTINUED)

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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Table 10 - *Salmonella* Serotypes by Site

Cases	Site							Total
	Ca.	Ct.	Ga.	Md.	Mn.	NY.	Or.	
Serotype								
NEWBRUNSWICK	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SENDAI	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
TAMPICO	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
TELELKEBIR	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Z28	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
"O"4"H"ROUGH	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
"O"7"H" ROUGH	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
"O"9"H" L,Z13;1,5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
"O"ROUGH"H"B;1,5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
ARECHAVALETA	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
BONARIENSIS	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
SUBSPECIES III	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
1,4,12,27:-	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
1,4,12,27:EH:ENX,ENZ	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
1,4,12,27:SUBSPI	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
4,12,I:MONOPHASIC	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
4,12:I	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
4,12:I:SUBSPI	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
4,5,12,I:SUBSPI	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
4,5,12:EH:MONOPHASIC	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
4,5,12:I:-MONOPHASIC	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
43:Z4Z24:MONOPHASIC	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
44:Z39:-	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
44:Z4Z23:SUBPIV	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
48:G;Z51:-	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
48:Z4Z24:-	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
50:Z4Z23MONOPHASIC	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1

(CONTINUED)

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Table 10 - Salmonella Serotypes by Site

Cases	Site							Total
	Ca.	Ct.	Ga.	Md.	Mn.	NY.	Or.	
Serotype								
6,8:D:SUBSPI	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
7,14:-:1,5	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
9,12,IZ28 SUBSPI	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
9,12,SUBSPI	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ABAETETUBA	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ALABAMA	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
APEYEME	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
COELN	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
EASTBOURNE	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
FLINT	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
GUILDFORD	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
HEVES	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
PENSACOLA	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
TAFO	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
THOMASVILLE	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
VIRGINIA	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ESSEN	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
LANDWASSER	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
PAKISTAN	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
WANDSWORTH	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
AMAGER	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
CARRAU	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
CONCORD	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
EMEK	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
JAJA	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
POANO	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
RISSEN	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1

(CONTINUED)

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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Table 10 - *Salmonella* Serotypes by Site

Cases	Site							Total
	Ca.	Ct.	Ga.	Md.	Mn.	NY.	Or.	
Serotype								
ROODEPOORT	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
STANLEYVILLE	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
SUBGROUP III	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
IDIKAN	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
BROUGHTON	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
CLACKAMAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
INDIANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
IRUMU	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
ITAMI	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
ROMANBY	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
NOT SEROTYPED	15	16	327	70	18	120	5	571
Total	318	533	1889	433	628	265	422	4488

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 Table 11 - Percent Shigella Species by Site

		Species					Total	
		BOYDII	DYSENTERIA	FLEXNERI	SONNEI	UNKNOWN		
Site								
	California	Cases	5	1	79	118	7	210
		Percent	2.4	0.5	37.6	56.2	3.3	100.0
		Connecticut	-	-	20	51	2	73
		Percent	-	-	27.4	69.9	2.7	100.0
		Georgia	8	1	81	170	55	315
		Percent	2.5	0.3	25.7	54.0	17.5	100.0
		Maryland	2	-	21	32	3	58
		Percent	3.4	-	36.2	55.2	5.2	100.0
		Minnesota	5	2	37	207	3	254
		Percent	2.0	0.8	14.6	81.5	1.2	100.0
		New York	1	1	9	21	5	37
		Percent	2.7	2.7	24.3	56.8	13.5	100.0
		Oregon	4	1	51	36	1	93
		Percent	4.3	1.1	54.8	38.7	1.1	100.0
		Total	25	6	298	635	76	1040
		Percent	2.4	0.6	28.7	61.1	7.3	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Table 12 - Source of Specimen by Pathogen for All Sites

		Source of Specimen								Total
		ABSCESS	BLOOD	CSF	ORTHO	OTHER	OTHER STERILE SITE	STOOL	URINE	
Pathogen										
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	1	50	0	0	39	0	3794	0	3884
	Percent	0.0	1.3	0	0	1.0	0	97.7	0	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	0	0	0	0	1	0	456	0	457
	Percent	0	0	0	0	0.2	0	99.8	0	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	12
	Percent	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0	0	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	0	3	0	0	97	0	409	1	510
	Percent	0	0.6	0	0	19.0	0	80.2	0.2	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	2	70	28	0	7	4	2	1	114
	Percent	1.8	61.4	24.6	0	6.1	3.5	1.8	0.9	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	15	254	3	4	91	5	3927	189	4488
	Percent	0.3	5.7	0.1	0.1	2.0	0.1	87.5	4.2	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	3	6	0	0	8	0	1011	12	1040
	Percent	0.3	0.6	0	0	0.8	0	97.2	1.2	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	7	6	0	0	9	0	26	0	48
	Percent	14.6	12.5	0	0	18.8	0	54.2	0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	5	7	1	0	4	4	142	1	164
	Percent	3.0	4.3	0.6	0	2.4	2.4	86.6	0.6	100.0
Total	Cases	33	396	32	4	256	13	9779	204	10717
	Percent	0.3	3.7	0.3	0.0	2.4	0.1	91.2	1.9	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 12a through 12g - Source of Specimen by Pathogen by Site

Table 12a: Site = California		Source of Specimen								Total
		ABSCESS	BLOOD	CSF	ORTHO	OTHER	OTHER STERILE SITE	STOOL	URINE	
Pathogen										
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	-	11	-	-	2	-	683	-	696
	Percent	-	1.6	-	-	0.3	-	98.1	-	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	-	-	-	-	1	-	103	-	104
	Percent	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	99.0	-	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	23
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	12	2	-	-	1	-	-	15
	Percent	-	80.0	13.3	-	-	6.7	-	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	-	31	-	1	2	3	272	9	318
	Percent	-	9.7	-	0.3	0.6	0.9	85.5	2.8	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	2	-	-	1	-	206	1	210
	Percent	-	1.0	-	-	0.5	-	98.1	0.5	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	-	1	-	9	-	10
	Percent	-	-	-	-	10.0	-	90.0	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	-	-	-	-	1	1	15	-	17
	Percent	-	-	-	-	5.9	5.9	88.2	-	100.0
Total	Cases	-	56	2	1	8	5	1313	10	1395
	Percent	-	4.0	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.4	94.1	0.7	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 12a through 12g - Source of Specimen by Pathogen by Site

Table 12b: Site = Connecticut		Source of Specimen								Total
		ABSCESS	BLOOD	CSF	ORTHO	OTHER	OTHER STERILE SITE	STOOL	URINE	
Pathogen										
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	-	11	-	-	1	-	552	-	564
	Percent	-	2.0	-	-	0.2	-	97.9	-	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	23
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	94	-	94
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	1	17	8	-	1	-	-	-	27
	Percent	3.7	63.0	29.6	-	3.7	-	-	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	1	33	2	1	1	1	474	20	533
	Percent	0.2	6.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	88.9	3.8	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	1	-	-	-	-	71	1	73
	Percent	-	1.4	-	-	-	-	97.3	1.4	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	5
	Percent	40.0	-	-	-	-	-	60.0	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	-	1	1	-	-	-	11	-	13
	Percent	-	7.7	7.7	-	-	-	84.6	-	100.0
Total	Cases	4	63	11	1	3	1	1232	21	1336
	Percent	0.3	4.7	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.1	92.2	1.6	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 12a through 12g - Source of Specimen by Pathogen by Site

Table 12c: Site = Georgia		Source of Specimen								Total
		ABSCESS	BLOOD	CSF	ORTHO	OTHER	OTHER STERILE SITE	STOOL	URINE	
Pathogen										
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	-	8	-	-	18	-	696	-	722
	Percent	-	1.1	-	-	2.5	-	96.4	-	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	163	-	163
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	1	-	-	1	-	41	1	44
	Percent	-	2.3	-	-	2.3	-	93.2	2.3	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	10	9	-	-	-	1	-	20
	Percent	-	50.0	45.0	-	-	-	5.0	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	5	76	1	-	69	1	1664	73	1889
	Percent	0.3	4.0	0.1	-	3.7	0.1	88.1	3.9	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	2	-	-	7	-	302	4	315
	Percent	-	0.6	-	-	2.2	-	95.9	1.3	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	4	2	-	-	4	-	7	-	17
	Percent	23.5	11.8	-	-	23.5	-	41.2	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	3	3	-	-	2	1	52	-	61
	Percent	4.9	4.9	-	-	3.3	1.6	85.2	-	100.0
Total	Cases	12	102	10	-	101	2	2932	78	3237
	Percent	0.4	3.2	0.3	-	3.1	0.1	90.6	2.4	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 12a through 12g - Source of Specimen by Pathogen by Site

Table 12d: Site = Maryland		Source of Specimen							Total
		ABSCESS	BLOOD	CSF	ORTHO	OTHER	OTHER STERILE SITE	STOOL	
Pathogen									
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	-	10	-	-	4	-	152	- 166
	Percent	-	6.0	-	-	2.4	-	91.6	- 100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	- 8
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	- 100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	1	-	-	2	-	13	- 16
	Percent	-	6.3	-	-	12.5	-	81.3	- 100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	8	3	-	1	-	-	- 12
	Percent	-	66.7	25.0	-	8.3	-	-	- 100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	-	56	-	-	11	-	344	22 433
	Percent	-	12.9	-	-	2.5	-	79.4	5.1 100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	1	-	-	-	-	55	2 58
	Percent	-	1.7	-	-	-	-	94.8	3.4 100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	4	-	-	3	-	1	- 8
	Percent	-	50.0	-	-	37.5	-	12.5	- 100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	-	1	-	-	-	-	8	- 9
	Percent	-	11.1	-	-	-	-	88.9	- 100.0
Total	Cases	-	81	3	-	21	-	581	24 710
	Percent	-	11.4	0.4	-	3.0	-	81.8	3.4 100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 12a through 12g - Source of Specimen by Pathogen by Site

Table 12e: Site = Minnesota		Source of Specimen								Total
		ABSCESS	BLOOD	CSF	ORTHO	OTHER	OTHER STERILE SITE	STOOL	URINE	
Pathogen										
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	-	3	-	-	4	-	778	-	785
	Percent	-	0.4	-	-	0.5	-	99.1	-	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	92	-	92
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	1	-	-	-	-	174	-	175
	Percent	-	0.6	-	-	-	-	99.4	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	10	2	-	3	1	1	1	18
	Percent	-	55.6	11.1	-	16.7	5.6	5.6	5.6	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	7	21	-	2	3	-	574	21	628
	Percent	1.1	3.3	-	0.3	0.5	-	91.4	3.3	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	2	-	-	-	-	-	252	-	254
	Percent	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	99.2	-	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	4
	Percent	-	-	-	-	25.0	-	75.0	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	1	-	-	-	-	1	34	1	37
	Percent	2.7	-	-	-	-	2.7	91.9	2.7	100.0
Total	Cases	10	35	2	2	11	2	1908	23	1993
	Percent	0.5	1.8	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.1	95.7	1.2	100.0

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 Tables 12a through 12g - Source of Specimen by Pathogen by Site

Table 12f: Site = New York		Source of Specimen							Total	
		ABSCESS	BLOOD	CSF	ORTHO	OTHER	OTHER STERILE SITE	STOOL		
Pathogen										
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	-	2	-	-	8	-	348	-	358
	Percent	-	0.6	-	-	2.2	-	97.2	-	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	-	32
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	-	-	-	94	-	-	-	94
	Percent	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	6
	Percent	-	66.7	33.3	-	-	-	-	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	-	14	-	-	3	-	235	13	265
	Percent	-	5.3	-	-	1.1	-	88.7	4.9	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	4	37
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	89.2	10.8	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	Percent	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	1	1	-	-	-	-	6	-	8
	Percent	12.5	12.5	-	-	-	-	75.0	-	100.0
Total	Cases	2	21	2	-	105	-	654	17	801
	Percent	0.2	2.6	0.2	-	13.1	-	81.6	2.1	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 12a through 12g - Source of Specimen by Pathogen by Site

Table 12g: Site = Oregon		Source of Specimen								Total
		ABSCESS	BLOOD	CSF	ORTHO	OTHER	OTHER STERILE SITE	STOOL	URINE	
Pathogen										
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	1	5	-	-	2	-	585	-	593
	Percent	0.2	0.8	-	-	0.3	-	98.7	-	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	-	35
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	64	-	64
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	1	9	2	-	2	2	-	-	16
	Percent	6.3	56.3	12.5	-	12.5	12.5	-	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	2	23	-	-	2	-	364	31	422
	Percent	0.5	5.5	-	-	0.5	-	86.3	7.3	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	1	-	-	-	-	-	92	-	93
	Percent	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	98.9	-	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	-	1	-	-	1	1	16	-	19
	Percent	-	5.3	-	-	5.3	5.3	84.2	-	100.0
Total	Cases	5	38	2	-	7	3	1159	31	1245
	Percent	0.4	3.1	0.2	-	0.6	0.2	93.1	2.5	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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Table 13 - Patient Status by Pathogen for All Sites

		Patient Status			Total	
		OUTPATIENT	HOSPITALIZED	UNKNOWN		
Pathogen						
	CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	3004	373	507	3884
		Percent	77.3	9.6	13.1	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	300	90	67	457	
	Percent	65.6	19.7	14.7	100.0	
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	6	0	6	12	
	Percent	50.0	0	50.0	100.0	
E. COLI 0157	Cases	290	198	22	510	
	Percent	56.9	38.8	4.3	100.0	
LISTERIA	Cases	8	101	5	114	
	Percent	7.0	88.6	4.4	100.0	
SALMONELLA	Cases	2423	686	1379	4488	
	Percent	54.0	15.3	30.7	100.0	
SHIGELLA	Cases	737	122	181	1040	
	Percent	70.9	11.7	17.4	100.0	
VIBRIO	Cases	25	11	12	48	
	Percent	52.1	22.9	25.0	100.0	
YERSINIA	Cases	93	55	16	164	
	Percent	56.7	33.5	9.8	100.0	
Total	Cases	6886	1636	2195	10717	
	Percent	64.3	15.3	20.5	100.0	

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 13a through 13g - Patient Status by Pathogen by Site

Table 13a: Site = California		Patient Status			Total
		OUTPATIENT	HOSPITALIZED	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	603	59	34	696
	Percent	86.6	8.5	4.9	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	80	10	14	104
	Percent	76.9	9.6	13.5	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	2	-	-	2
	Percent	100.0	-	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	14	9	-	23
	Percent	60.9	39.1	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	15	-	15
	Percent	-	100.0	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	261	50	7	318
	Percent	82.1	15.7	2.2	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	177	30	3	210
	Percent	84.3	14.3	1.4	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	10	-	-	10
	Percent	100.0	-	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	11	5	1	17
	Percent	64.7	29.4	5.9	100.0
Total	Cases	1158	178	59	1395
	Percent	83.0	12.8	4.2	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 13a through 13g - Patient Status by Pathogen by Site

Table 13b: Site = Connecticut		Patient Status			Total
		OUTPATIENT	HOSPITALIZED	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	501	59	4	564
	Percent	88.8	10.5	0.7	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	18	5	-	23
	Percent	78.3	21.7	-	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	4	-	-	4
	Percent	100.0	-	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	54	40	-	94
	Percent	57.4	42.6	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	3	24	-	27
	Percent	11.1	88.9	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	407	121	5	533
	Percent	76.4	22.7	0.9	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	62	11	-	73
	Percent	84.9	15.1	-	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	2	3	-	5
	Percent	40.0	60.0	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	10	3	-	13
	Percent	76.9	23.1	-	100.0
Total	Cases	1061	266	9	1336
	Percent	79.4	19.9	0.7	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 13a through 13g - Patient Status by Pathogen by Site

Table 13c: Site = Georgia		Patient Status			Total
		OUTPATIENT	HOSPITALIZED	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	280	48	394	722
	Percent	38.8	6.6	54.6	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	75	40	48	163
	Percent	46.0	24.5	29.4	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	6	6
	Percent	-	-	100.0	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	18	8	18	44
	Percent	40.9	18.2	40.9	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	18	2	20
	Percent	-	90.0	10.0	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	456	147	1286	1889
	Percent	24.1	7.8	68.1	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	128	31	156	315
	Percent	40.6	9.8	49.5	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	5	3	9	17
	Percent	29.4	17.6	52.9	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	27	23	11	61
	Percent	44.3	37.7	18.0	100.0
Total	Cases	989	318	1930	3237
	Percent	30.6	9.8	59.6	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 13a through 13g - Patient Status by Pathogen by Site

Table 13d: Site = Maryland		Patient Status			Total
		OUTPATIENT	HOSPITALIZED	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	88	17	61	166
	Percent	53.0	10.2	36.7	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	5	-	3	8
	Percent	62.5	-	37.5	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-
E. COLI 0157	Cases	5	9	2	16
	Percent	31.3	56.3	12.5	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	1	9	2	12
	Percent	8.3	75.0	16.7	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	286	95	52	433
	Percent	66.1	21.9	12.0	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	37	7	14	58
	Percent	63.8	12.1	24.1	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	2	4	2	8
	Percent	25.0	50.0	25.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	3	3	3	9
	Percent	33.3	33.3	33.3	100.0
Total	Cases	427	144	139	710
	Percent	60.1	20.3	19.6	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 13a through 13g - Patient Status by Pathogen by Site

Table 13e: Site = Minnesota		Patient Status			Total
		OUTPATIENT	HOSPITALIZED	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	677	105	3	785
	Percent	86.2	13.4	0.4	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	70	22	-	92
	Percent	76.1	23.9	-	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-
E. COLI 0157	Cases	106	68	1	175
	Percent	60.6	38.9	0.6	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	1	16	1	18
	Percent	5.6	88.9	5.6	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	486	136	6	628
	Percent	77.4	21.7	1.0	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	229	23	2	254
	Percent	90.2	9.1	0.8	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	3	1	-	4
	Percent	75.0	25.0	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	25	12	-	37
	Percent	67.6	32.4	-	100.0
Total	Cases	1597	383	13	1993
	Percent	80.1	19.2	0.7	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 13a through 13g - Patient Status by Pathogen by Site

Table 13f: Site = New York		Patient Status			Total
		OUTPATIENT	HOSPITALIZED	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	310	39	9	358
	Percent	86.6	10.9	2.5	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	22	9	1	32
	Percent	68.8	28.1	3.1	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-
E. COLI 0157	Cases	49	44	1	94
	Percent	52.1	46.8	1.1	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	1	5	-	6
	Percent	16.7	83.3	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	193	58	14	265
	Percent	72.8	21.9	5.3	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	27	6	4	37
	Percent	73.0	16.2	10.8	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	1	1
	Percent	-	-	100.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	3	4	1	8
	Percent	37.5	50.0	12.5	100.0
Total	Cases	605	165	31	801
	Percent	75.5	20.6	3.9	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 13a through 13g - Patient Status by Pathogen by Site

Table 13g: Site = Oregon		Patient Status			Total
		OUTPATIENT	HOSPITALIZED	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	545	46	2	593
	Percent	91.9	7.8	0.3	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	30	4	1	35
	Percent	85.7	11.4	2.9	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-
E. COLI 0157	Cases	44	20	-	64
	Percent	68.8	31.3	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	2	14	-	16
	Percent	12.5	87.5	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	334	79	9	422
	Percent	79.1	18.7	2.1	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	77	14	2	93
	Percent	82.8	15.1	2.2	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	3	-	-	3
	Percent	100.0	-	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	14	5	-	19
	Percent	73.7	26.3	-	100.0
Total	Cases	1049	182	14	1245
	Percent	84.3	14.6	1.1	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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Table 14 - Patient Outcome by Pathogen for All Sites

		Patient Outcome			Total
		ALIVE	DEAD	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	2988	5	891	3884
	Percent	76.9	0.1	22.9	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	389	5	63	457
	Percent	85.1	1.1	13.8	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	6	0	6	12
	Percent	50.0	0	50.0	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	481	7	22	510
	Percent	94.3	1.4	4.3	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	90	17	7	114
	Percent	78.9	14.9	6.1	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	2926	19	1543	4488
	Percent	65.2	0.4	34.4	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	813	3	224	1040
	Percent	78.2	0.3	21.5	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	33	1	14	48
	Percent	68.8	2.1	29.2	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	141	2	21	164
	Percent	86.0	1.2	12.8	100.0
Total	Cases	7867	59	2791	10717
	Percent	73.4	0.6	26.0	100.0

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 Tables 14a through 14g - Patient Outcome by Pathogen by Site

Table 14a: Site = California		Patient Outcome			Total
		ALIVE	DEAD	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
	CAMPYLOBACTER	516	1	179	696
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	90	2	12	104
	Percent	86.5	1.9	11.5	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	2	-	-	2
	Percent	100.0	-	-	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	23	-	-	23
	Percent	100.0	-	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	12	3	-	15
	Percent	80.0	20.0	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	244	2	72	318
	Percent	76.7	0.6	22.6	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	176	-	34	210
	Percent	83.8	-	16.2	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	8	-	2	10
	Percent	80.0	-	20.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	13	-	4	17
	Percent	76.5	-	23.5	100.0
Total	Cases	1084	8	303	1395
	Percent	77.7	0.6	21.7	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 14a through 14g - Patient Outcome by Pathogen by Site

Table 14b: Site = Connecticut		Patient Outcome			Total
		ALIVE	DEAD	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	298	-	266	564
	Percent	52.8	-	47.2	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	23	-	-	23
	Percent	100.0	-	-	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	4	-	-	4
	Percent	100.0	-	-	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	93	1	-	94
	Percent	98.9	1.1	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	23	1	3	27
	Percent	85.2	3.7	11.1	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	406	1	126	533
	Percent	76.2	0.2	23.6	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	49	-	24	73
	Percent	67.1	-	32.9	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	4	-	1	5
	Percent	80.0	-	20.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	12	-	1	13
	Percent	92.3	-	7.7	100.0
Total	Cases	912	3	421	1336
	Percent	68.3	0.2	31.5	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 14a through 14g - Patient Outcome by Pathogen by Site

Table 14c: Site = Georgia		Patient Outcome			Total
		ALIVE	DEAD	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen	Cases				
	Percent	45.0	0.1	54.8	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	114	3	46	163
	Percent	69.9	1.8	28.2	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	6	6
	Percent	-	-	100.0	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	25	-	19	44
	Percent	56.8	-	43.2	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	18	-	2	20
	Percent	90.0	-	10.0	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	597	3	1289	1889
	Percent	31.6	0.2	68.2	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	160	-	155	315
	Percent	50.8	-	49.2	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	8	-	9	17
	Percent	47.1	-	52.9	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	49	1	11	61
	Percent	80.3	1.6	18.0	100.0
Total	Cases	1296	8	1933	3237
	Percent	40.0	0.2	59.7	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 14a through 14g - Patient Outcome by Pathogen by Site

Table 14d: Site = Maryland		Patient Outcome			Total
		ALIVE	DEAD	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen	Cases				
	Percent	77.7	0.6	21.7	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	5	-	3	8
	Percent	62.5	-	37.5	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	Cases	16	-	-	16
	Percent	100.0	-	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	6	6	-	12
	Percent	50.0	50.0	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	393	4	36	433
	Percent	90.8	0.9	8.3	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	48	2	8	58
	Percent	82.8	3.4	13.8	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	6	1	1	8
	Percent	75.0	12.5	12.5	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	5	-	4	9
	Percent	55.6	-	44.4	100.0
Total	Cases	608	14	88	710
	Percent	85.6	2.0	12.4	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 14a through 14g - Patient Outcome by Pathogen by Site

Table 14e: Site = Minnesota		Patient Outcome			Total
		ALIVE	DEAD	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	784	1	-	785
	Percent	99.9	0.1	-	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	92	-	-	92
	Percent	100.0	-	-	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	Cases	172	2	1	175
	Percent	98.3	1.1	0.6	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	15	2	1	18
	Percent	83.3	11.1	5.6	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	622	3	3	628
	Percent	99.0	0.5	0.5	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	254	-	-	254
	Percent	100.0	-	-	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	4	-	-	4
	Percent	100.0	-	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	36	-	1	37
	Percent	97.3	-	2.7	100.0
Total	Cases	1979	8	6	1993
	Percent	99.3	0.4	0.3	100.0

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 Tables 14a through 14g - Patient Outcome by Pathogen by Site

Table 14f: Site = New York		Patient Outcome			Total
		ALIVE	DEAD	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	358	-	-	358
	Percent	100.0	-	-	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	31	-	1	32
	Percent	96.9	-	3.1	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	Cases	89	3	2	94
	Percent	94.7	3.2	2.1	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	5	1	-	6
	Percent	83.3	16.7	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	261	2	2	265
	Percent	98.5	0.8	0.8	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	36	1	-	37
	Percent	97.3	2.7	-	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	1	1
	Percent	-	-	100.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	8	-	-	8
	Percent	100.0	-	-	100.0
Total	Cases	788	7	6	801
	Percent	98.4	0.9	0.7	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 14a through 14g - Patient Outcome by Pathogen by Site

Table 14g: Site = Oregon		Patient Outcome			Total
		ALIVE	DEAD	UNKNOWN	
Pathogen					
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	578	1	14	593
	Percent	97.5	0.2	2.4	100.0
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM	Cases	34	-	1	35
	Percent	97.1	-	2.9	100.0
CYCLOSPORA	Cases	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-
E. COLI O157	Cases	63	1	-	64
	Percent	98.4	1.6	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	11	4	1	16
	Percent	68.8	25.0	6.3	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	403	4	15	422
	Percent	95.5	0.9	3.6	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	90	-	3	93
	Percent	96.8	-	3.2	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	3	-	-	3
	Percent	100.0	-	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	18	1	-	19
	Percent	94.7	5.3	-	100.0
Total	Cases	1200	11	34	1245
	Percent	96.4	0.9	2.7	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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Table 15 - Age Distribution for Invasive Specimens for All Sites

		Age Specific Strata									Total
		0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	UNKNWN	
Pathogen											
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	0	3	3	8	9	6	2	14	5	50
	Percent	0	6.0	6.0	16.0	18.0	12.0	4.0	28.0	10.0	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	3
	Percent	0	0	0	0	0	33.3	33.3	33.3	0	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	12	2	1	3	3	8	15	41	13	98
	Percent	12.2	2.0	1.0	3.1	3.1	8.2	15.3	41.8	13.3	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	28	42	16	22	36	29	16	58	14	261
	Percent	10.7	16.1	6.1	8.4	13.8	11.1	6.1	22.2	5.4	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	1	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	6
	Percent	16.7	16.7	0	33.3	33.3	0	0	0	0	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	6
	Percent	0	0	0	0	0	50.0	0	50.0	0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	0	8
	Percent	25.0	0	12.5	0	0	0	0	62.5	0	100.0
Total	Cases	43	48	21	35	50	47	34	122	32	432
	Percent	10.0	11.1	4.9	8.1	11.6	10.9	7.9	28.2	7.4	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 15a through 15g - Age Distribution for Invasive Specimens by Site

Table 15a: Site = California		Age Specific Strata									Total
		0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	UNKNWN	
Pathogen											
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	-	-	2	1	2	2	-	4	-	11
	Percent	-	-	18.2	9.1	18.2	18.2	-	36.4	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LISTERIA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	12	14
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	7.1	-	7.1	85.7	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	2	3	2	5	4	5	3	8	-	32
	Percent	6.3	9.4	6.3	15.6	12.5	15.6	9.4	25.0	-	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	2
	Percent	-	-	-	50.0	50.0	-	-	-	-	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
YERSINIA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	Cases	2	3	4	7	7	8	3	13	12	59
	Percent	3.4	5.1	6.8	11.9	11.9	13.6	5.1	22.0	20.3	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 15a through 15g - Age Distribution for Invasive Specimens by Site

Table 15b: Site = Connecticut		Age Specific Strata									Total
		0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	UNKNWN	
Pathogen		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	-	-	-	3	1	1	2	4	-	11
	Percent	-	-	-	27.3	9.1	9.1	18.2	36.4	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LISTERIA	Cases	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	16	-	25
	Percent	4.0	-	-	-	8.0	12.0	12.0	64.0	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	5	9	2	5	4	2	3	6	-	36
	Percent	13.9	25.0	5.6	13.9	11.1	5.6	8.3	16.7	-	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
	Percent	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
YERSINIA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
Total	Cases	6	9	2	9	7	6	8	28	-	75
	Percent	8.0	12.0	2.7	12.0	9.3	8.0	10.7	37.3	-	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 15a through 15g - Age Distribution for Invasive Specimens by Site

Table 15c: Site = Georgia		Age Specific Strata									Total
		0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	UNKNWN	
Pathogen											
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	-	1	-	-	3	1	-	1	2	8
	Percent	-	12.5	-	-	37.5	12.5	-	12.5	25.0	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	8	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	1	19
	Percent	42.1	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	10.5	5.3	15.8	5.3	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	7	13	6	3	13	8	4	9	14	77
	Percent	9.1	16.9	7.8	3.9	16.9	10.4	5.2	11.7	18.2	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2
	Percent	50.0	-	-	-	50.0	-	-	-	-	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3
	Percent	66.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.3	-	100.0
Total	Cases	18	15	7	4	18	13	5	15	17	112
	Percent	16.1	13.4	6.3	3.6	16.1	11.6	4.5	13.4	15.2	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 15a through 15g - Age Distribution for Invasive Specimens by Site

Table 15d: Site = Maryland		Age Specific Strata									Total
		0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	UNKNWN	
Pathogen											
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	-	1	1	2	-	2	-	1	3	10
	Percent	-	10.0	10.0	20.0	-	20.0	-	10.0	30.0	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	6	-	11
	Percent	-	-	-	18.2	-	9.1	18.2	54.5	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	7	10	2	6	9	10	2	10	-	56
	Percent	12.5	17.9	3.6	10.7	16.1	17.9	3.6	17.9	-	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	Percent	-	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	4
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	25.0	-	75.0	-	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
Total	Cases	7	12	3	10	9	14	5	21	3	84
	Percent	8.3	14.3	3.6	11.9	10.7	16.7	6.0	25.0	3.6	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 15a through 15g - Age Distribution for Invasive Specimens by Site

Table 15e: Site = Minnesota		Age Specific Strata									Total
		0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	UNKNWN	
Pathogen		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3
	Percent	-	33.3	-	-	-	-	-	66.7	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	1	1	-	-	-	-	3	7	-	12
	Percent	8.3	8.3	-	-	-	-	25.0	58.3	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	4	3	3	2	3	1	2	5	-	23
	Percent	17.4	13.0	13.0	8.7	13.0	4.3	8.7	21.7	-	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
YERSINIA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	Cases	5	5	3	2	3	2	5	14	-	39
	Percent	12.8	12.8	7.7	5.1	7.7	5.1	12.8	35.9	-	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 15a through 15g - Age Distribution for Invasive Specimens by Site

Table 15f: Site = New York		Age Specific Strata									Total
		0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	UNKNWN	
Pathogen		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LISTERIA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	4	-	6
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.3	66.7	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	2	2	-	-	3	2	-	5	-	14
	Percent	14.3	14.3	-	-	21.4	14.3	-	35.7	-	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
YERSINIA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100.0
Total	Cases	2	2	-	-	3	2	2	12	-	23
	Percent	8.7	8.7	-	-	13.0	8.7	8.7	52.2	-	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 15a through 15g - Age Distribution for Invasive Specimens by Site

Table 15g: Site = Oregon		Age Specific Strata									Total
		0-<1 YR	1-<10 YRS	10-<20 YRS	20-<30 YRS	30-<40 YRS	40-<50 YRS	50-<60 YRS	60+ YRS	UNKNWN	
Pathogen		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	5
	Percent	-	-	-	40.0	60.0	-	-	-	-	100.0
E. COLI 0157	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LISTERIA	Cases	2	-	-	-	-	1	4	4	-	11
	Percent	18.2	-	-	-	-	9.1	36.4	36.4	-	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	1	2	1	1	-	1	2	15	-	23
	Percent	4.3	8.7	4.3	4.3	-	4.3	8.7	65.2	-	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
YERSINIA	Cases	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	Percent	-	-	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0
Total	Cases	3	2	2	3	3	2	6	19	-	40
	Percent	7.5	5.0	5.0	7.5	7.5	5.0	15.0	47.5	-	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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Table 16 - Sex Distribution for Invasive Specimens for All Sites

Pathogen		Sex		Total
		F	M	
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	14	35	49
	Percent	28.6	71.4	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	2	1	3
	Percent	66.7	33.3	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	46	52	98
	Percent	46.9	53.1	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	109	149	258
	Percent	42.2	57.8	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	0	5	5
	Percent	0	100.0	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	0	6	6
	Percent	0	100.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	3	5	8
	Percent	37.5	62.5	100.0
Total	Cases	174	253	427
	Percent	40.7	59.3	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 16a through 16g - Sex Distribution for Invasive Specimens by Site

Table 16a: Site = California		Sex		Total
		F	M	
Pathogen				
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	3	8	11
	Percent	27.3	72.7	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-
LISTERIA	Cases	4	10	14
	Percent	28.6	71.4	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	12	19	31
	Percent	38.7	61.3	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	2	2
	Percent	-	100.0	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-
YERSINIA	Cases	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-
Total	Cases	19	39	58
	Percent	32.8	67.2	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 16a through 16g - Sex Distribution for Invasive Specimens by Site

Table 16b: Site = Connecticut		Sex		Total
		F	M	
Pathogen				
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	3	8	11
	Percent	27.3	72.7	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-
LISTERIA	Cases	11	14	25
	Percent	44.0	56.0	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	16	20	36
	Percent	44.4	55.6	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	1	1
	Percent	-	100.0	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-
YERSINIA	Cases	1	1	2
	Percent	50.0	50.0	100.0
Total	Cases	31	44	75
	Percent	41.3	58.7	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
 FoodNet 1999 Final Report
 Tables 16a through 16g - Sex Distribution for Invasive Specimens by Site

Table 16c: Site = Georgia		Sex		Total
		F	M	
Pathogen				
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	2	5	7
	Percent	28.6	71.4	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	1	-	1
	Percent	100.0	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	10	9	19
	Percent	52.6	47.4	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	31	45	76
	Percent	40.8	59.2	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	1	1
	Percent	-	100.0	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	2	2
	Percent	-	100.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	1	2	3
	Percent	33.3	66.7	100.0
Total	Cases	45	64	109
	Percent	41.3	58.7	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 16a through 16g - Sex Distribution for Invasive Specimens by Site

Table 16d: Site = Maryland		Sex		Total
		F	M	
Pathogen				
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	2	8	10
	Percent	20.0	80.0	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	1	-	1
	Percent	100.0	-	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	7	4	11
	Percent	63.6	36.4	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	27	28	55
	Percent	49.1	50.9	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	1	1
	Percent	-	100.0	100.0
VIBRIO	Cases	-	4	4
	Percent	-	100.0	100.0
YERSINIA	Cases	-	1	1
	Percent	-	100.0	100.0
Total	Cases	37	46	83
	Percent	44.6	55.4	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 16a through 16g - Sex Distribution for Invasive Specimens by Site

Table 16e: Site = Minnesota		Sex		Total
		F	M	
Pathogen				
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	2	1	3
	Percent	66.7	33.3	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	-	1	1
	Percent	-	100.0	100.0
LISTERIA	Cases	6	6	12
	Percent	50.0	50.0	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	9	14	23
	Percent	39.1	60.9	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-
YERSINIA	Cases	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-
Total	Cases	17	22	39
	Percent	43.6	56.4	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 16a through 16g - Sex Distribution for Invasive Specimens by Site

Table 16f: Site = New York		Sex		Total
		F	M	
Pathogen				
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	-	2	2
	Percent	-	100.0	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-
LISTERIA	Cases	2	4	6
	Percent	33.3	66.7	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	5	9	14
	Percent	35.7	64.3	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-
YERSINIA	Cases	1	-	1
	Percent	100.0	-	100.0
Total	Cases	8	15	23
	Percent	34.8	65.2	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (FoodNet)
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 Tables 16a through 16g - Sex Distribution for Invasive Specimens by Site

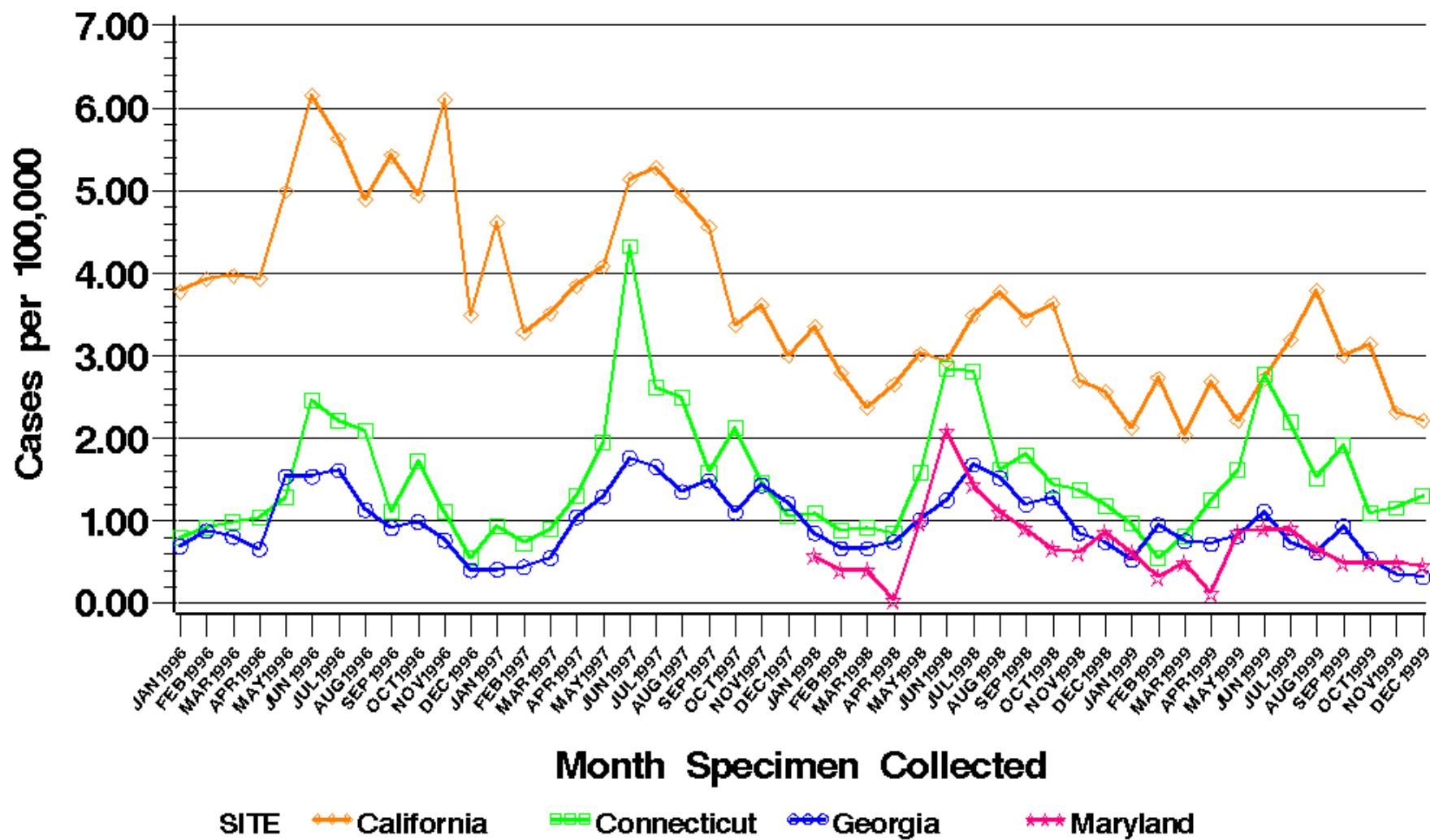
Table 16g: Site = Oregon		Sex		Total
		F	M	
Pathogen				
CAMPYLOBACTER	Cases	2	3	5
	Percent	40.0	60.0	100.0
E. COLI O157	Cases	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-
LISTERIA	Cases	6	5	11
	Percent	54.5	45.5	100.0
SALMONELLA	Cases	9	14	23
	Percent	39.1	60.9	100.0
SHIGELLA	Cases	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-
VIBRIO	Cases	-	-	-
	Percent	-	-	-
YERSINIA	Cases	-	1	1
	Percent	-	100.0	100.0
Total	Cases	17	23	40
	Percent	42.5	57.5	100.0

CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = CAMPYLOBACTER

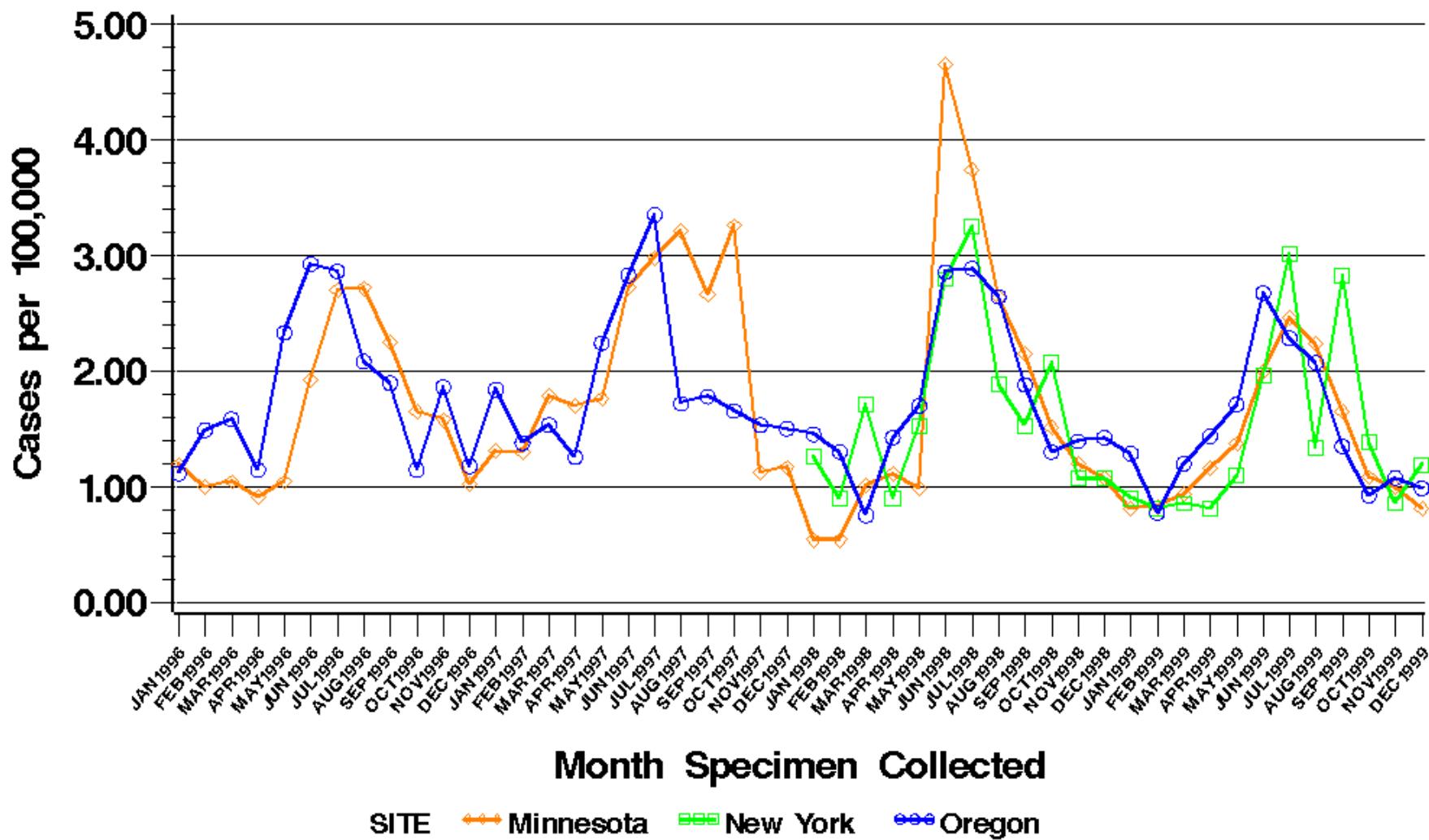


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = CAMPYLOBACTER

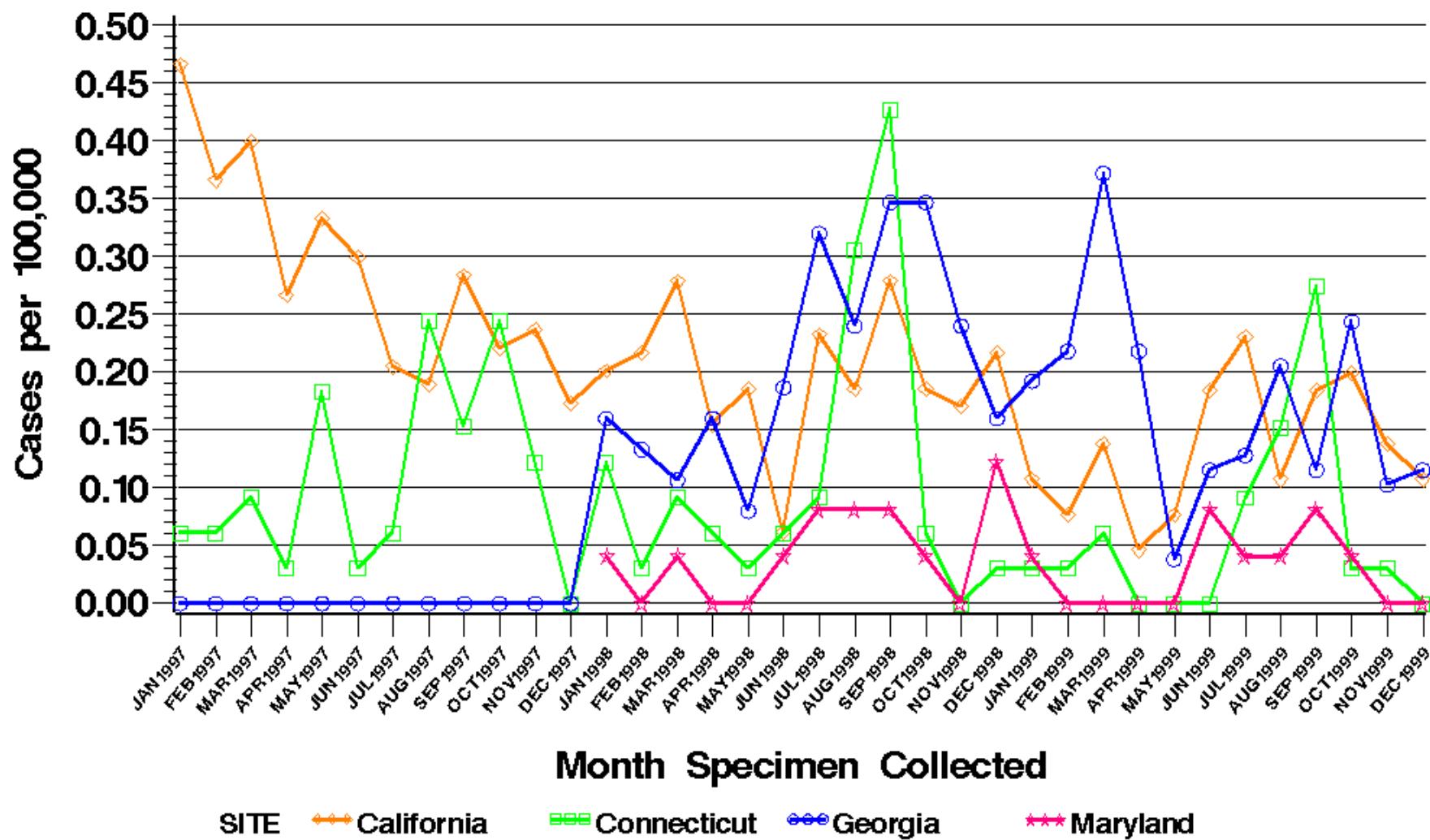


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = CRYPTOSPORIDIUM

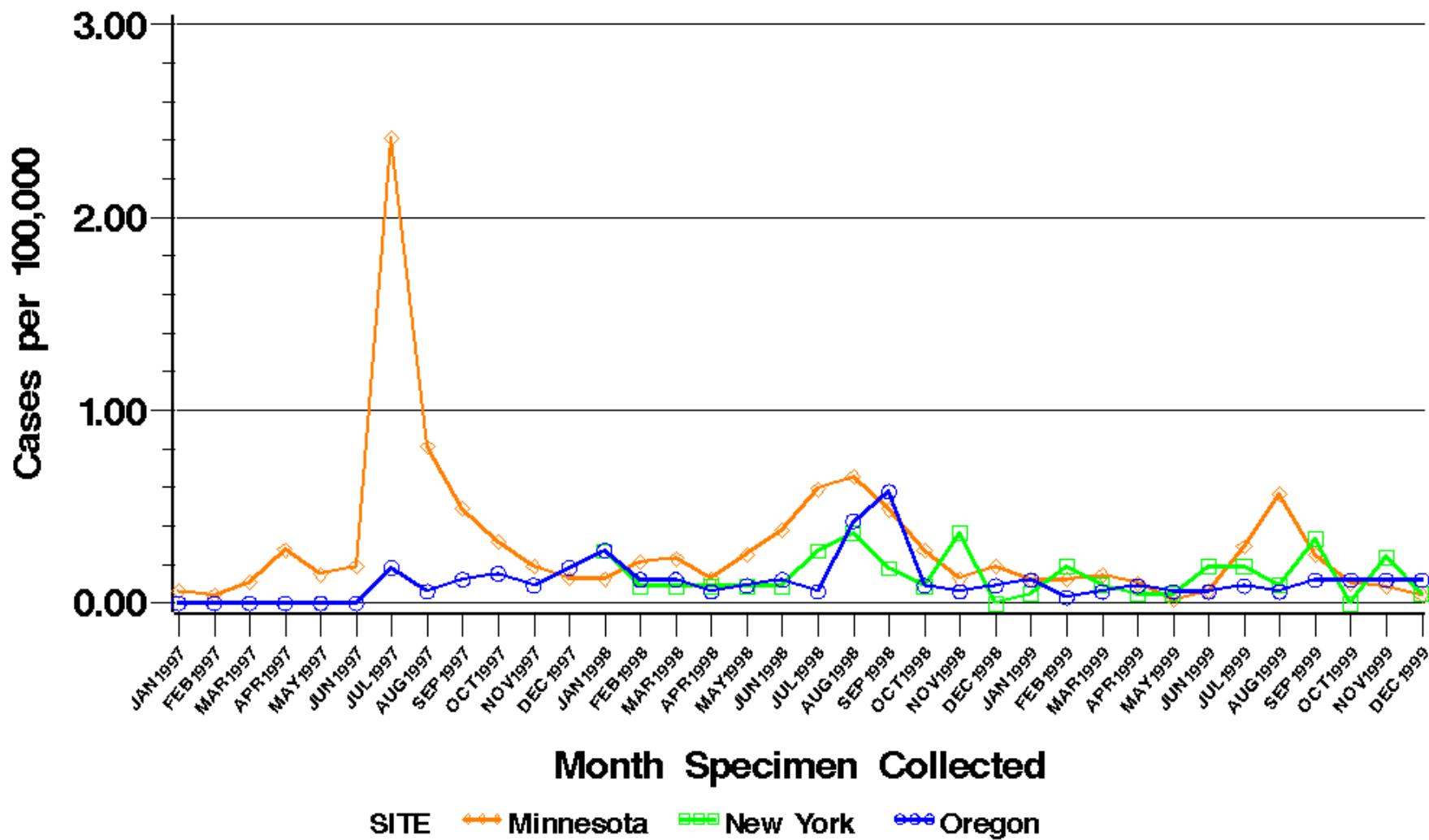


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = CRYPTOSPORIDIUM

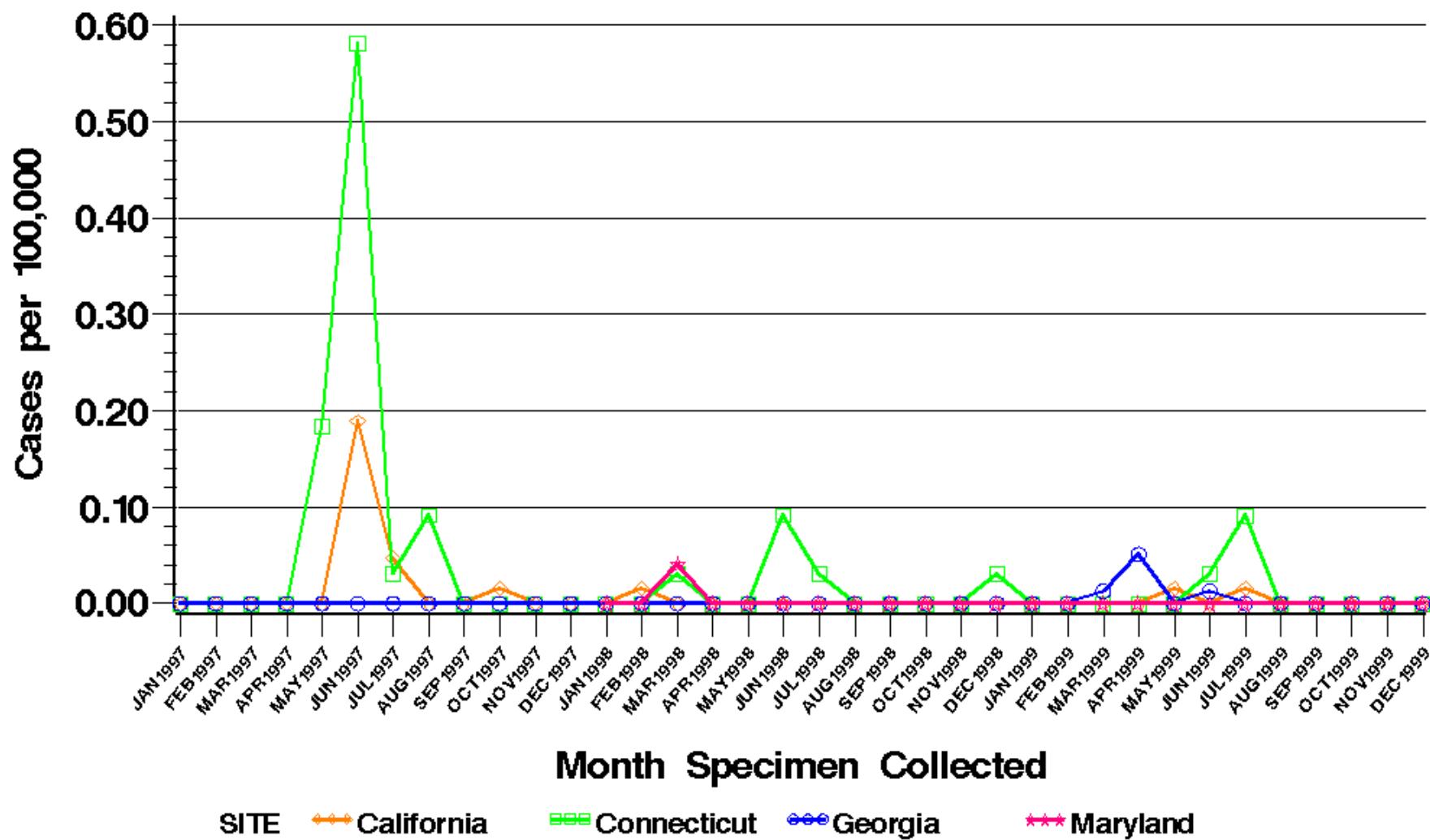


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = CYCLOSPORA

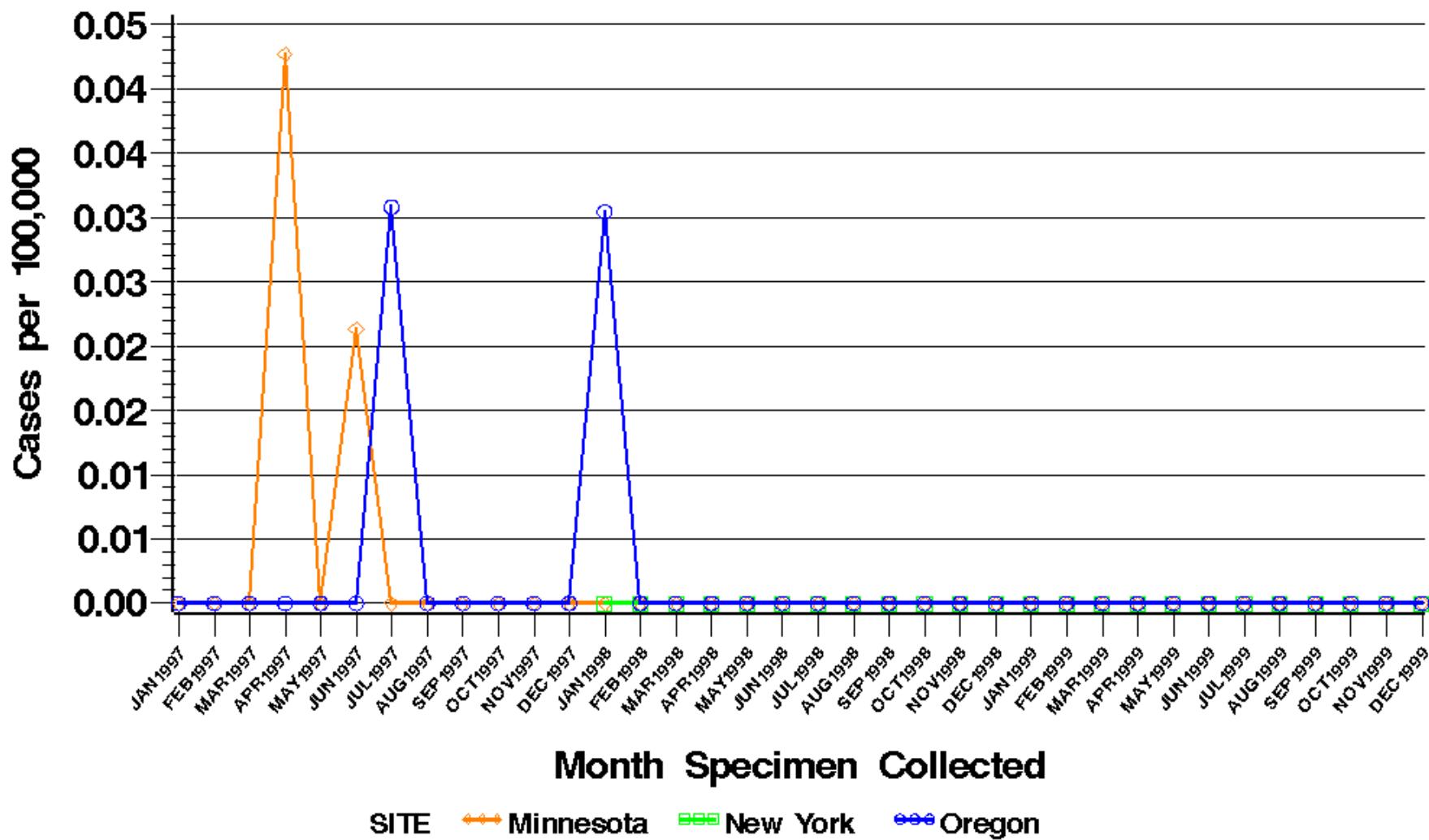


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = CYCLOSPORA

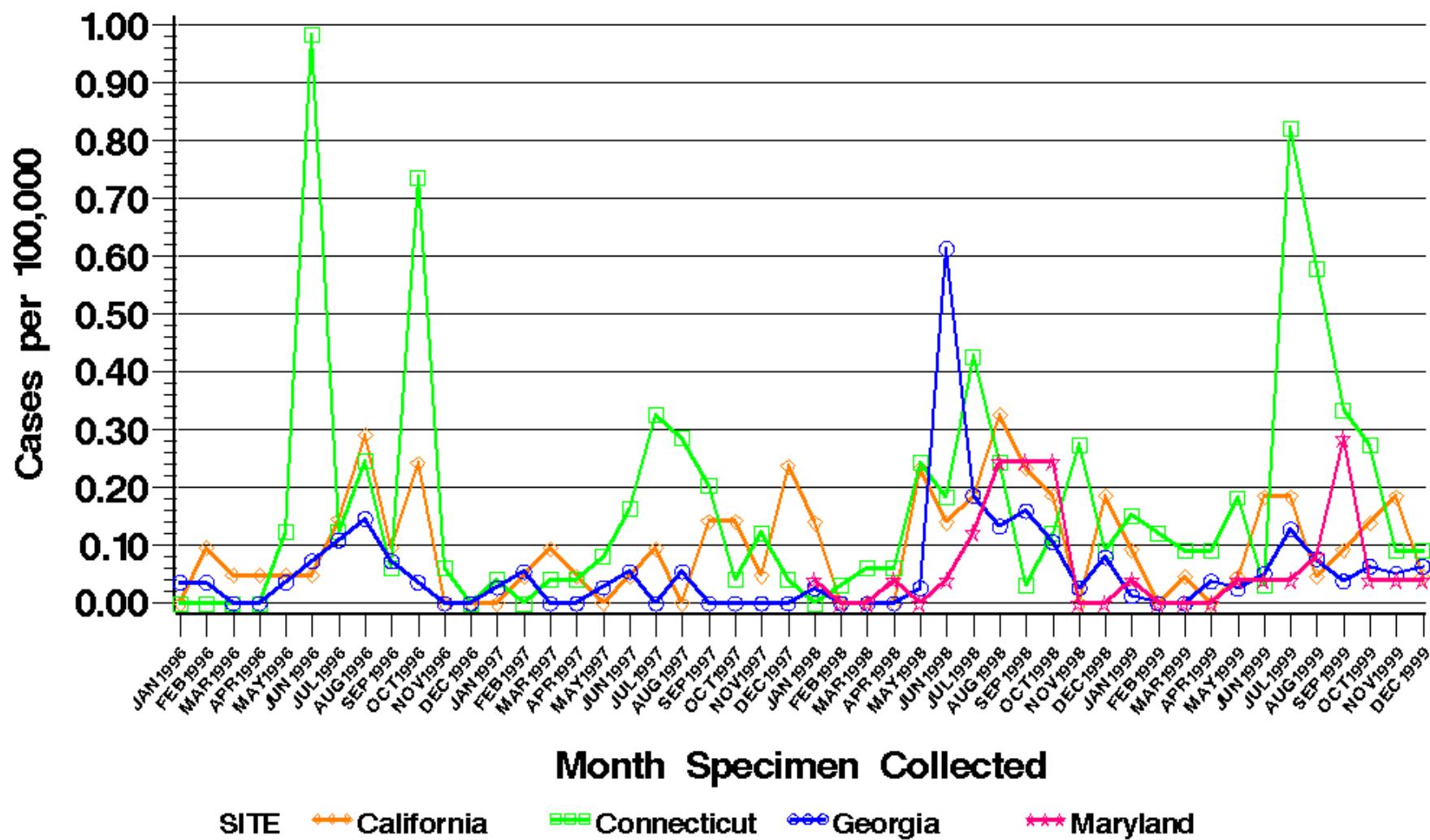


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = E. COLI O157

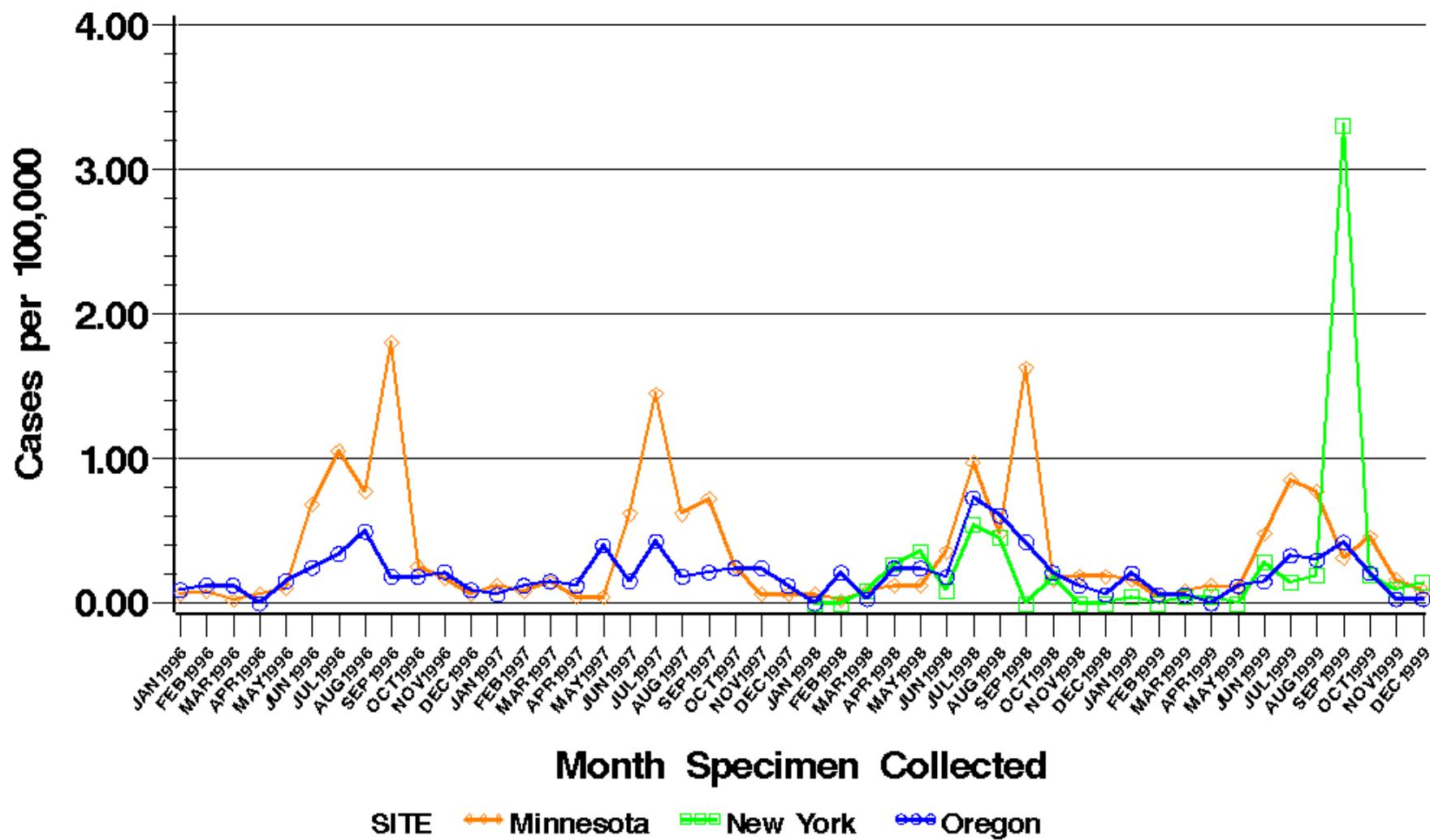


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = E. COLI O157

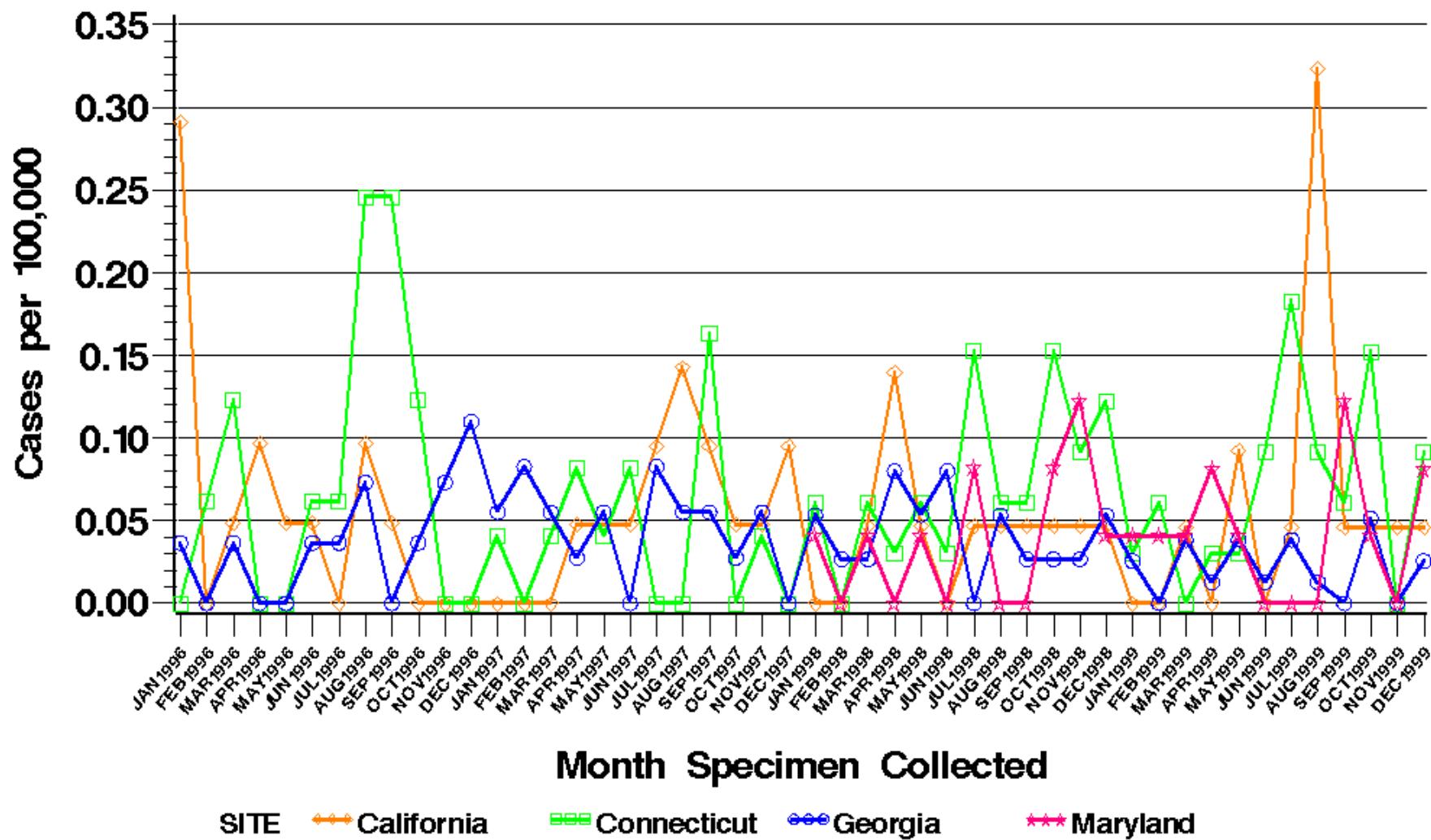


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = LISTERIA

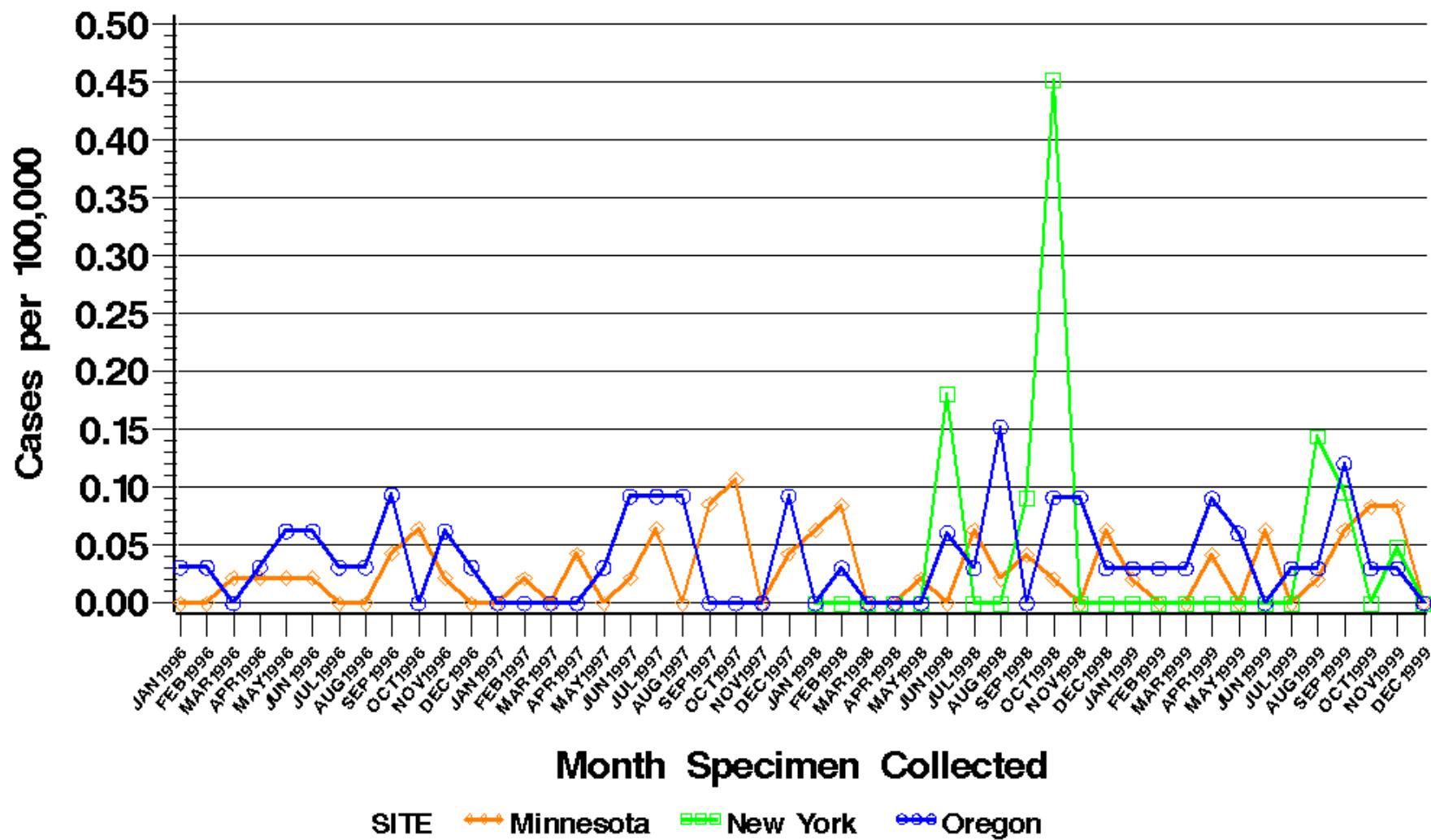


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = LISTERIA

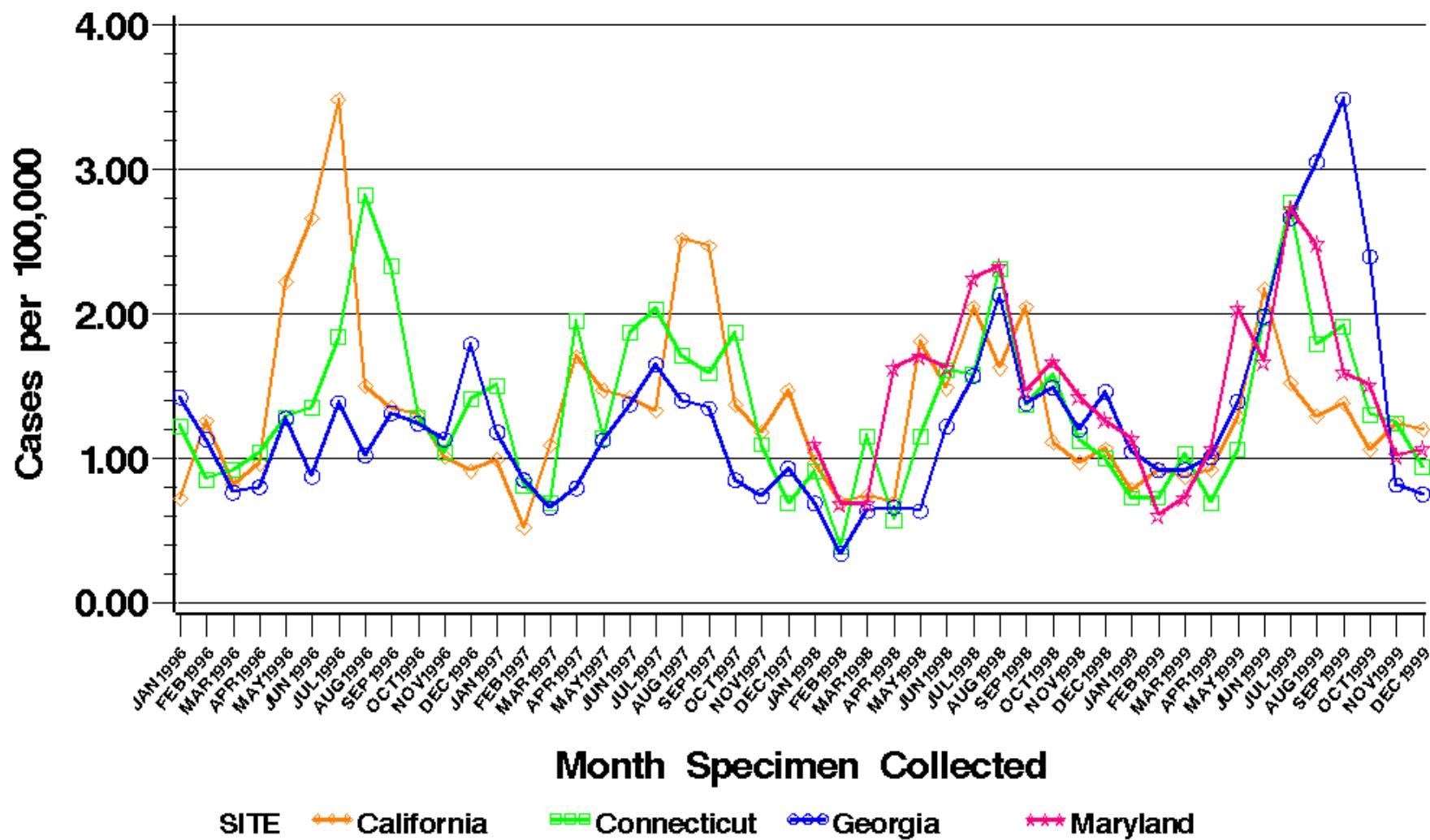


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SALMONELLA

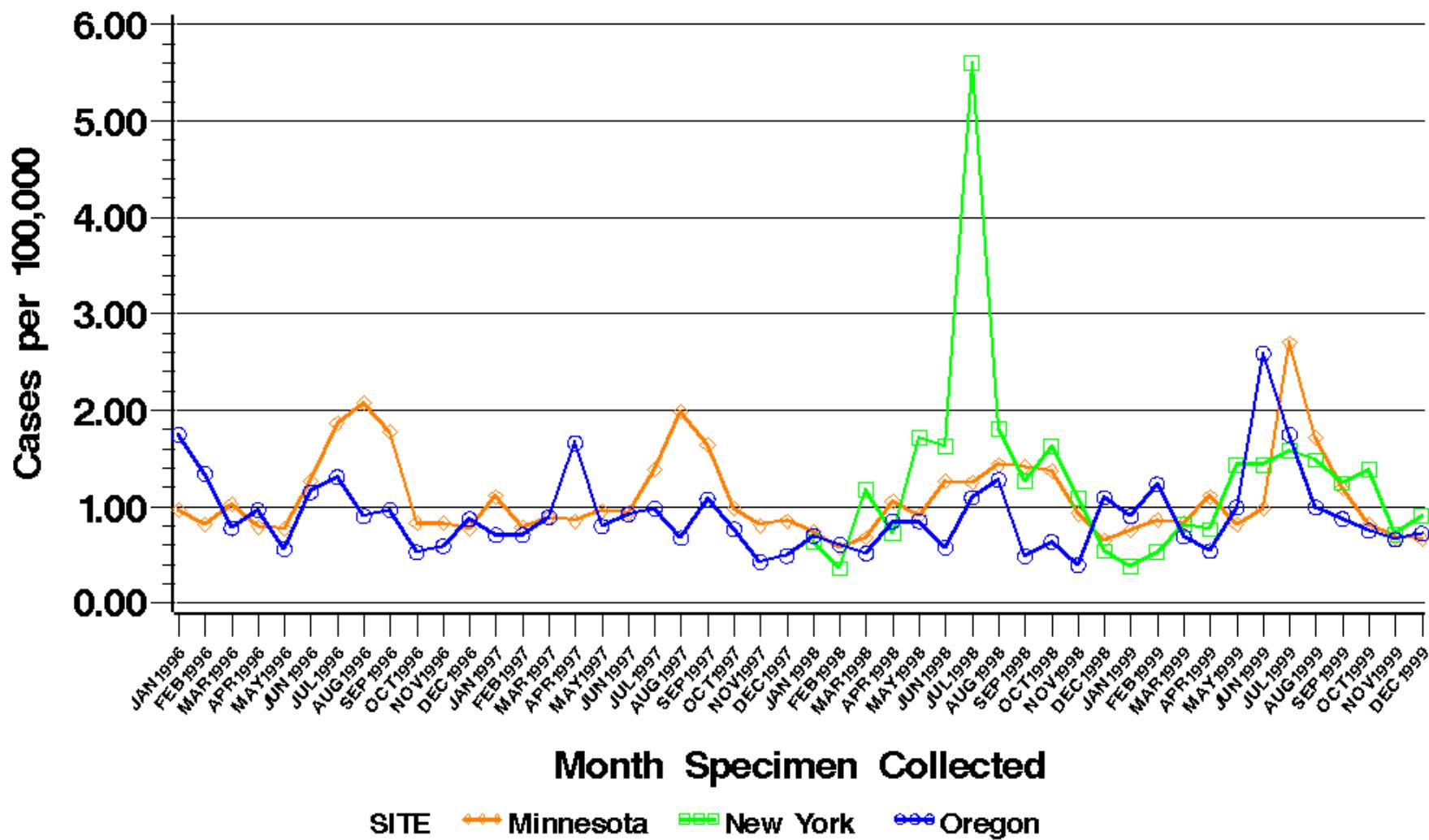


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SALMONELLA

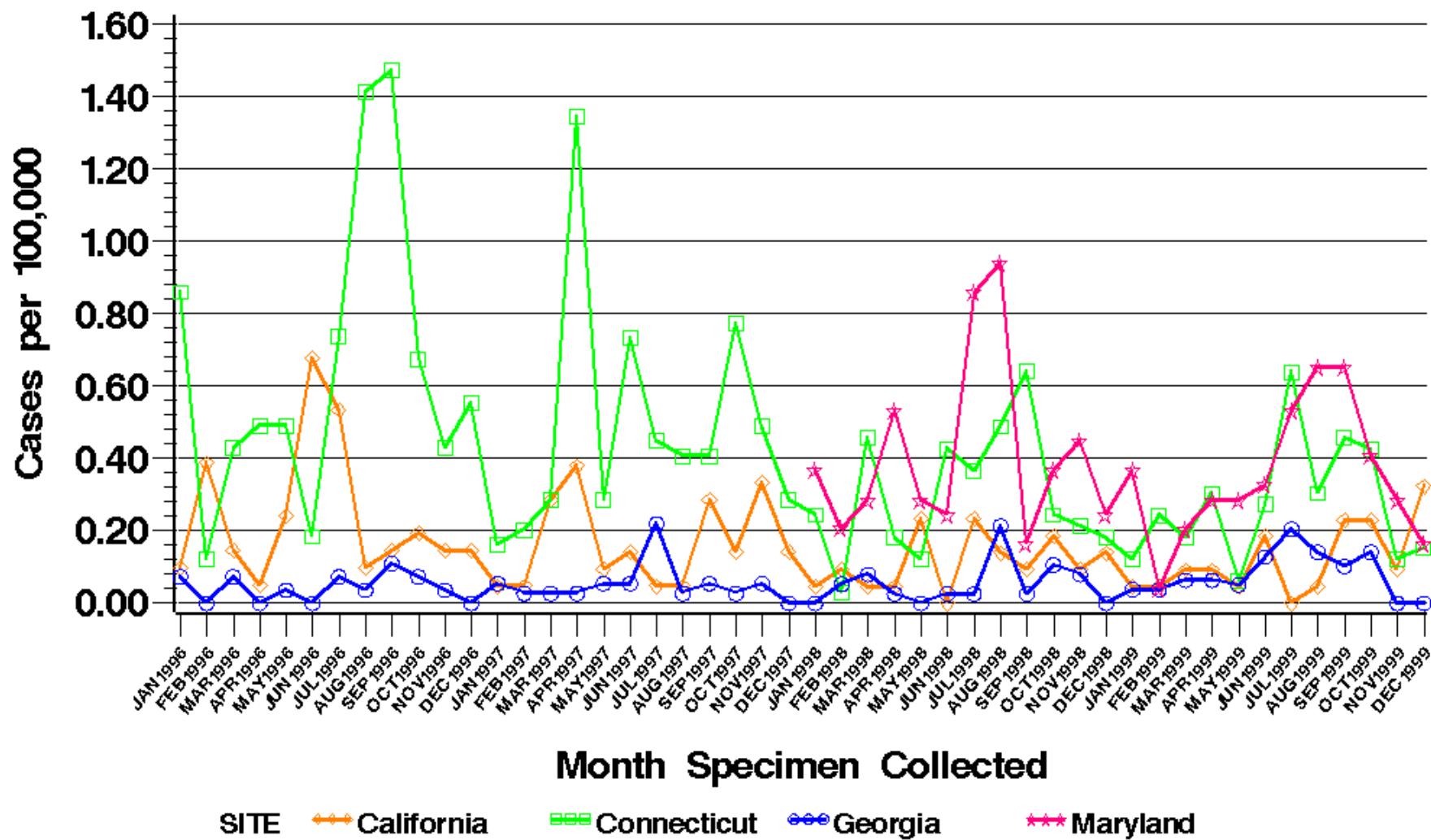


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SALMONELLA Serotype/Species = ENTERITIDIS

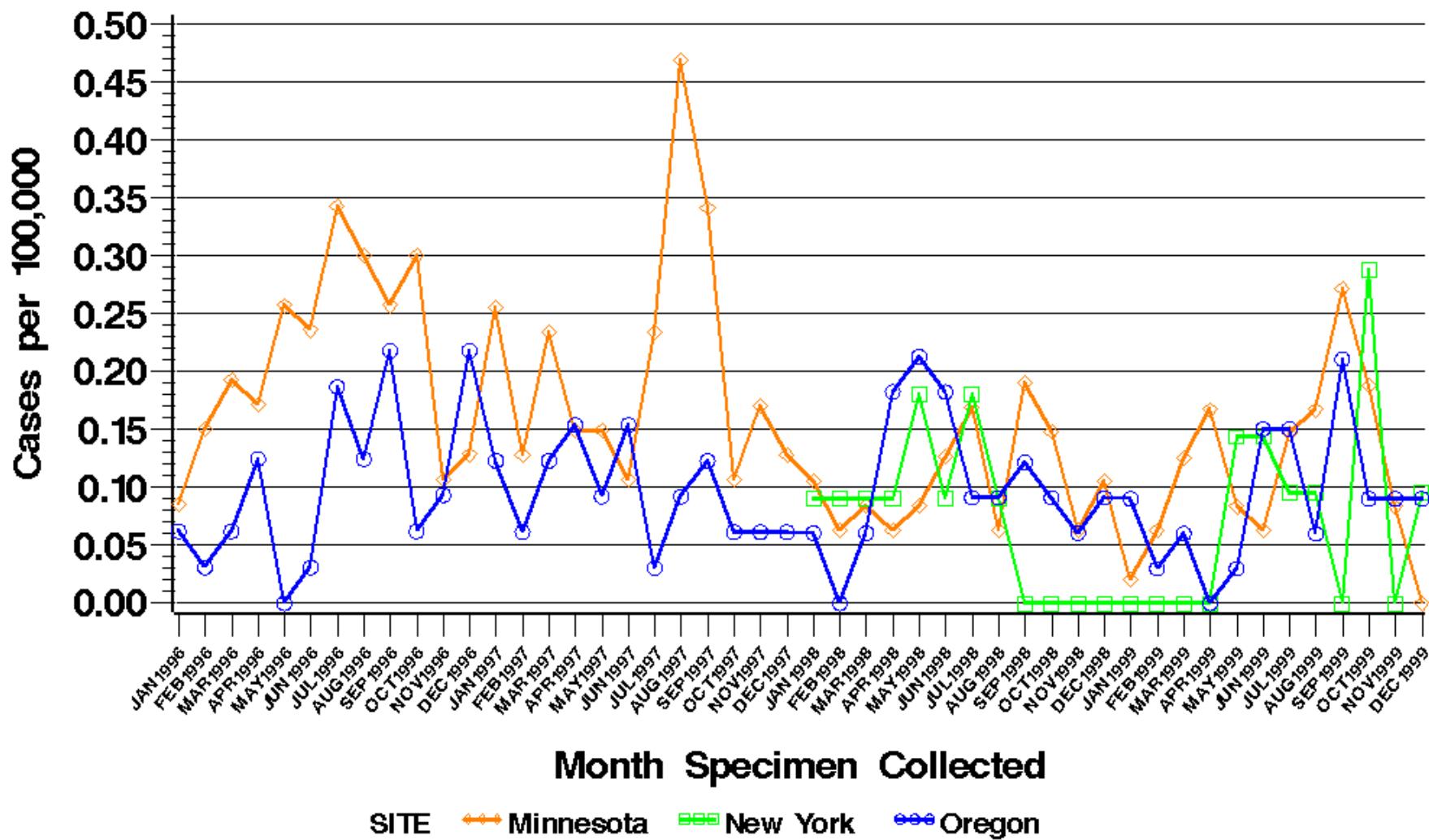


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SALMONELLA Serotype/Species = ENTERITIDIS

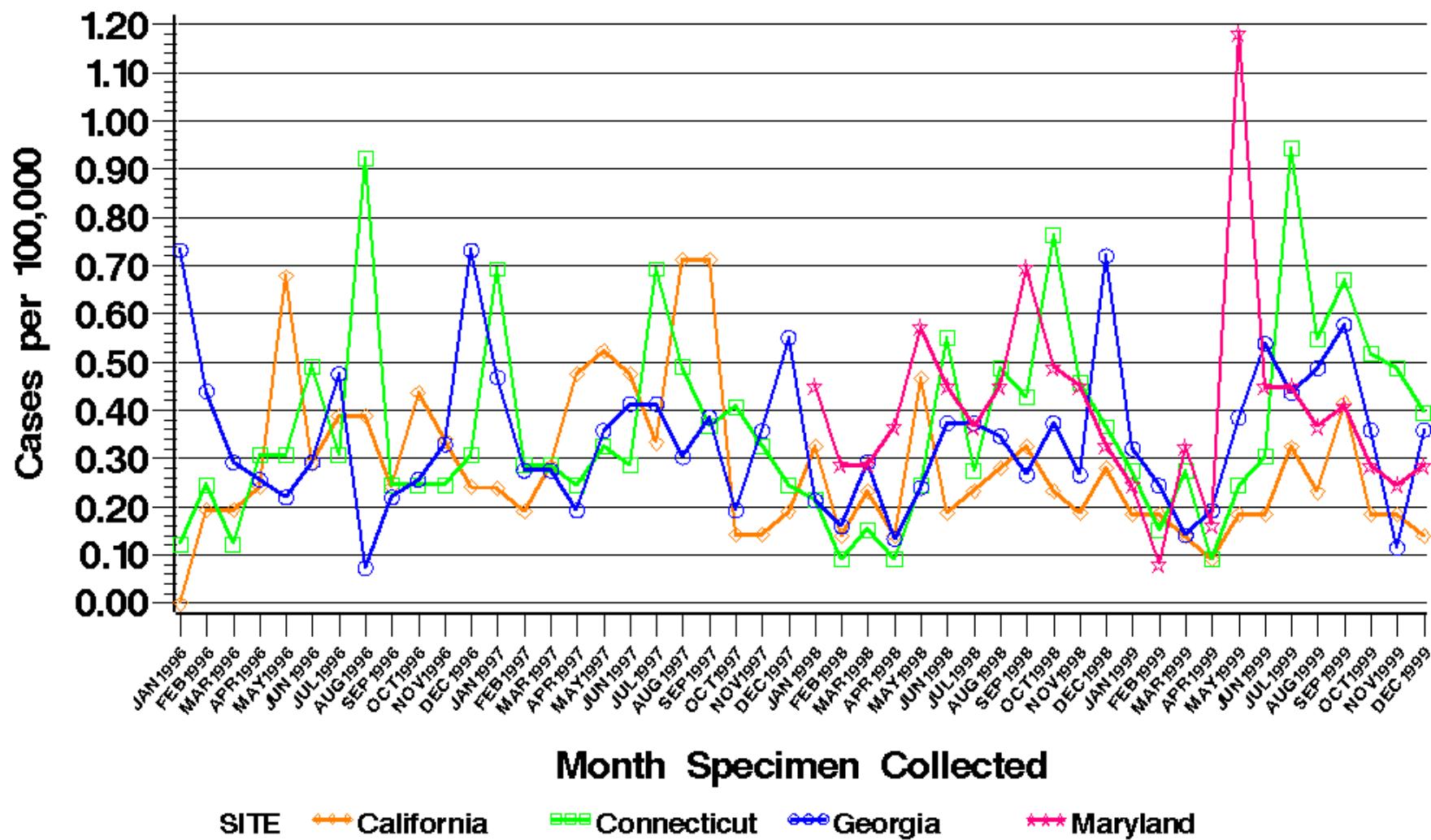


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SALMONELLA Serotype/Species = TYPHIMURIUM

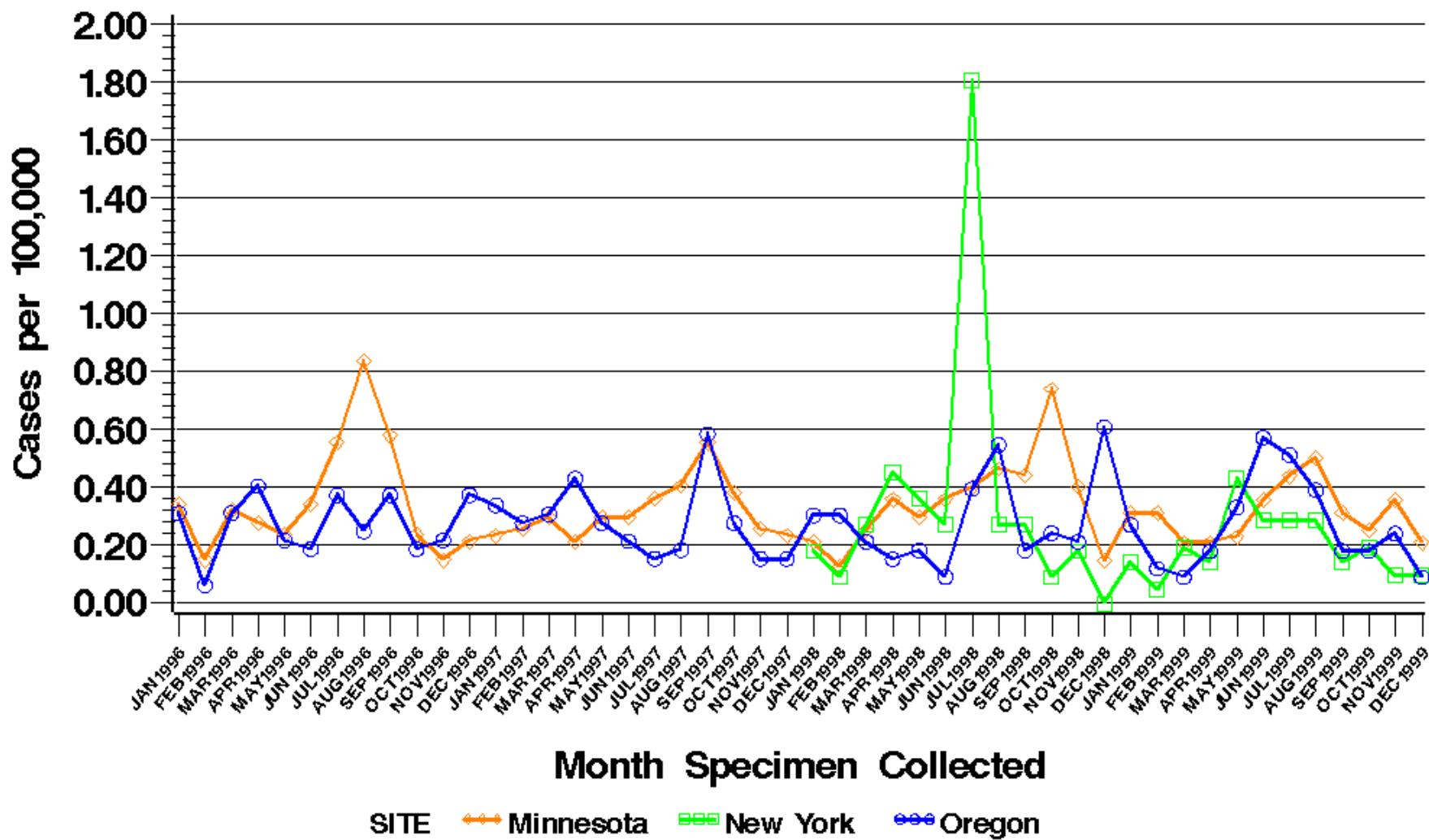


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SALMONELLA Serotype/Species = TYPHIMURIUM

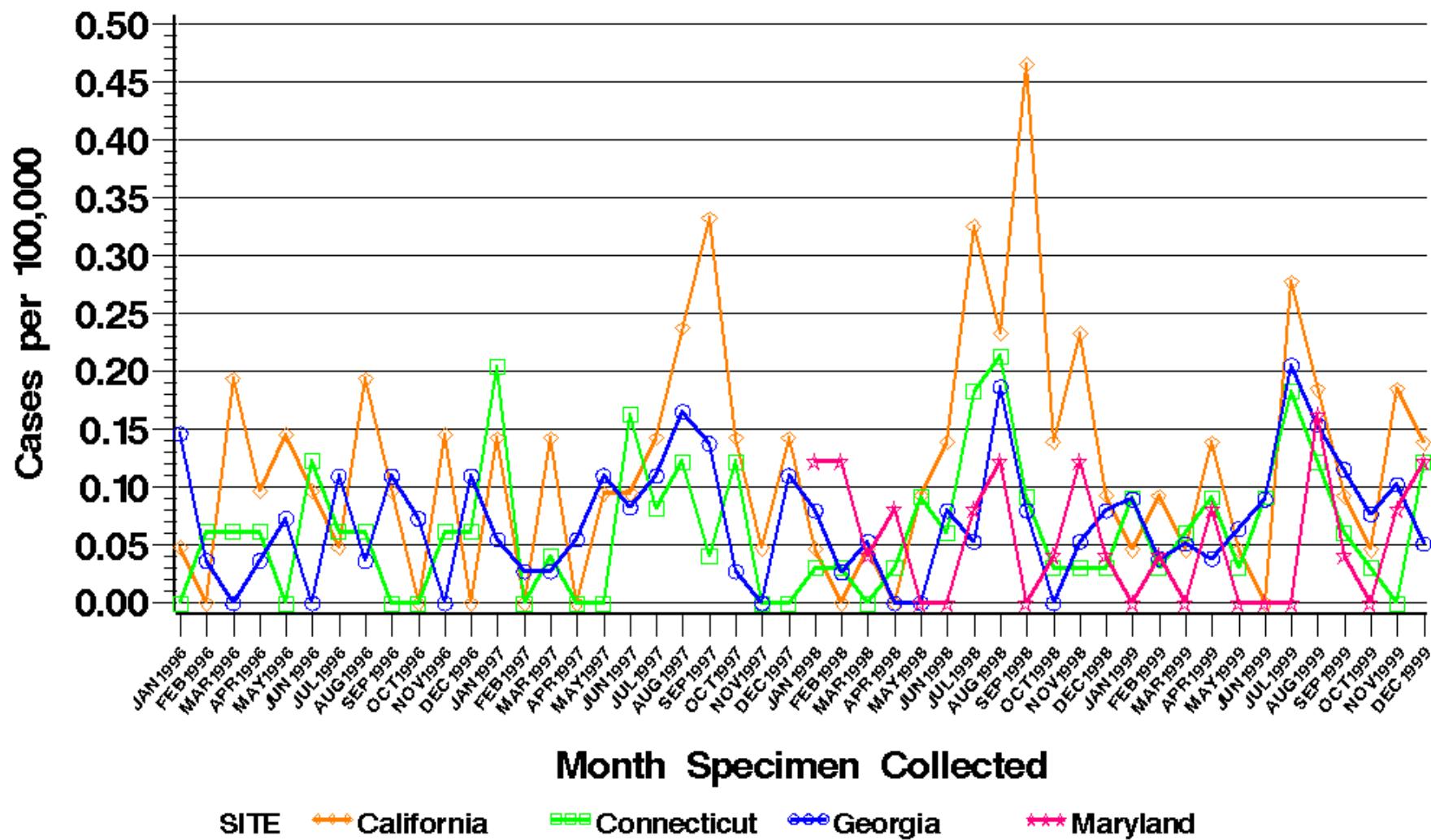


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SALMONELLA Serotype/Species = HEIDELBERG

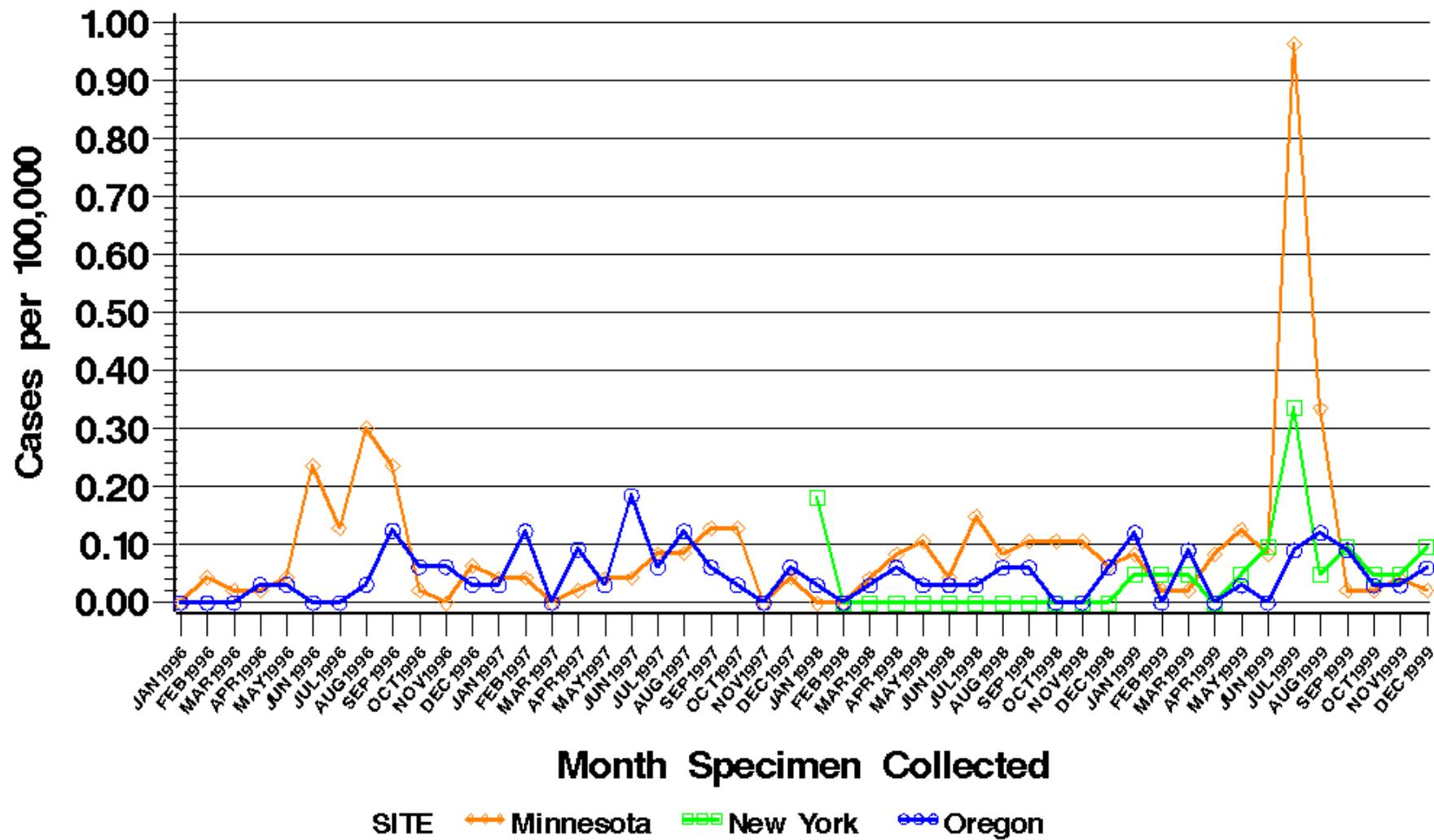


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SALMONELLA Serotype/Species = HEIDELBERG

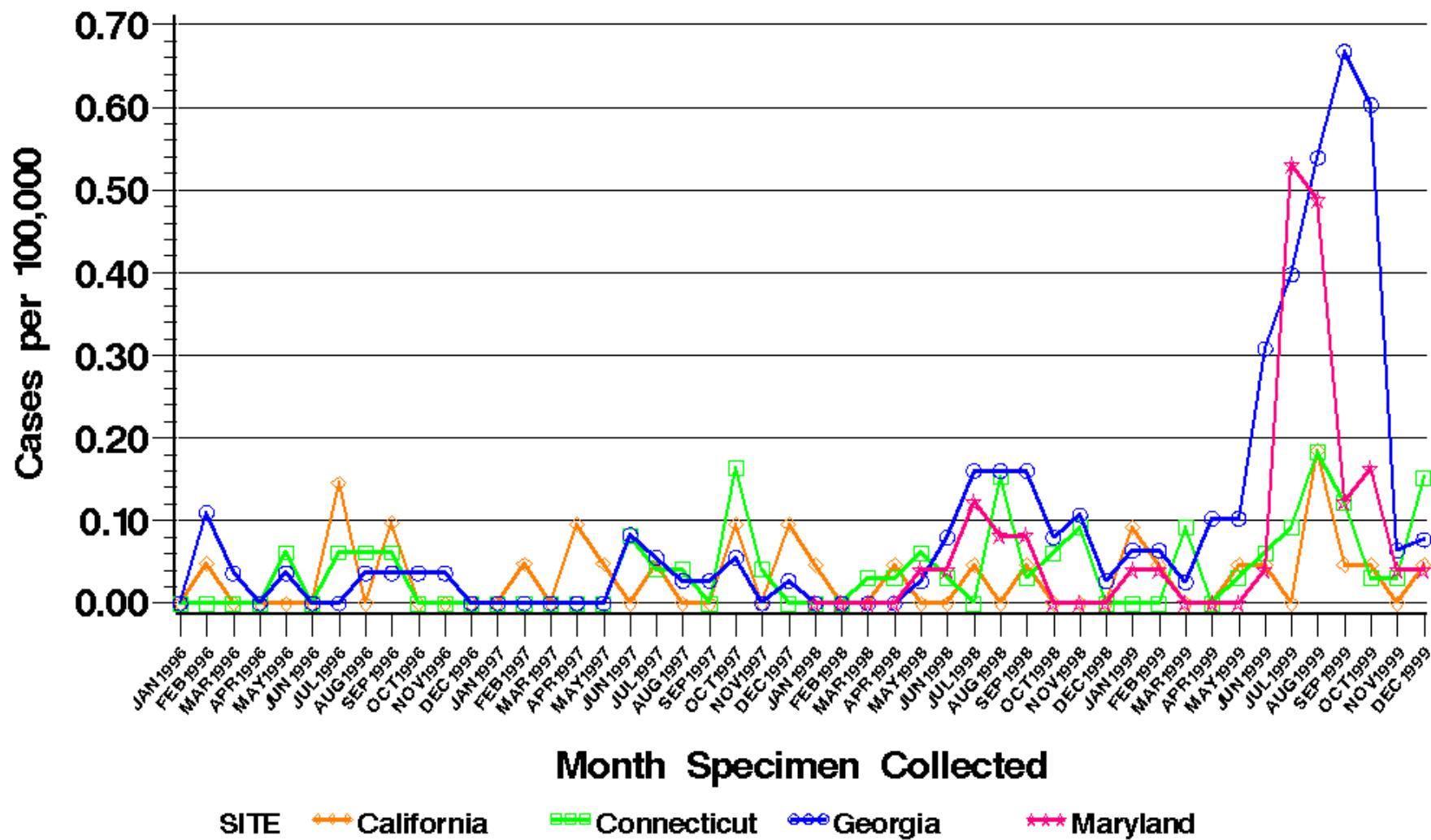


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SALMONELLA Serotype/Species = NEWPORT

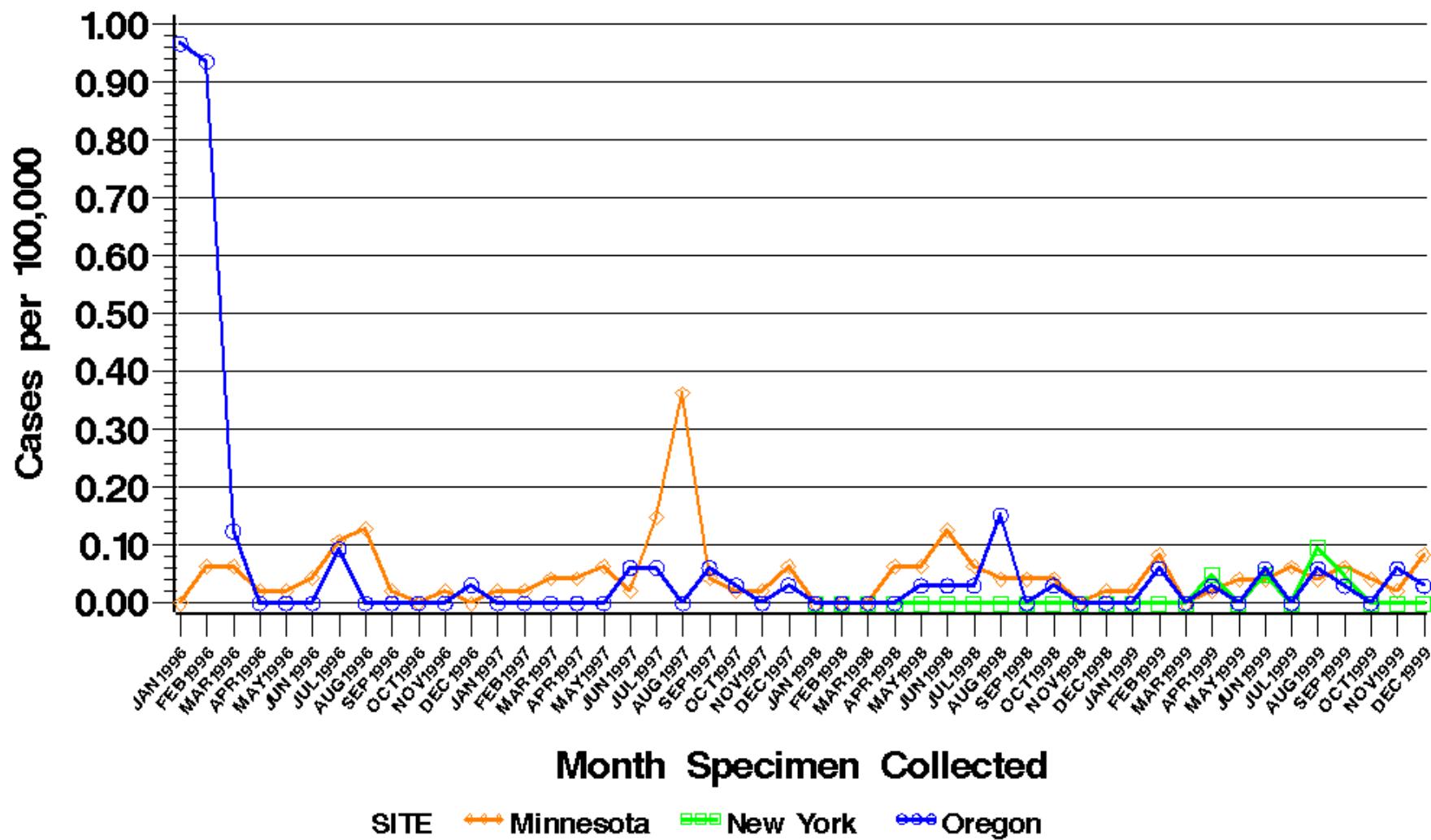


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SALMONELLA Serotype/Species = NEWPORT

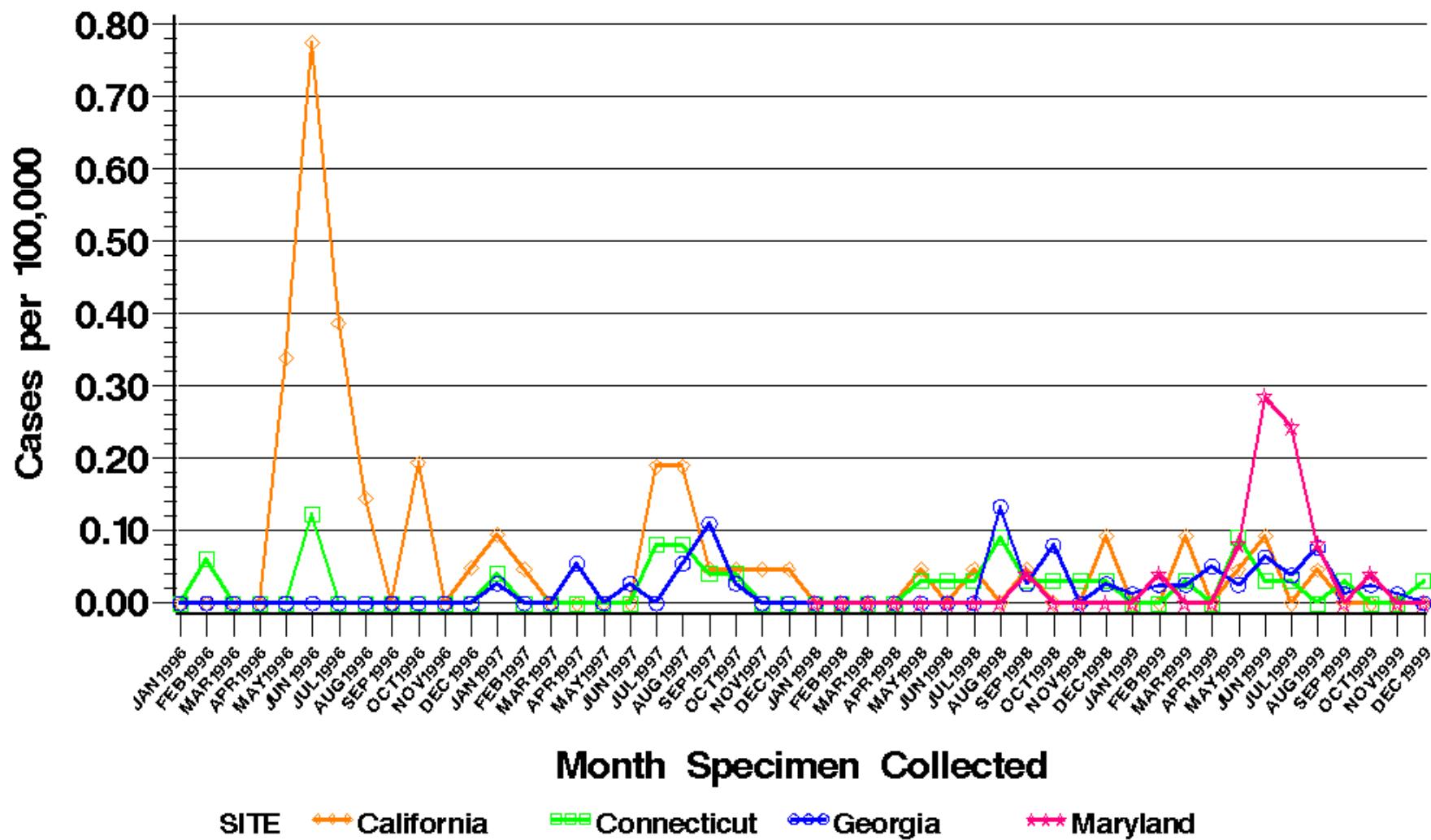


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SALMONELLA Serotype/Species = MONTEVIDEO

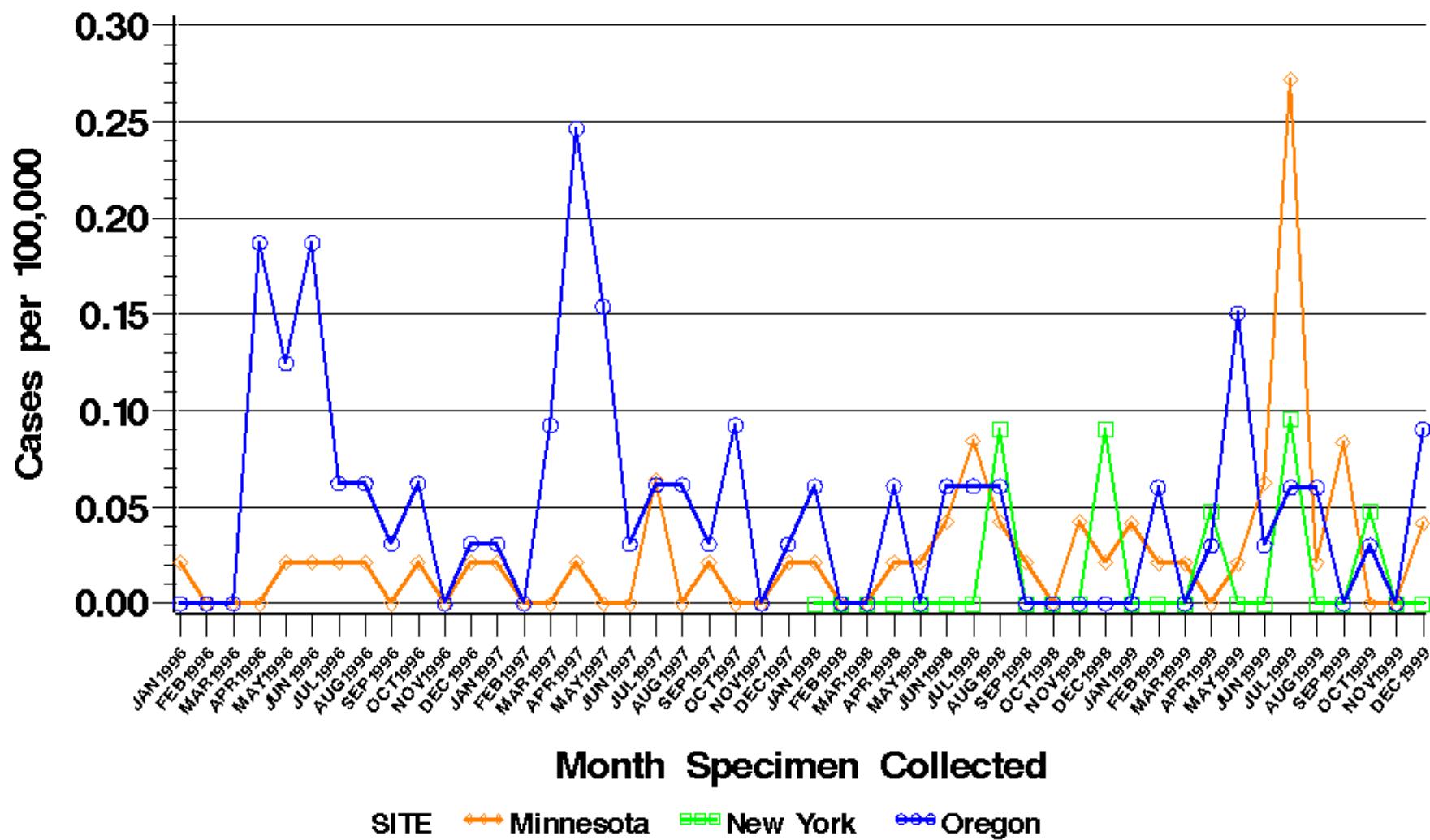


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SALMONELLA Serotype/Species = MONTEVIDEO

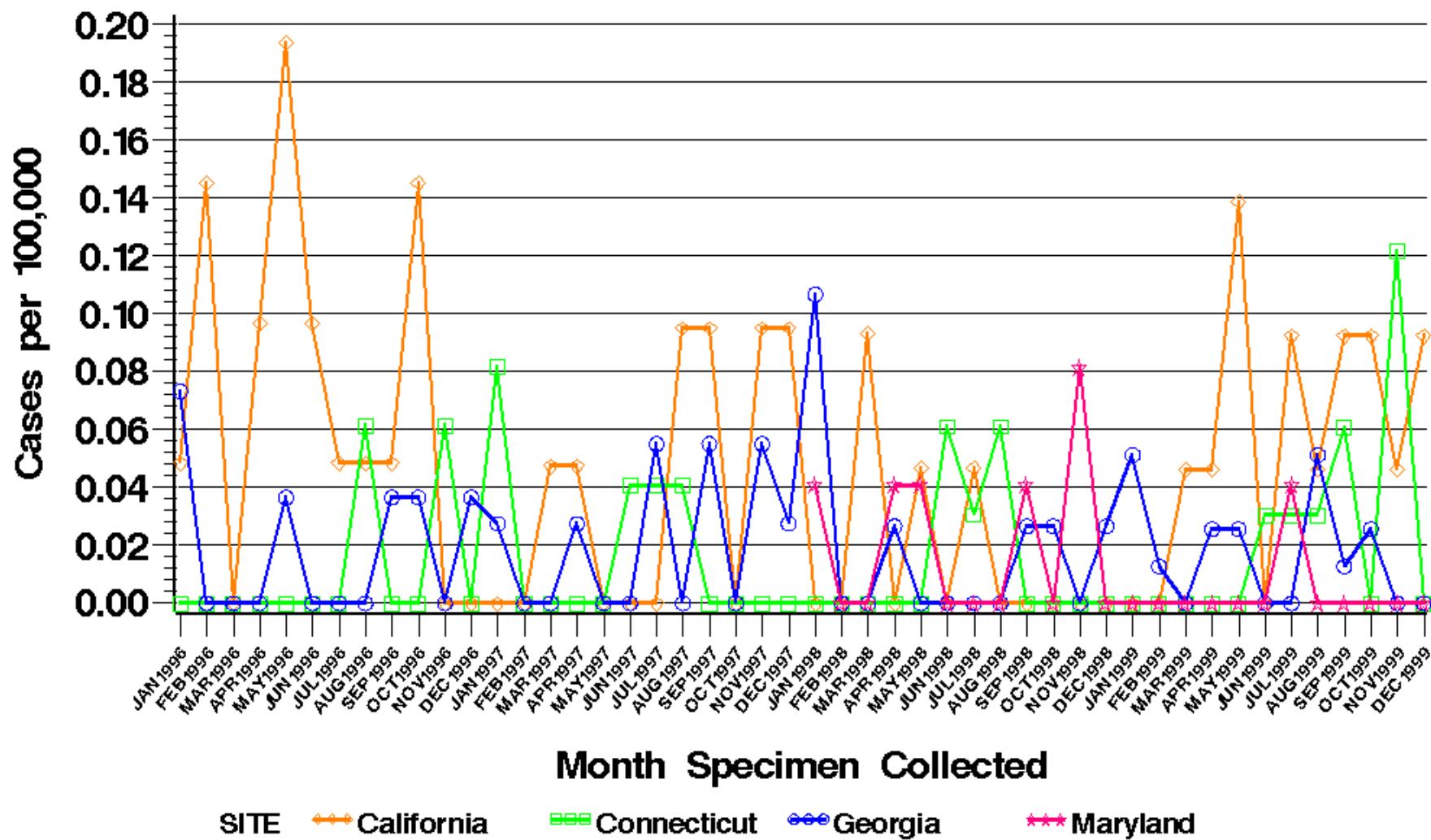


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SALMONELLA Serotype/Species = AGONA

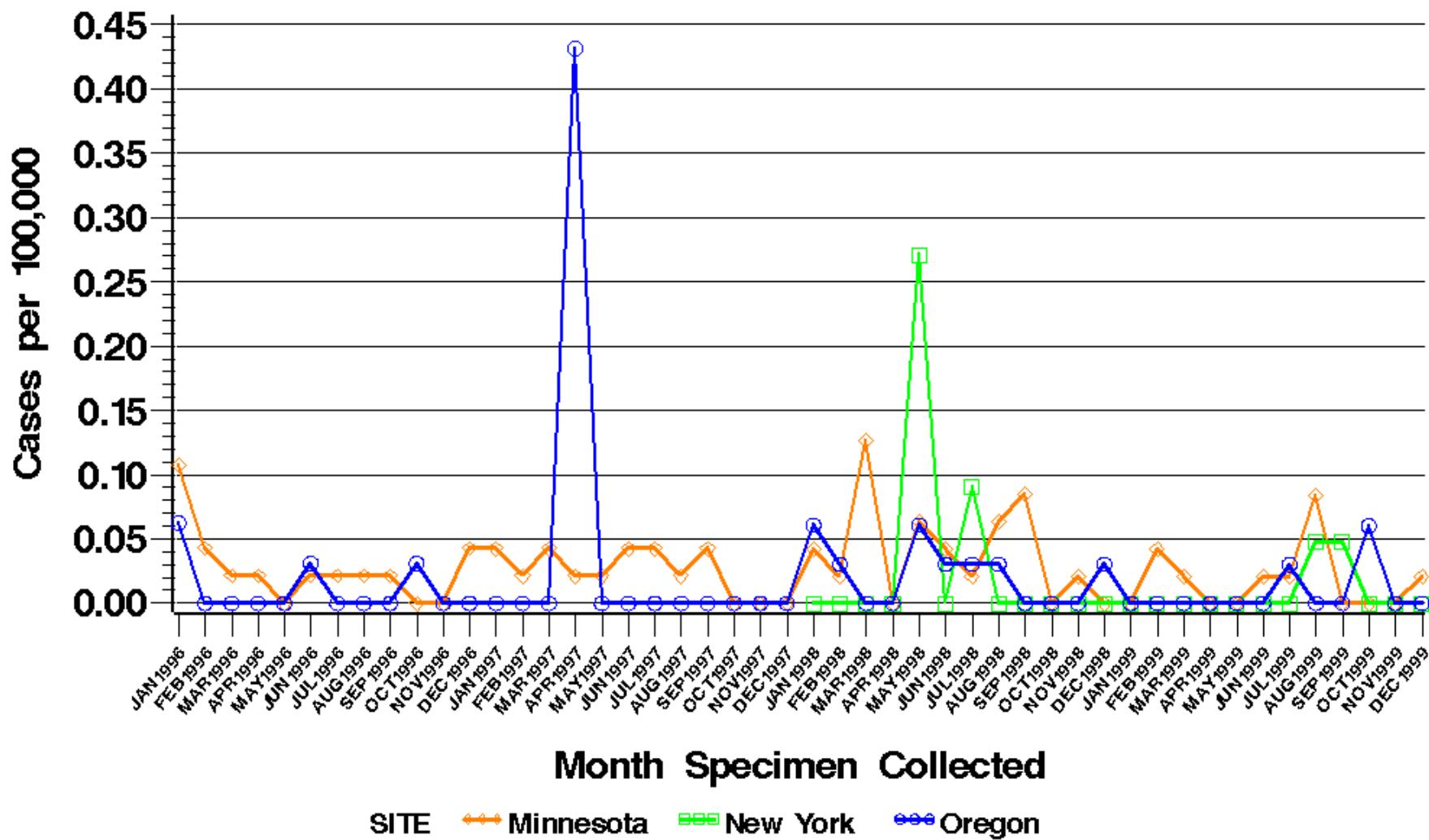


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

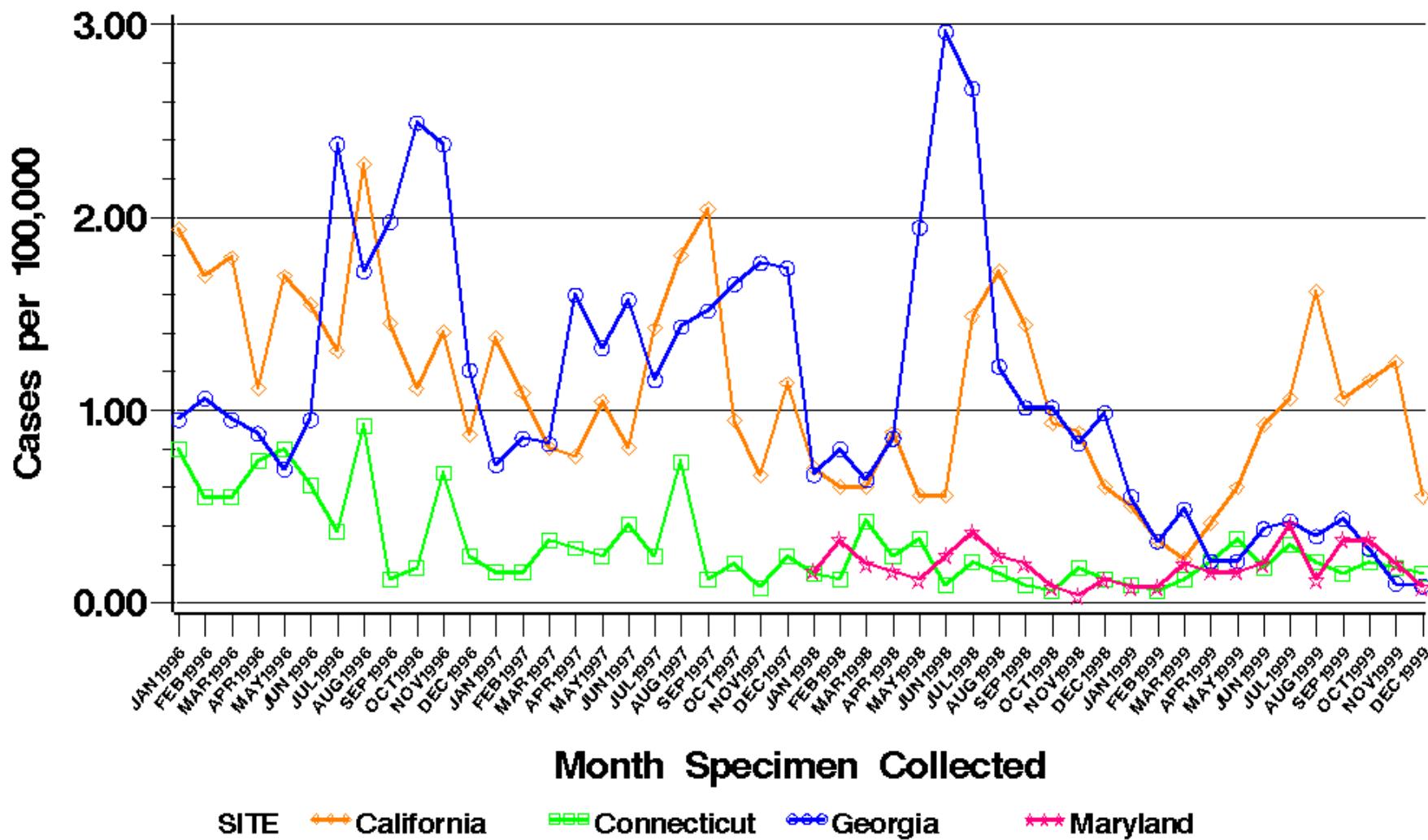
CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SALMONELLA Serotype/Species = AGONA



CDC's Emerging Infections Program
 CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)
 Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates
 Pathogen = SHIGELLA

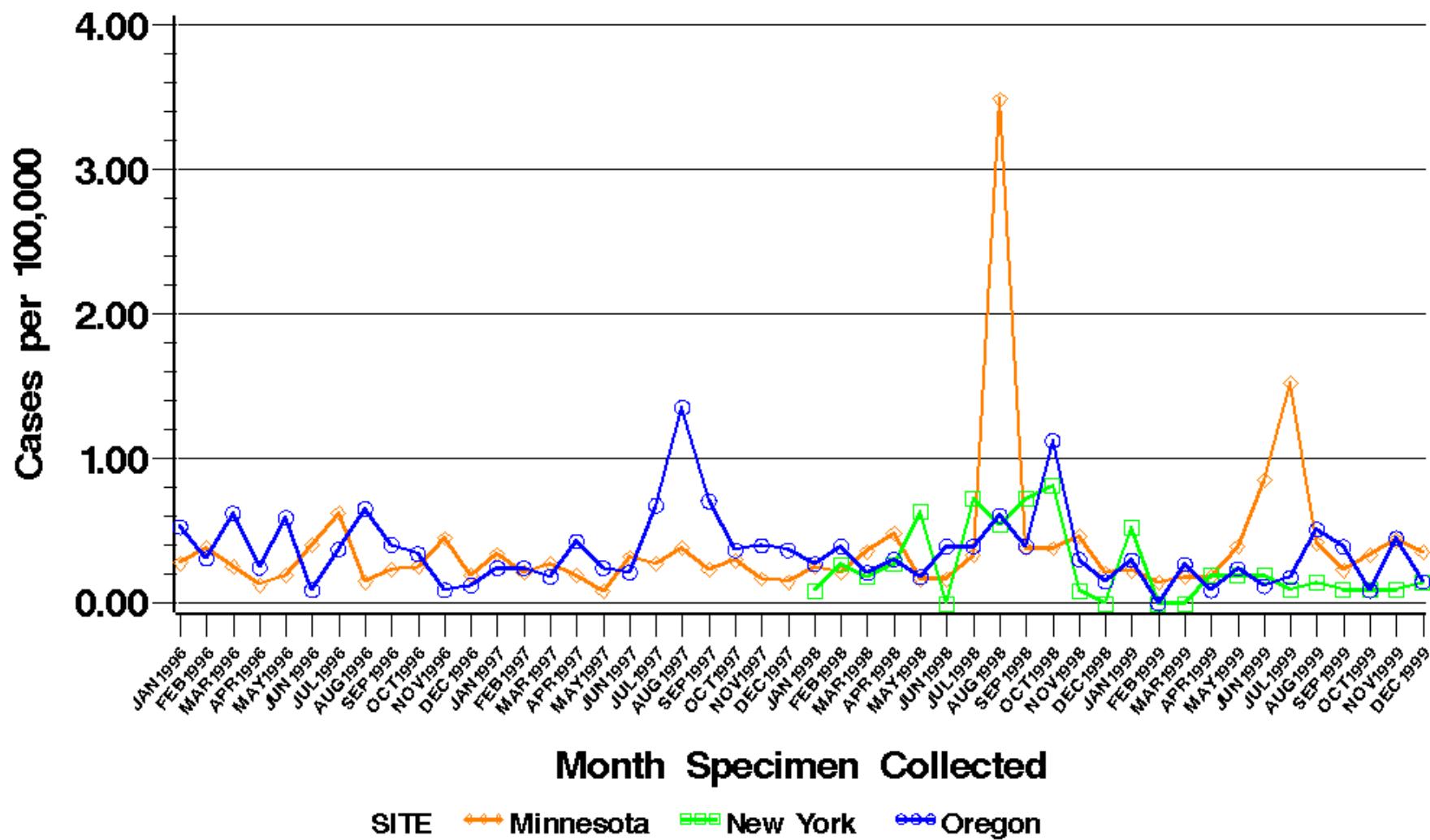


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SHIGELLA

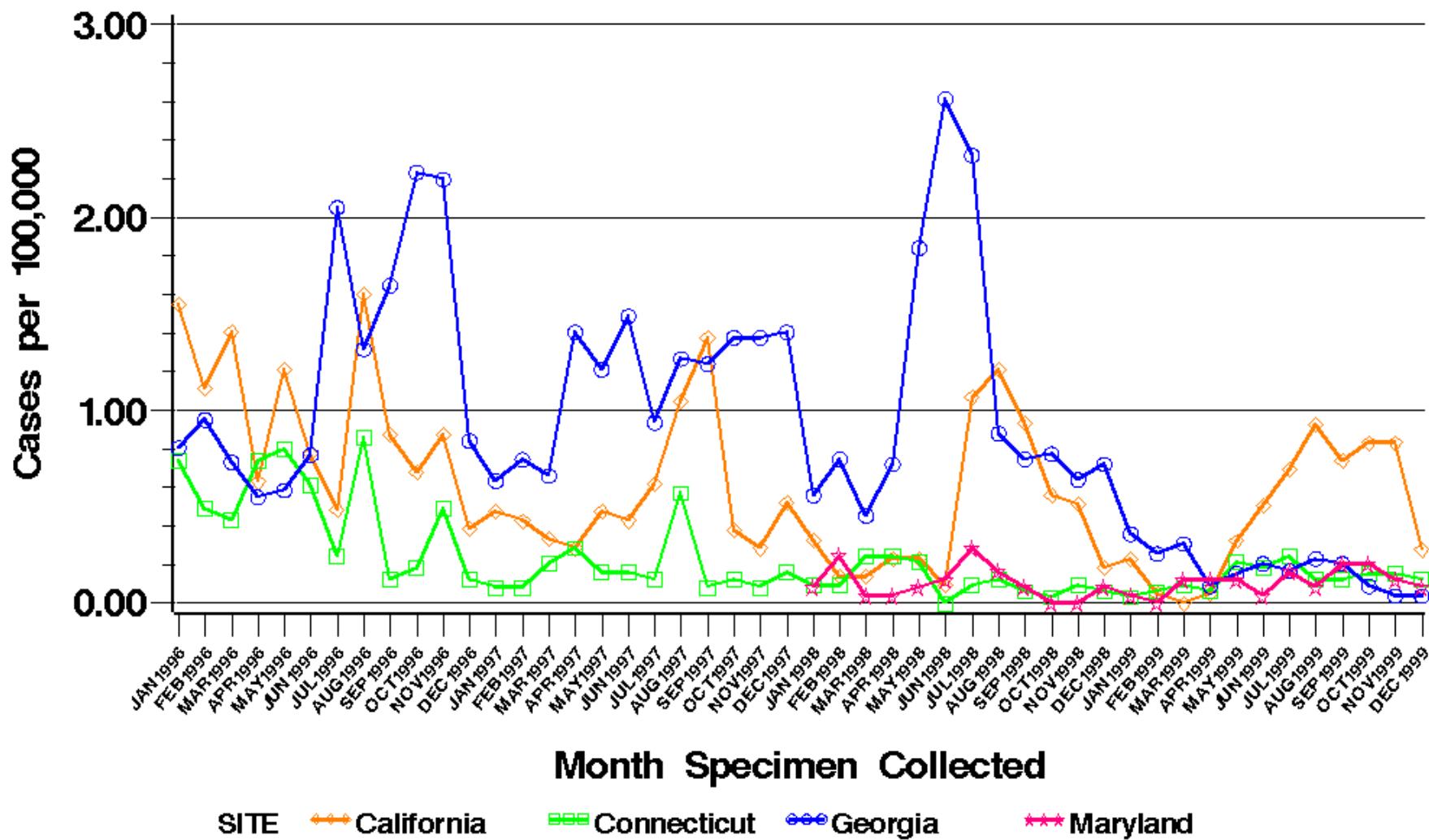


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SHIGELLA Serotype/Species = SONNEI

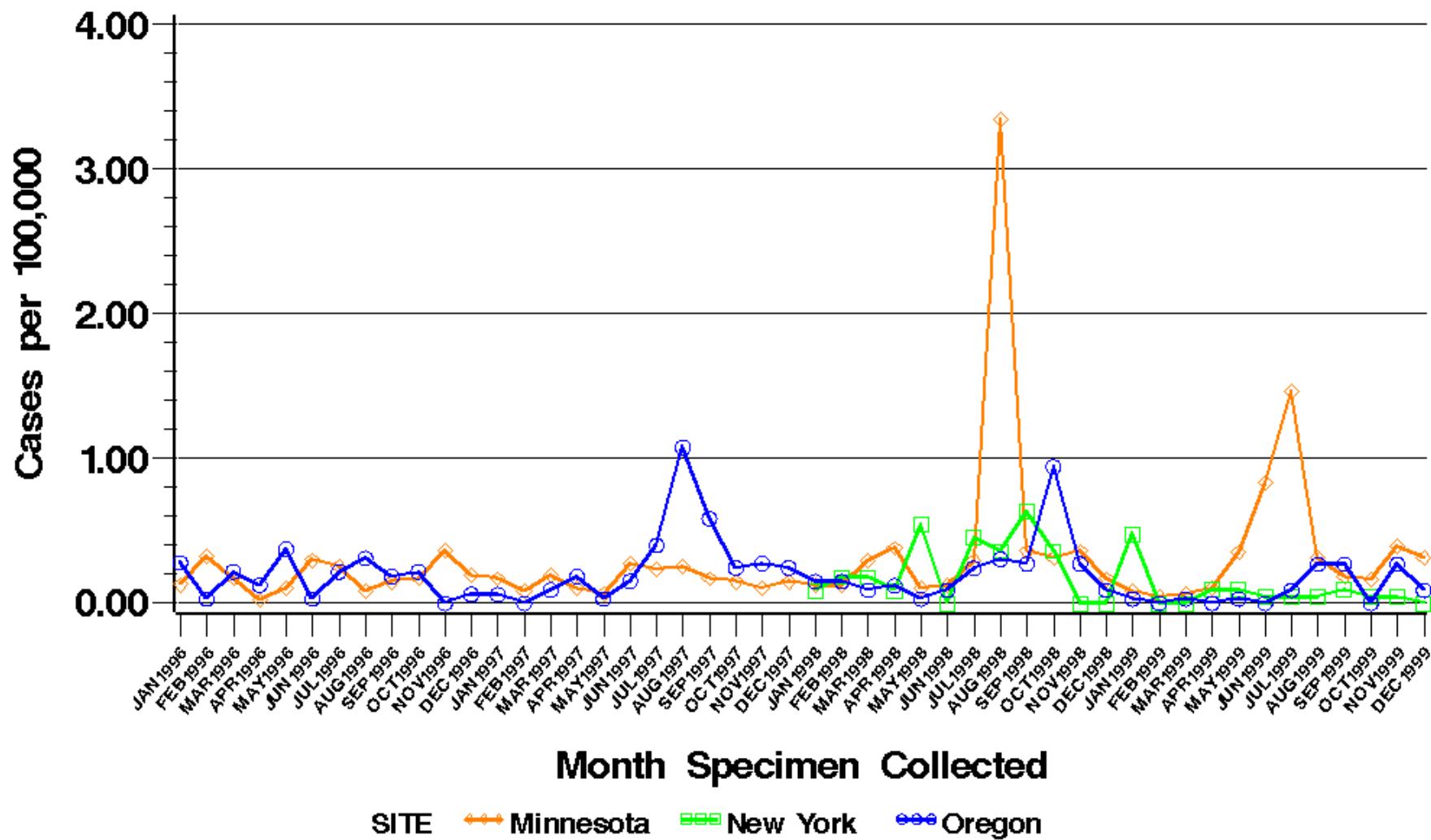


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SHIGELLA Serotype/Species = SONNEI

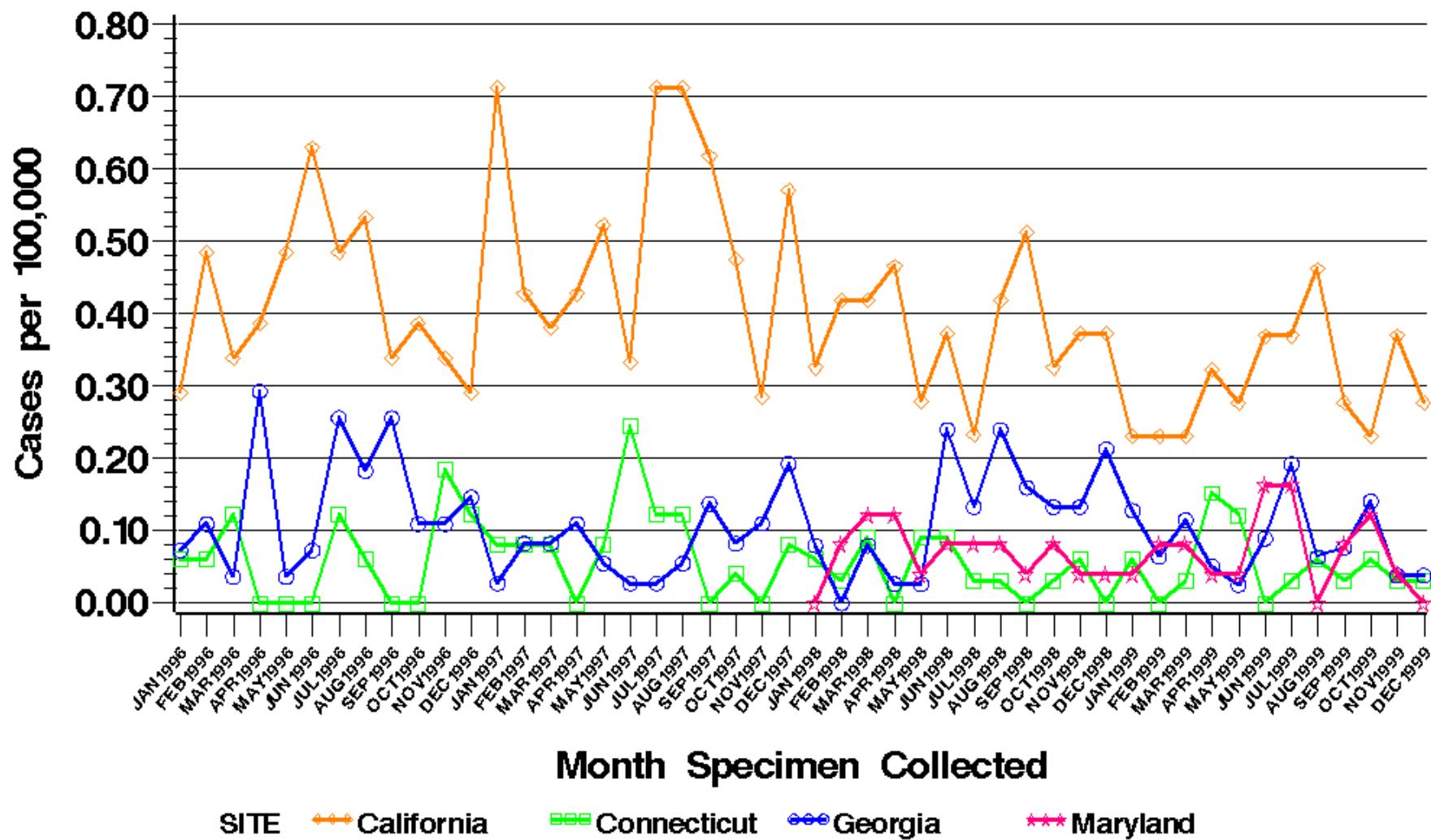


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SHIGELLA Serotype/Species = FLEXNERI

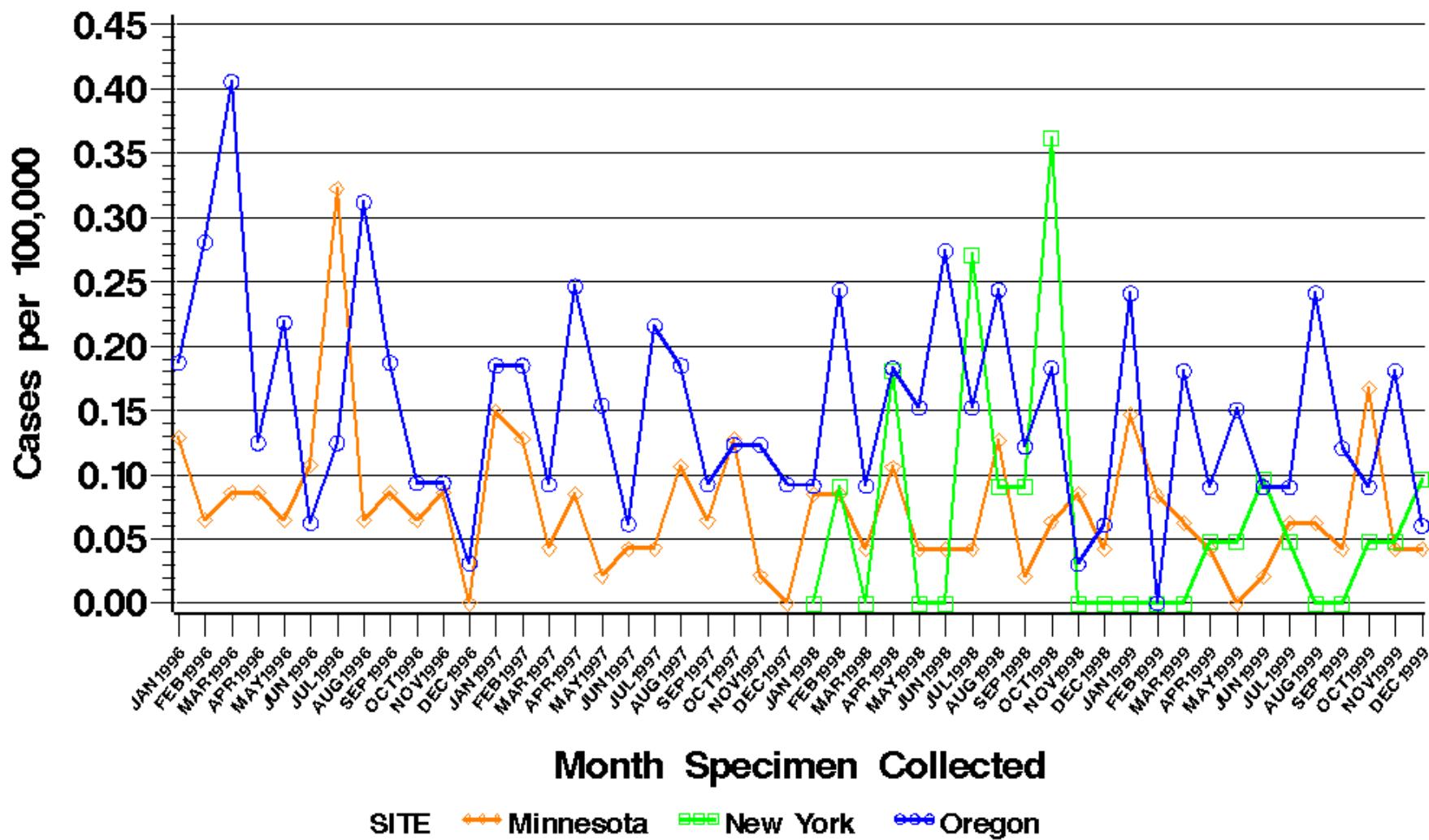


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SHIGELLA Serotype/Species = FLEXNERI

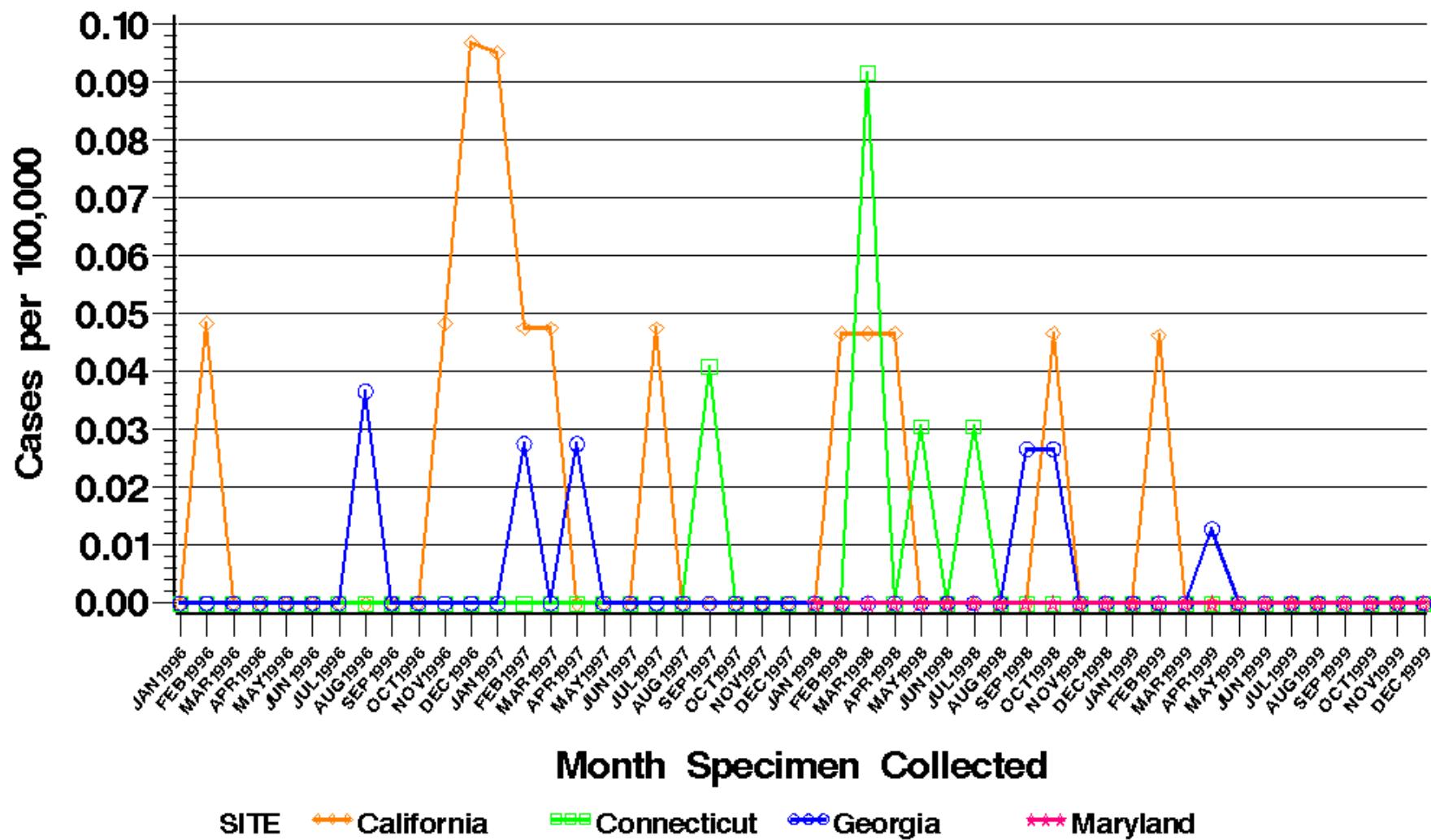


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SHIGELLA Serotype/Species = DYSENTERIA

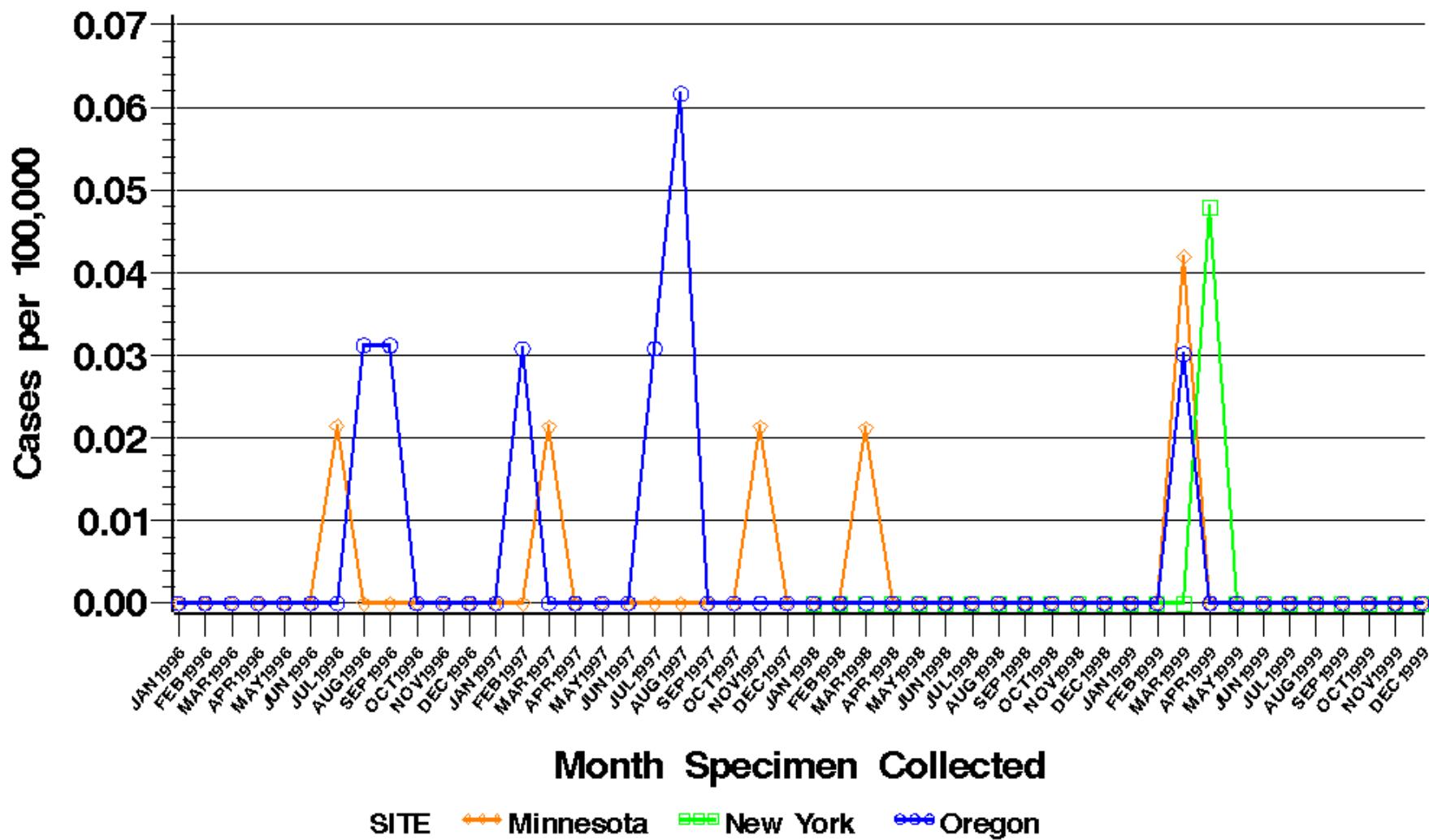


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = SHIGELLA Serotype/Species = DYSENTERIA

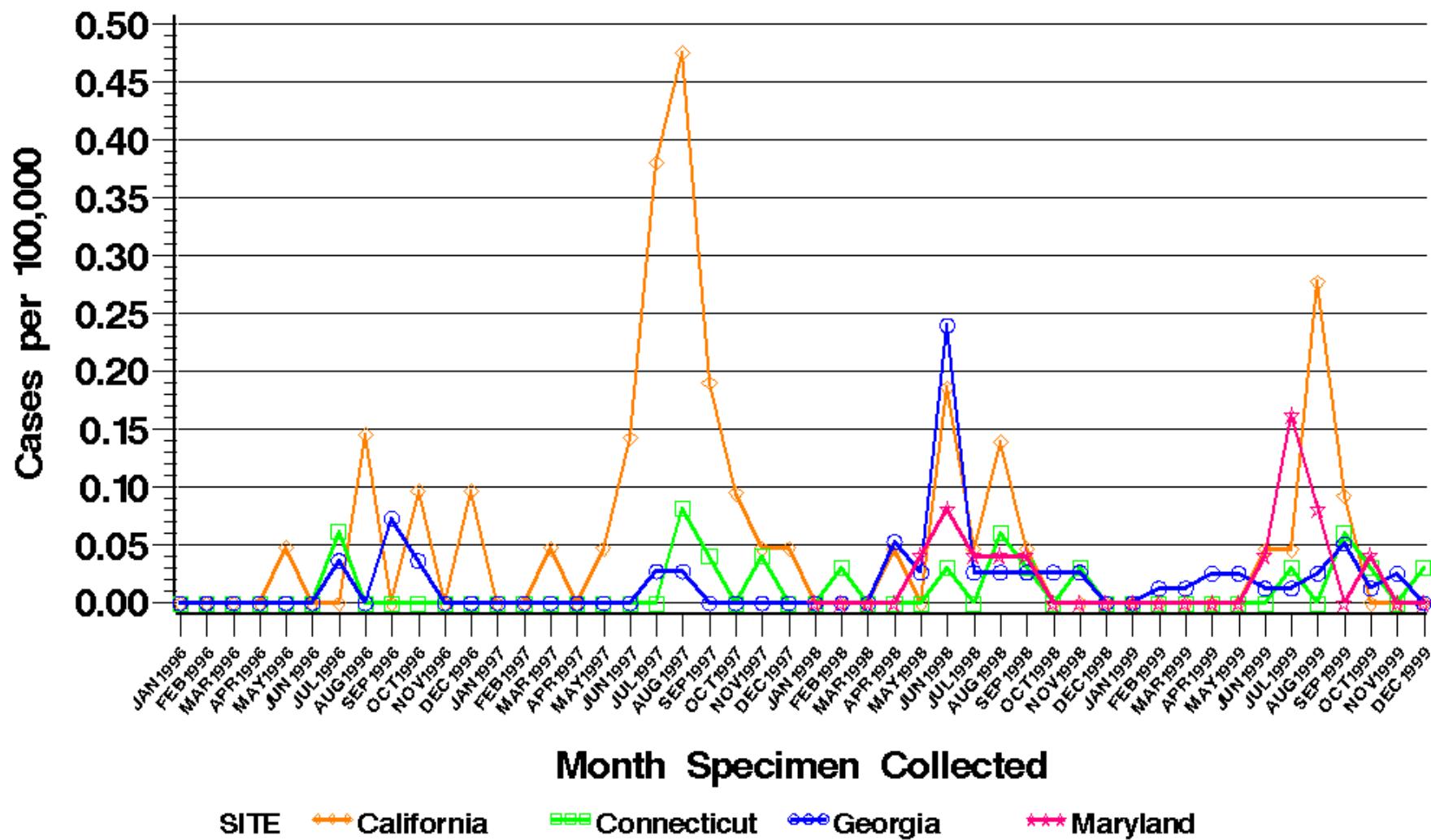


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = VIBRIO

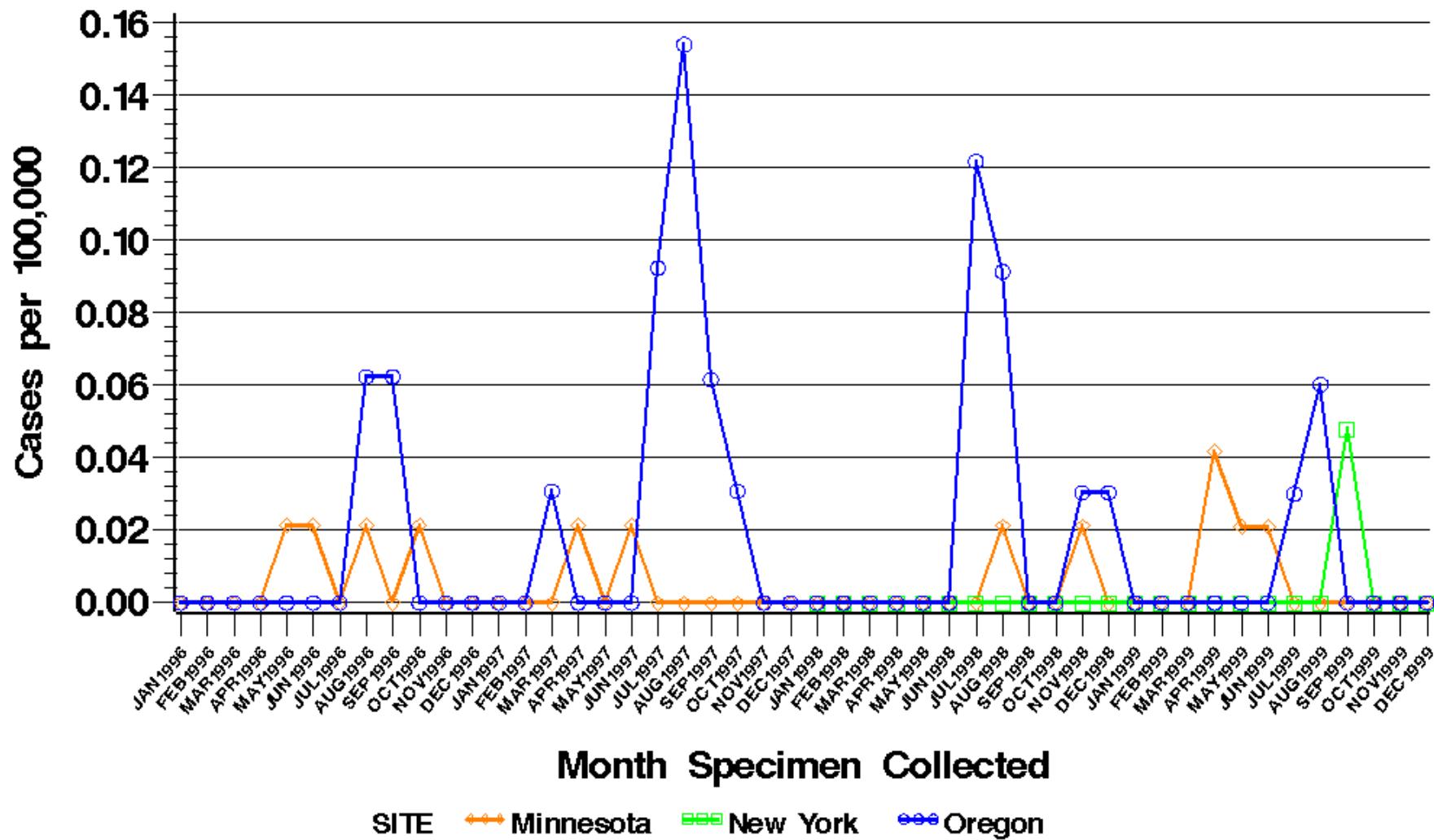


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = VIBRIO

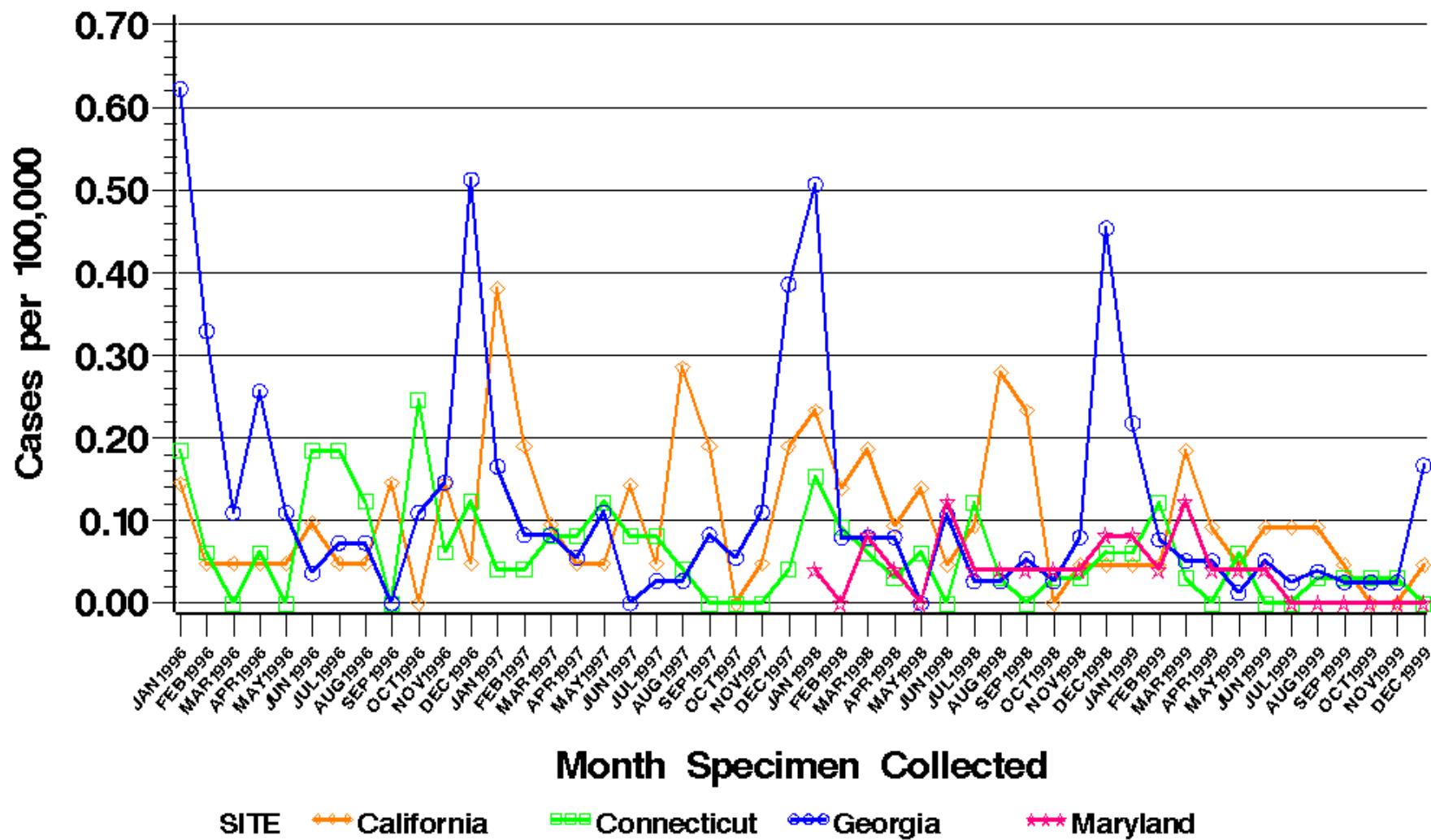


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = YERSINIA

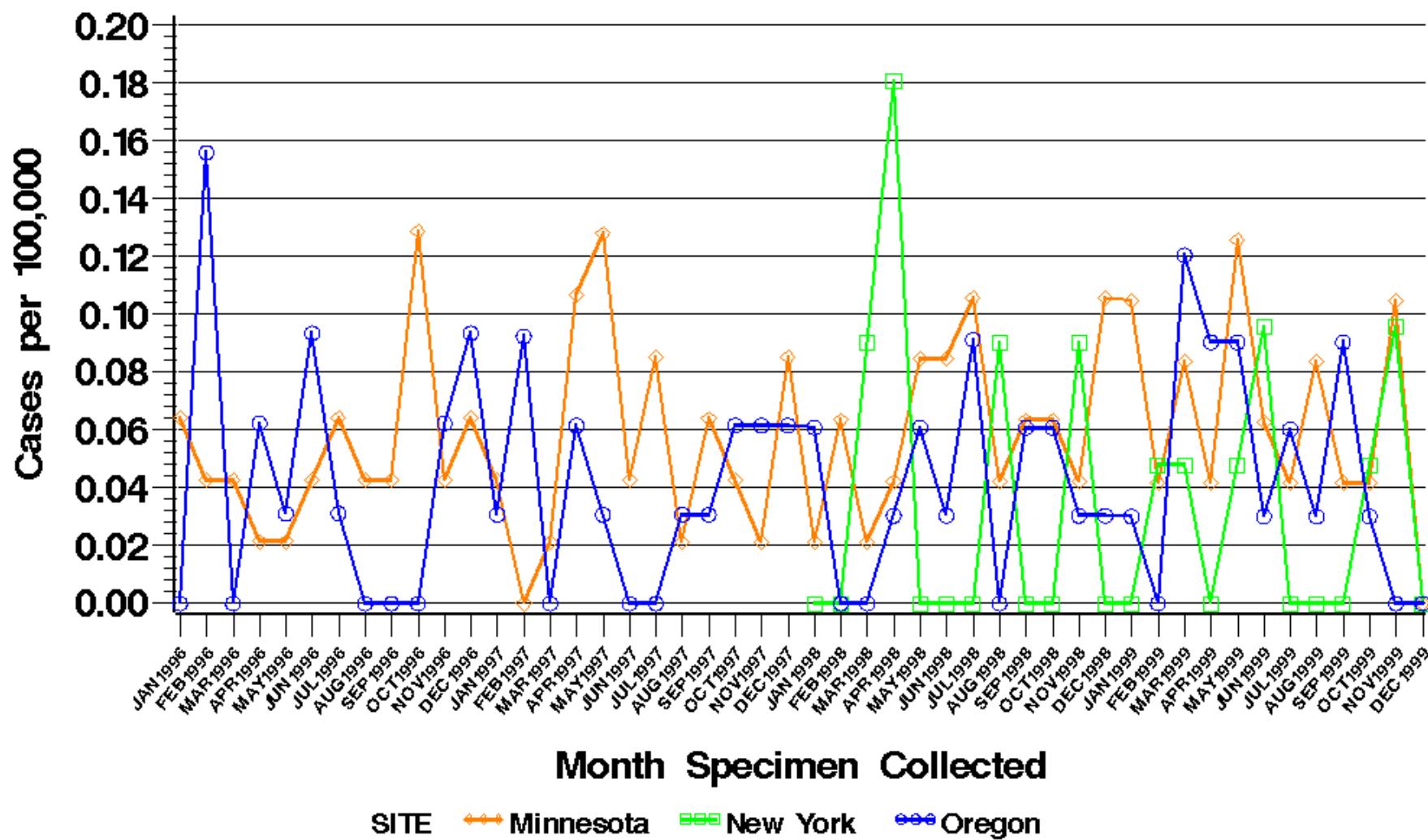


CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Rate per 100,000 per Month Postcensal Population Estimates

Pathogen = YERSINIA



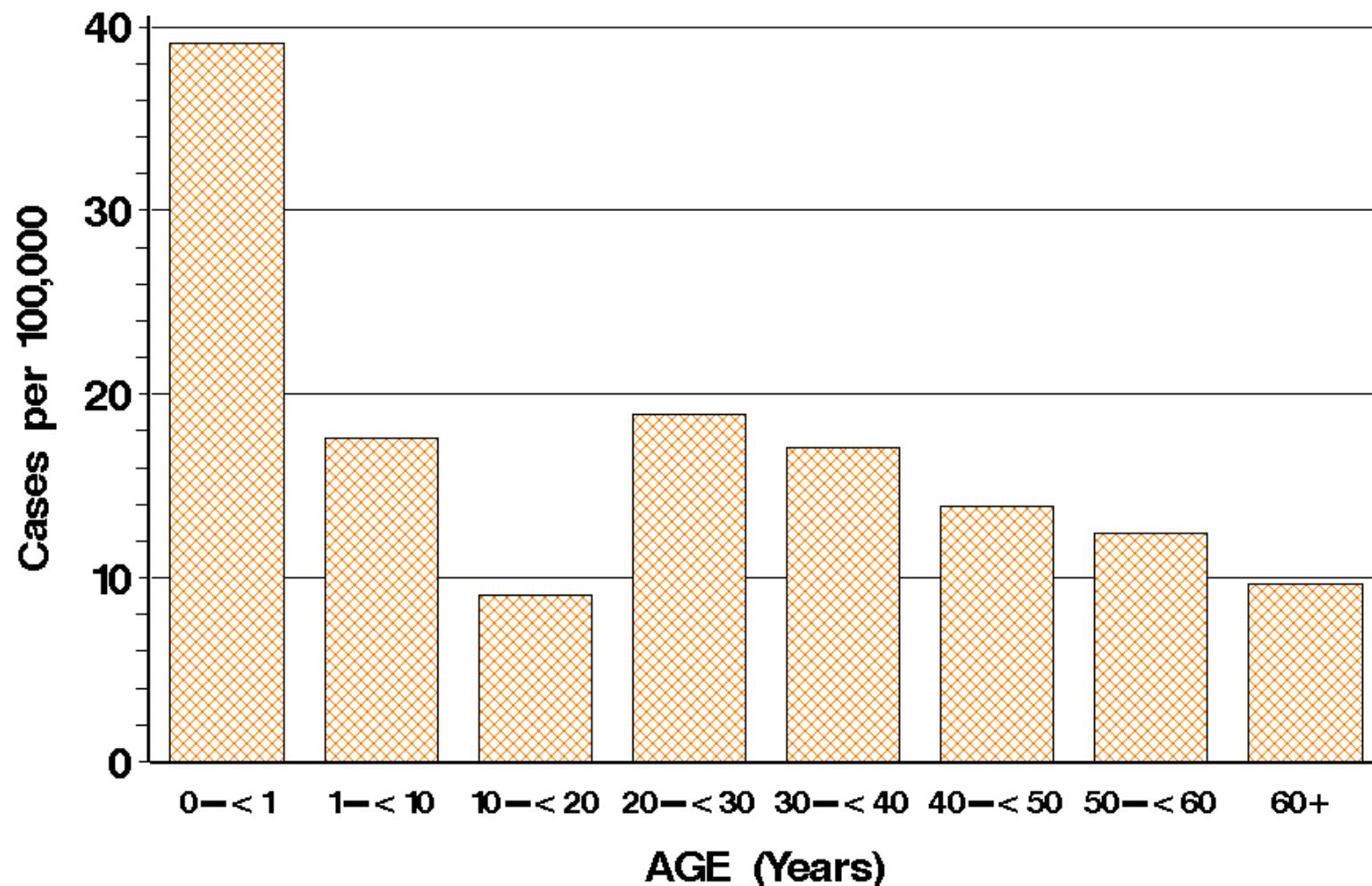
CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Cases per 100,000 Postcensal Population Estimates Age Distribution by Pathogen for All Sites

FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Pathogen = CAMPYLOBACTER



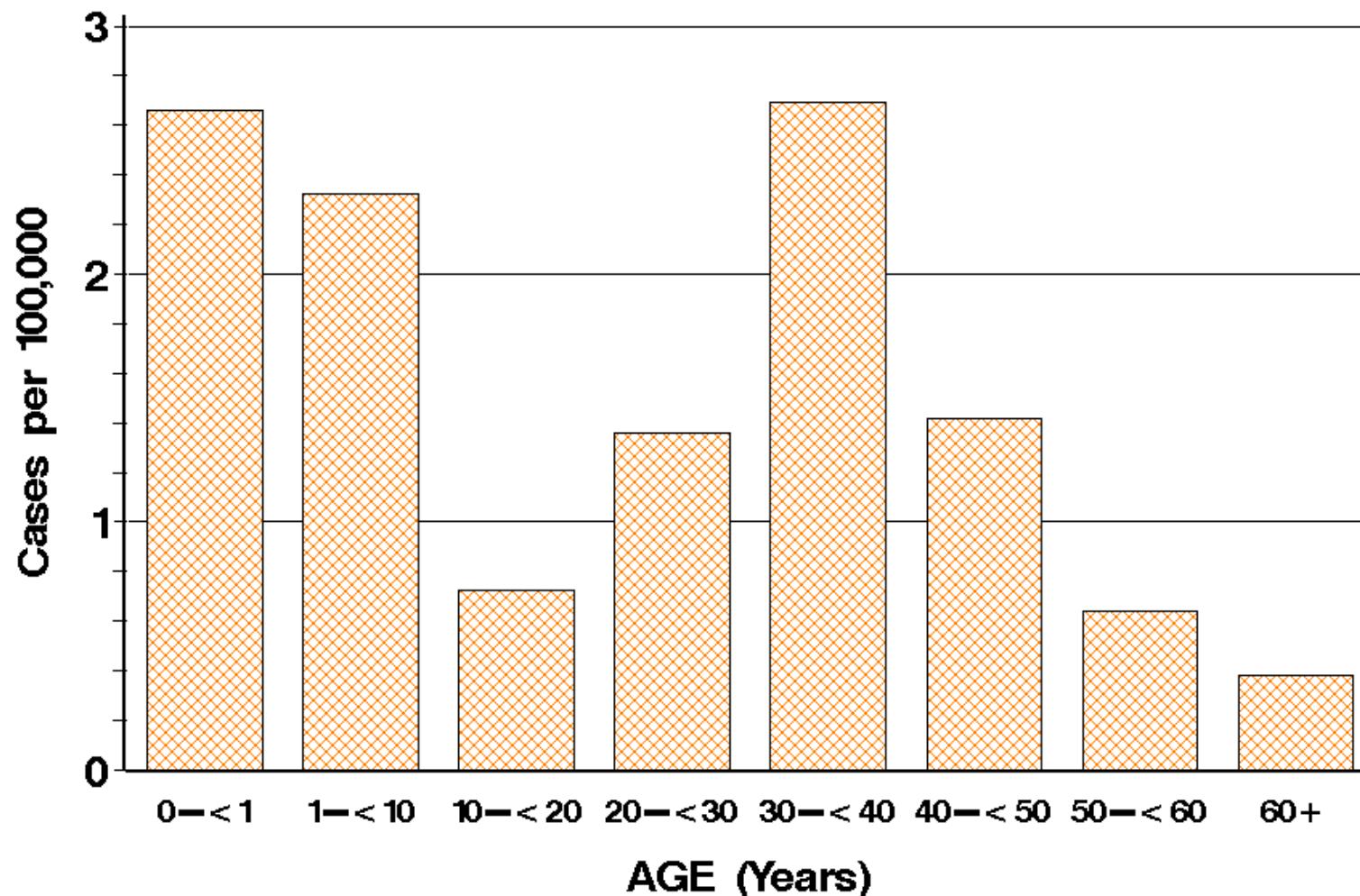
CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Cases per 100,000 Postcensal Population Estimates Age Distribution by Pathogen for All Sites

FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Pathogen = CRYPTOSPORIDIUM



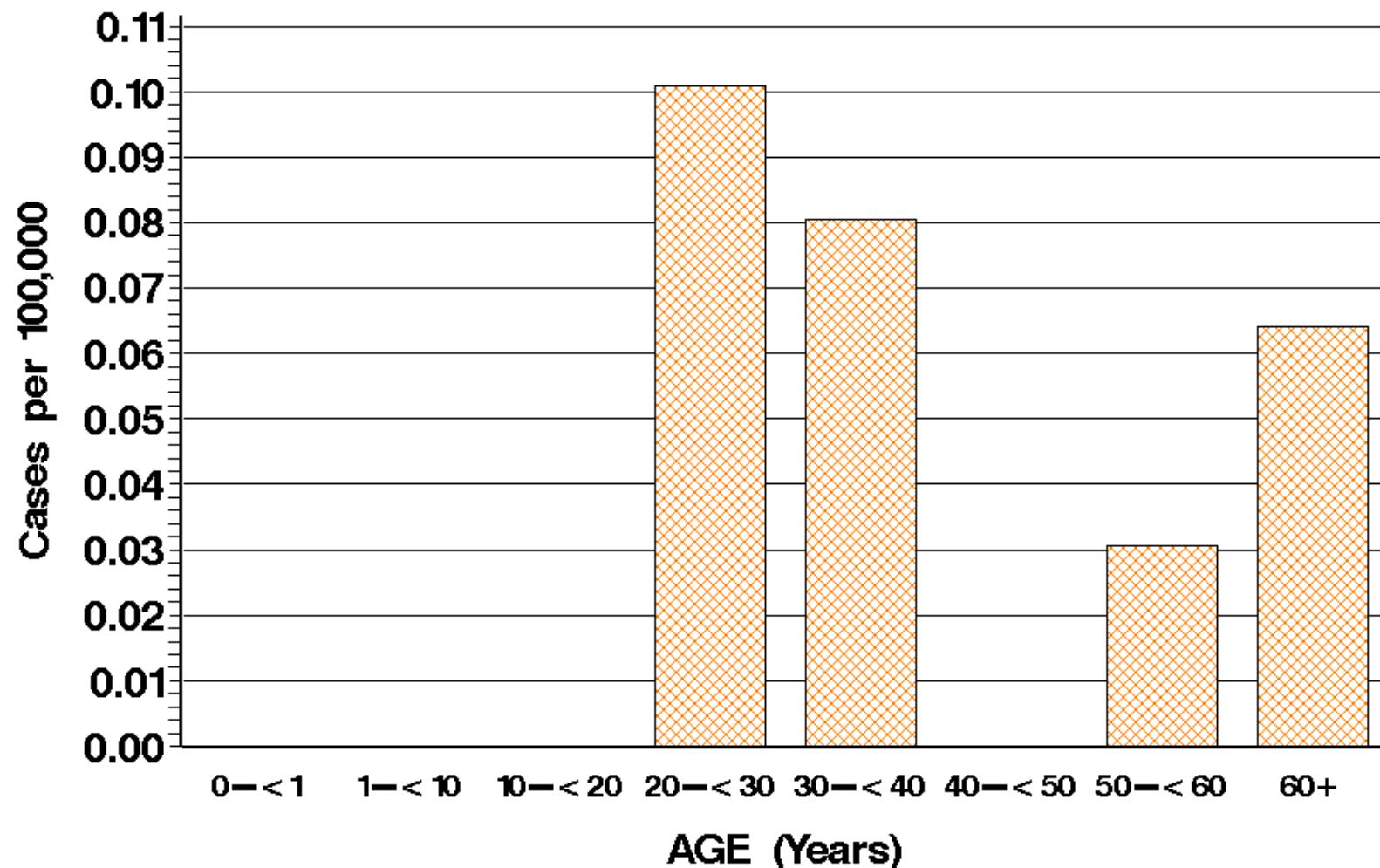
CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Cases per 100,000 Postcensal Population Estimates Age Distribution by Pathogen for All Sites

FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Pathogen = CYCLOSPORA



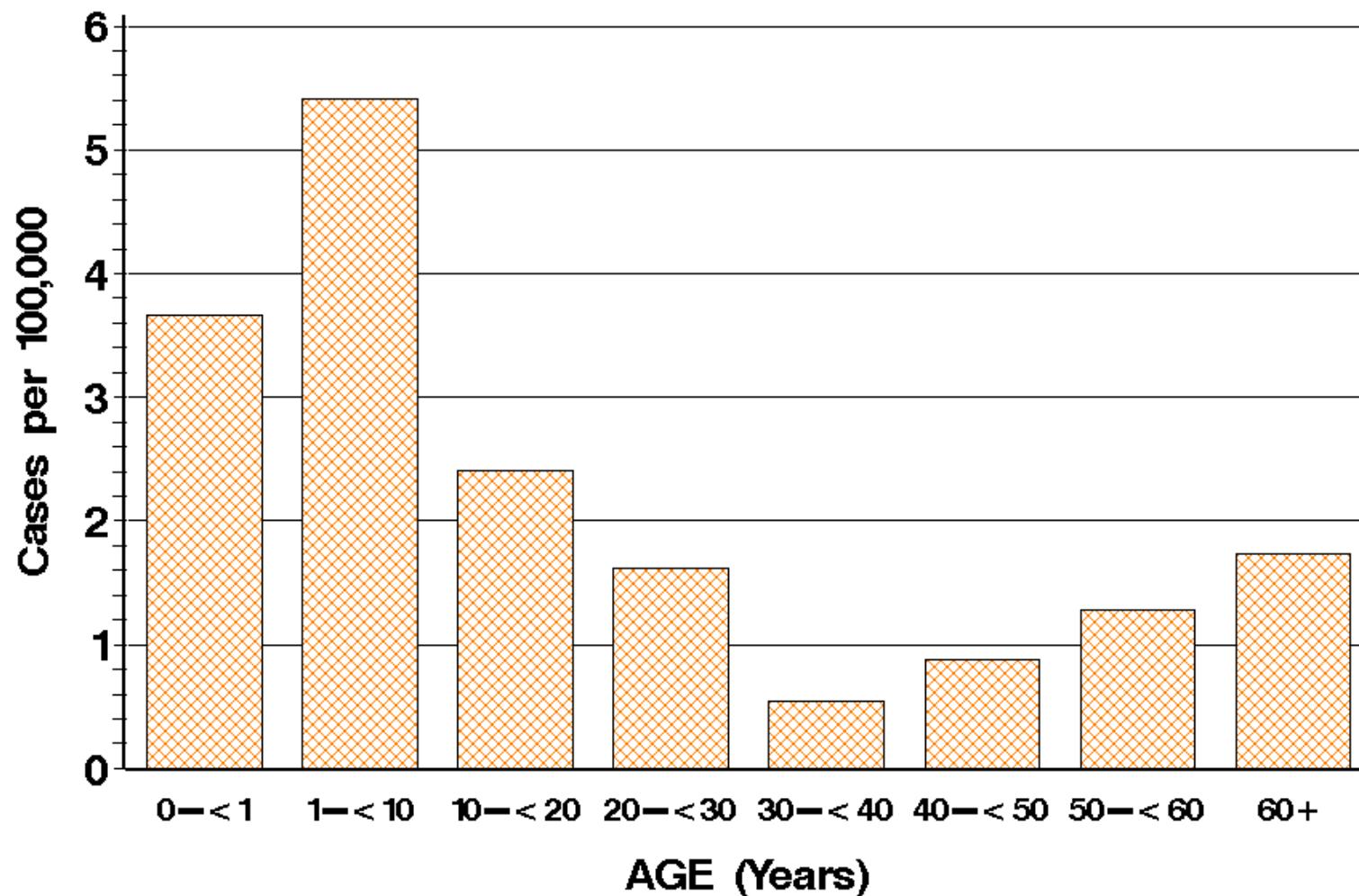
CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Cases per 100,000 Postcensal Population Estimates Age Distribution by Pathogen for All Sites

FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Pathogen = E. COLI O157



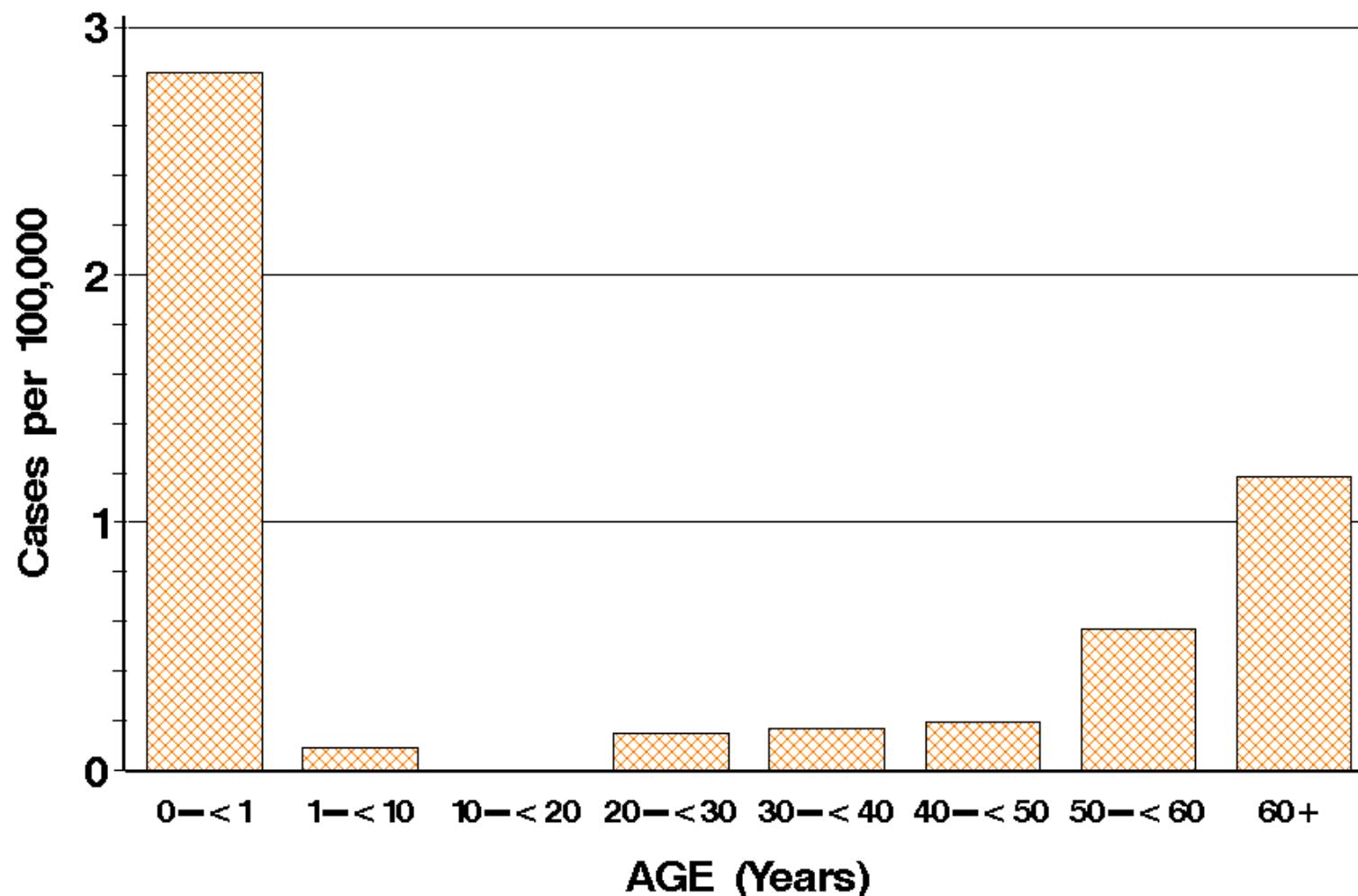
CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Cases per 100,000 Postcensal Population Estimates Age Distribution by Pathogen for All Sites

FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Pathogen = LISTERIA



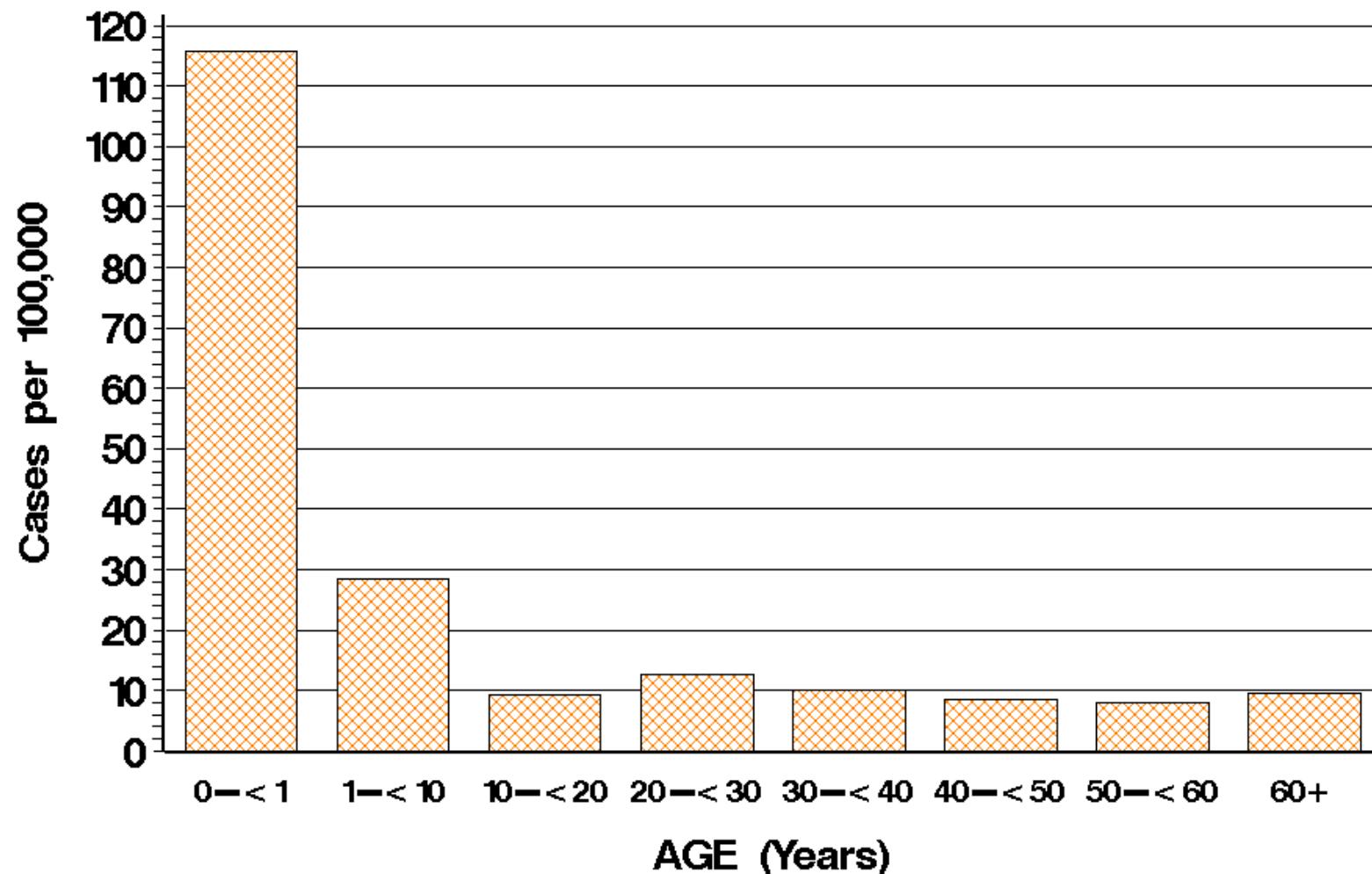
CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Cases per 100,000 Postcensal Population Estimates Age Distribution by Pathogen for All Sites

FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Pathogen = SALMONELLA



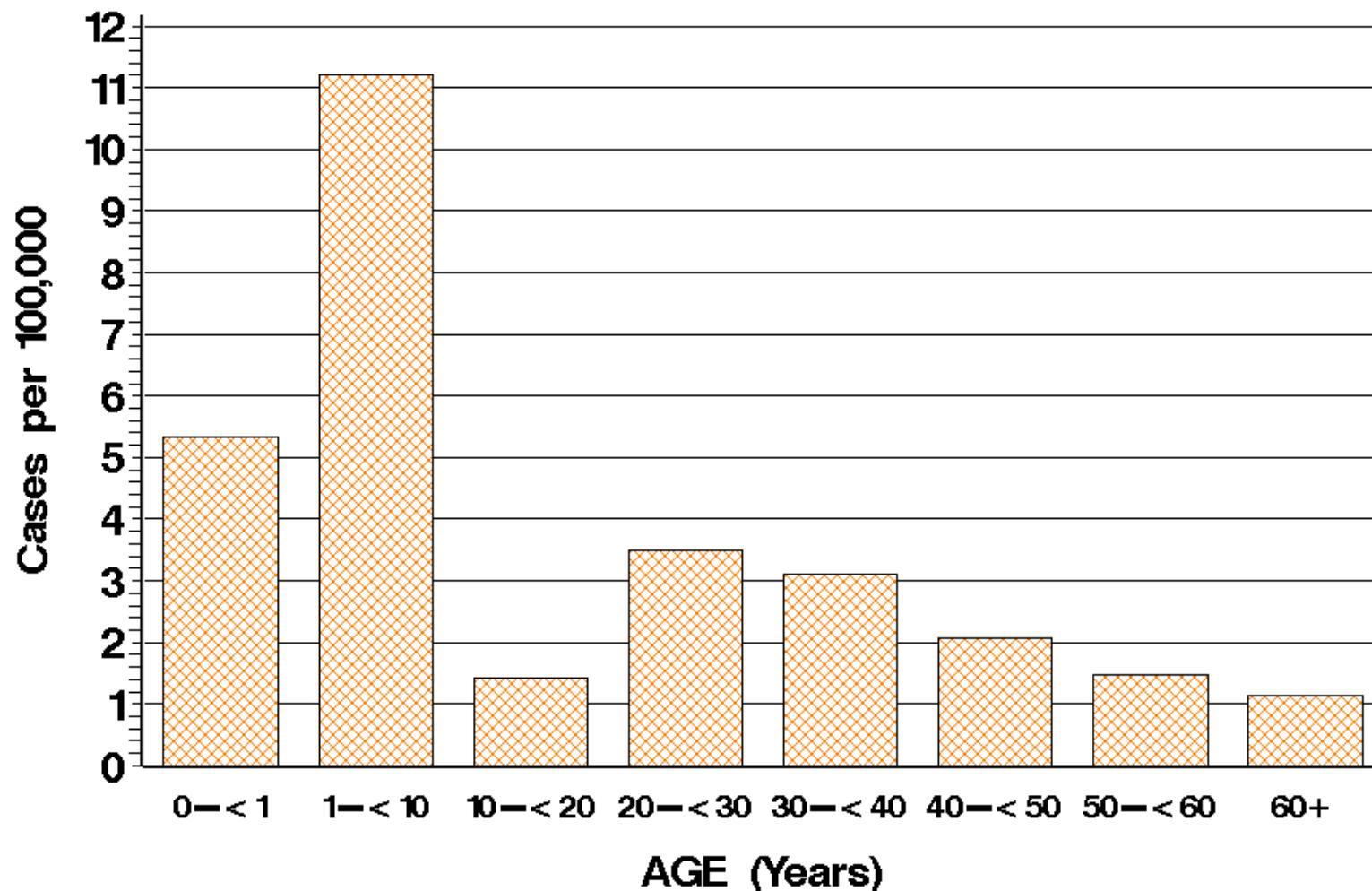
CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Cases per 100,000 Postcensal Population Estimates Age Distribution by Pathogen for All Sites

FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Pathogen = SHIGELLA



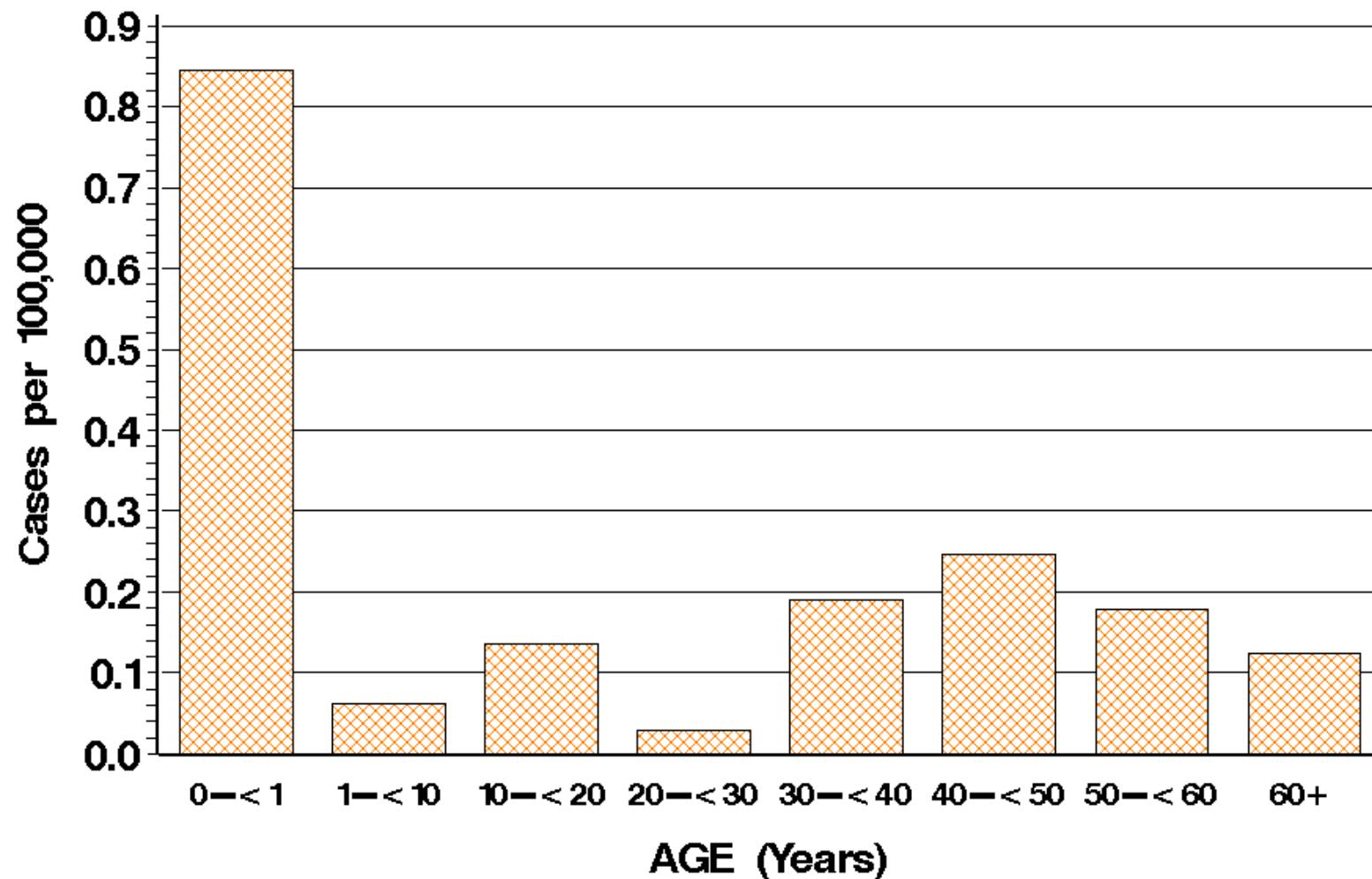
CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Cases per 100,000 Postcensal Population Estimates Age Distribution by Pathogen for All Sites

FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Pathogen = VIBRIO



CDC's Emerging Infections Program

CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)

Cases per 100,000 Postcensal Population Estimates Age Distribution by Pathogen for All Sites

FoodNet 1999 Final Report

Pathogen = YERSINIA

